

## Subject: FW: Rubens

From: "Otto Naumann" [otto@dutchpaintings.com](mailto:otto@dutchpaintings.com)
Date: Fri, 18 Mar 2005 16:58:03-0500
To: "'Alfred Bader Fine Arts'" [baderfa@execpc.com](mailto:baderfa@execpc.com)
Alfred,
Should I send him the painting on approval?
Otto

Otto Naumann
Otto Naumann, Ltd.
22 East 80th Street
New York, NY 10021
Tel. 1 (212) 734-4443


Fax. 1 (212) 535-0617
Mob. 1 (914) 320-7523
Email on the run: Otto1@tmo.blackberry.net

From: F.J. Duparc [mailto:duparc.fj@mauritshuis.nl]
Sent: Friday, March 18, 2005 8:55 AM
To: otto@dutchpaintings.com
Subject: Rubens
Dear Otto, Thanks for your mail. I'll let you know soon. We are very seriously interested but I cannnot take any decision before we have seen the painting here. However, if the painting is as good as we assume, I am more than optimistic. Meanwhile, I have started talking to some of the funds and foundations that could help us. Thanks again, we will be in touch. Best wishes, Frits

## Op maandag naar het Mauritshuis?

Van 1 april tot 1 september is het museum ook op maandag geopend.
Mondays at the Mauritshuis?
The museum is also open on Mondays from 1 April to 1 September.
www.mauritshuis.nl

This message scanned for viruses by CoreComm

```
pluss international - fine art
Mr.Alfred BADER
Fine Art
Juneau av. }92
MILWAUKEE 53202/USA
Dear Mr.Bader,
I am pleased to inform you that our company puts up
for sale five antique painting of quality :
1. RUBENS 1614 / PETER AND PAUL
2. RUBENS 1629 / JUPITER AND VENUS
3. RUBENS 1630 / "LA GLORIFICATION DE LA VIERGE"
4. RUBENS / THE CONSECRATION OF DEUS MUS
5. RUBENS / THE CHANDOS PORTRAIT
I stay at your disposal for any information you may
require and sincerely hope my offer interests you.
With my kind personal regards.
                    Yours sincerely
PLUSS INTERNATIONAL - FINE ART
    VERNER MLUSS 
Geneva, June 30th, 1998
IEL 0041 2273273 40 fAX 732 O4 20
```

```
PLUSS INTERNATIONAL - FINE ART - CH - 1201 GENEVA
10, BD. JAMES-FAZY - TEL. 732.73.40 / FAX 732.64.20
```

SELLING OFFER
ARTISTE : PETER PAUL RUBENS 1577 - 1640
TITLE PIERRE AND PAUL 1614 / 1615

QUALITY: OIL OF WOOD

SIZE :
$50,8 \times 63,50 \mathrm{CM}$
$52,5 \times 67,30 \mathrm{CM}$

PRICE : 1,8 MIO US\$

DEPOSITED AT : PORT FRANC, GENEVA

GENEVA :
15.06 .1998


Sanzozi yiahl anv sinivs
 apse of the Capuchin church at Antwerp CVlieghe, Saints, II, The Brussels sketch was painted for two figures, done on ind tic fall of the garments. impression of grandeur, an impression aided, to0, by the majes figures as well as the architecture, contributing greatly to the not below them. This viewpoint is sustained throughout the eye level of the beholder is clearly at the height of their feet, if bens' own-were evidently planned to be seen from below: the the two princes of the apostles-whose names determined Ru Standing under a double areade and outlined against the sky 1972, I. p. 65, no. $49-50$ KdK, p. 107: Van Puyvelde, no. 14: Jaft, 1954 (1), P. 57: Vlieghe. p. 100: Rooses, 1897-1910, p. 176: Dillon. p. 213: Trisor. 1912. p. 36 dred Pointings by Old Mfasters, P'aris, 1899. P. 51. no. 15: KdK. ist ed
 no. 30: Antwerp. 1956, no. 57: Antwerp, 1958, no. z. 17. Antwerp. 1930, no. 248; Paris, 1936, no. 57: Brussels, 1937, no. 31
London, 1950. no. 3: Rotterdm, 1953-1954. no. 23: Brussels, 1953 no. 378: London, Royal Academy, 1927. no. 274: Budapest. 1927. no Exilumtions: London. Royal Academy, 1885, no. 78; Brussels, 1910 . Collections: Capt. W. A. Hankey. Beaulieu. Hastings: Franz Philipp
son, Brussels: Julcs Philippson, Brussels. gray one over a lower gown in cerise red. The double areade is treated
in buff tones for an overall effect of a restrained color seheme. St. Peter wears a yellow ochre cloak over a gray tunic; St. Paul a bluish zontally c. 15 cm . from the top. against warping. It appears to be composed of two boards, joined hori The back of the panel has been treated with wax, for protection

 brussels, private collection
St. Peler and St. Paul Catalogue No. 424 Plate 413
 $z L \times$ ag scauco jodnssnג כu!id (see No. 396). bens had these figures well in mind can be seen from other cases

 the somewhat analogous figures of Plato and Aristotle" in
 of 1620 (1950) is surely too late.
 As the church of the Capuchins was built in 1628-1614 two figures bens. They dilute rather than intensify the individuality of the church authoritics themselves) suggested these changes to Ru sketch, the patron who commissioned the work (perhaps the longer and more flowing. It may well be that on secing the
 De also looks at the beholder. A similar tonsorial "improvement", appearance not unlike that of Hieronymus Holzschuher in in the sketch, his hair flows in smooth waves, which give him an stead of being arranged in the traditional tight curls also seen considerably. Petcr's hair and beard are completely white; in same as in the sketch, the physiognomic types have been altered
 surely controlled their final appearance. They contain no arch



[^0]```
    RUBENS Peter-Paul (1577-1640)
    "PIERRE et PAUL"
    huile sur bois 52,5 \times 67,3 cm.
    EXPOSITIONS
```



```
LONDRES Royal Academy 1885
BRUXELLES 1910
L'Art Belge au XVIle siècle
LONDRES Royal Academy }192
Exibition of Flemish and Belgium Art
BUDAPEST 1917
ANVERS 1930
PARIS Musées Nationaux à l'Orangerie }193
"Rubens et son temps"
BRUXELLES 1937
LONDRES 1950
BRUXELLES Musée des Beaux-Arts }195
L'Art Ancien dans les Musées et Collections belges.
ROTTERDAM 1953-1954
Esquisses à l'huile de Rubens
ANVERS
    1 9 5 6
```

RUBENS Peter-Paul (1577-1640)
"PIERRE et PAUL"
huile sur bois $52,5 \times 67,3 \mathrm{~cm}$.
EXPOSITIONS
$===========$
LONDRES Royal Academy ..... 1885
BRUXELLES ..... 1910
L'Art Belge au XVIle siècle
LONDRES Royal Academy ..... 1927
Exibition of Flemish and Belyium Art
BUDAPEST ..... 1917
ANVERS ..... 1930
PARIS Musées Nationaux à l'Orangerie ..... 1936
"Rubens et son temps"
BRUXELLES ..... 1937
LONDRES ..... 1950
BRUXELLES Musée des Beaux-Arts ..... 1953
L'Art Ancien dans les Musées et Collections belges.
ROTTERDAM 1953-1954
Esquisses à l'huile de Rubens
ANVERS1956

PLUSS INTERNATIONAL - FINE ART - CH - 1201 GENEVA
10, BD. JAMES-FAZY - TEL. 732.73.40 / FAX 732.64.20

SELLING OFFER

ARTISTE : PETER PAUL RUBENS (1577-1640)
TITLE : VENUS AND JUPITER (before 1629)

QUALITY : OIL ON CANVAS

SIZE : $\quad 118 \times 115 \mathrm{CM}$

CERTIFICATES: Dr.Ludwig Buchard, Octobre 12.1951 and August 14,1958
Prof.Dr.R.A.d'Hulst, July 12,1975 Prof.Michael Jaffé, Septembre 20,1977 Commission d'Expertise Syndicat National Paris, Septembre 1978

LITERATURE : : Jaffé.M.Rubens,Catalogo Completo,Rizzoli Nr. 659
The Burlington Magazine. December 1975, p.874, reprod.pl.XIII,Bodard Rubens, Mondadori, 1985.No 652b
Catalogue of Exhibition Toronto 1978, reproduction in colour
Catalogue of Exhibition au Grand Palais, Paris, September-October 1978
Reproduction page 464/465
ORSERVATION : Exhibitions: Paris 1978,Toronto 1978
PROVENANCE : SWISS PRIVATE COLLECTION
DEPOSITED AT : SWITZERLAND / PRICE 2.5 MIO \$

GENEVA : 25.06.1998
-

KING'S COLLEGE CAMBRIDGE
Postcode CB2 15t Teleptione 0223 504!:
$r^{1}$

20 Septumben 1977
Dear N
1 much mjuges my visit to Basel; and I was penticatarly itmatci) to see the Jupitu supplicated by Yexus, whith I hal known ondy by a photoguph. As we know from the drouring in the si-culle Caitore $\sqrt[1]{\text { Ruburs in the Statens Muocum for Kunst in Copentagen }}$ [IV. 45 ] He compesition intuite alse Jupiter's aggle anive his head, and a cupil flyming betwo the two principal figures with a large globe. At some kime in its histoy, your painting has feen cut on all four sioes; pessibly because it had sufferes, and soneone throught to sell the cupil separaitely. Howewr, Iespite misfortune, whut remains impresses me as the most substanteal part of what Rubers himself paintec in this pituse The 1620s, about the time $\frac{1}{\text { y }}$ the first series of lirge comrases fon the Palois de Luxmboring. It is dooe in chorectes to the paritiong now on loan to the Pinceton At Museun form the Molulm Farbes Foundation whil Shows a correspiniticy subject Jupiter suppticater by Amor I) The present dineusions of your panition are $118 \times 115 \mathrm{~cm}$ ninimallin it man have been turice as tall. Niwnthless
le 12 fuillet 1975
Cher Pronsicus,
Woke tableau (toile; $118 \times 115 \mathrm{~cm}$ ), re/roduit au verso et refrétentant Iupiten et Vinas, a été ou far be Dr. L. Burchand, et le 12 oct obre 1951 il a icrit un certificat daus lectual il cantifie que le tableir cit de la anain urenure de piaose Ioul Mubeut. Lo'zeis da correspoondance, il sunble chu'il a céfété ce certificat à une dite ultérience, L'oricisual s'étant éfaré chog l'uncien frofois'zinire du Eableau. Récernent f'ri eu l'iscation de boin oothe Yufites et Meques en cosuffaguice de tr a Beydes,
 Dr! Burchand; is s'agit bion d'une ceurse authou. Ligtue de Pubut.
fore oned sabutativet distinfeée, woth
Prof. R=A. dfunz
(A: Aronsticer
23. CANNON PLACE.

$$
\text { N.W. } 3
$$

N.W. 3 .
TEL. MAMPSTEAD 4001 .

August 14, 1958
Shen seehuter then,
Threm Whmsch entsprechend wiedenkole ide bienmit civen T3rrif, len ith am 12. Octoten 1951 ge . stusioben hatce und den, wic bie mitticen, valoren gegangen ist.

Im Gernaide vorn Ruberes mit dan labensyroben Geotweten von Iupiten und Vincos ouf Linwand, $118 \times 115 \mathrm{~cm}$; die Figmen sidhtomer bis zuden Kricen - sticlet dis bervibonte Szene and Vongil's Gedient dhs, roo Venues zu Inpites in den tivine-
 ansuflahen, Encis $I, 22 ;-296$.

Rukens malk diese Leivmend vermütlich als Vorlage firs cine Tapisseni gleichen Größ. Sedenfalles malte en tic Liennened vor dem Jahke 1629; demn cine Nachscichuing in Kopenhagen ( 1 V. 45), die das vorliegende Geniöde wiedergibt, ist - Mie dei vielen andenen Nachseichnu-rgent in Kopen hagen - uniturend der theisters Abmesenheit won Antwoppere, is den Jahuen 1629-1631 entstande.

Die unsuthnte Nachzeishnuly in topenhagen seigt ampen Iupiteu and Kaves unter awela noses cimen Cupids und Li- Steune, wses dafins spricut.

Haty mantomeso
nu
$\alpha$



EXPOSITION RUBENS
JAPON 1985
RGANISATION: ART LIFE LTD


Le 30 avril 1985.

Monsieur,

Dans une documentation vue récemment en Suisse, j'ai trouvé de plusieurs Rubens que proposait votre galerie. Pourriez-vous m'envoyer cette documentation?

J'acheve actuellement la préparation de I'exposition Rubens au Japon qui commence au mois d'aott prochain. Je pourrais éventuellement encore inclure quelques oeuvres. Par exemple,
Venus Jupiter et Junon, qui autrefois se trouvait à la Balerie Kekke minteresse beaucoup.

Dans l'attente de vous lire, veuillez croire, Monsieur, en I' $\epsilon$ pression de mes sentiments distingués.

") 'our paintink' by Rubens with the life-sized figures of Jupiter and
no help from the pupils in his studio
 (he'm an / ©id!
tinshtid hum on 1629. He returned to Antwerp in 1630 and died

 np siolod ayt dof inpaw ap olsow sonsin aik 'zZ9! ul wods 10 II dillutel in Allurt onit lsabella, who ruled the Netherlands as regents for In $16(14$, he stayed in Mantua in the sern to Antwerp in 1608 . He was then appointed painter Thtun thwt whe' in the Spanish collection. After his return to Ilaty ant by the Thike of Mantua to Spain to paint copies after works by

 Burn in Sicjen in 1.577. Rubens was the greatest representative of

by Rubens.
据 sumund aun to saumo
 аाסวป! he certified that the painting is in Peter Paul Rubens own hand L. Burchard, and on October 12, 1951, he wrote a certificate in which and representing "Jupiter and Venus", has been seen by Dr. "Your painting (canvas; $128 \times 115 \mathrm{~cm}$ ), reproduced on the back

Professor R.A. d'Hulst urote beautiful and also well conserved are Jupiter's hands and the characteristics of an execution by Rubens' own hand. Particularly lights .... my opinion is that your canvas is showing all the
 the present canvas, is in the possession of Mrs. Otto Gutekunst. On A sketch by Rubens (on panel, 51 cm high), preceding the time of


 of her son Aeneas, Aenais I, 223-29. Presury of the same size. In




Parls Office 85 bis, Rue du Faubourg St.Honoré, 75008 Paris Tel:742.99-16, Telex:643036 ARTLIFE Naw York Olfics 151 West 28th St. New York, N.Y. 10001 Tel:212.563.7893. Telex:1995061 ARTLIFE

## RE: PETER PAUL RUBENS EXHIBITION IN JAPAN 1985

As professional organisors of prestigeous international art exhibition,
we had pursued the possibility of a first ranked retrospective of
Peter Paul Rubens in Japan.
Thanks to the total undertaking by Dr. Didier Bodart, ambitious scholar of, and famous expert in P. P. Rubens, and to participation of Japanese museums: we now take honor in announcing "A Retrospective Peter Paul Rubens" which will be realised in Japan from fall 1985 for about 6 months. I now write to you, as the work in your possession is selected and nominated for entry by Dr. Bodart, to ask if you would kindly accept lending of the Rubens in your possession.

According to practices in Japan where populations are so interesively concentrated, the exhibition is planned to travel through four venues as follows:

1. Tokyo - Tokyo Takashimaya (Aug. 8-Sept. 24, 1985)
2. Yamaguchi - Yamaguchi Prefectural Art Museum (Oct. 1 - Nov. 4, 1985)
3. Tsu - Mie Prefectural Art Museum (Nov. 9-Dec. 8, 1985)
4. Kyoto - Kyoto Takashimaya (Dec. 27 - Jan. 21, 1986)

Total period of loan lenders' door to door is therefore set at 6 months from Ist of August until end of January 1986.
Although exhibition travels among four venues, distance between each venue is not remote and since we employ the most skillful art-mover, NIPPON EXPRESS CO., LTD., please feel assured that your loan will be kept in strict protection against any possible damages.

For your reference NIPPON EXPRESS is known as the transporter who handled moving between Japan and France of a number of precious human treasures including "Mona Lisa" of Louvre, Buddhist statues from Toshodaiji Temple, the latter is as old as over 1,200 years and in extremely fragile condition. He shall appoint one most reliable art-mover in your country who will work together wi th NIPPON EXPRESS and whose name will be informed later.

As regards insurance, we recommend Japanese Insurance Co.. Messes. THE KOA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO., LTD., whose creditability and adjustment performance proved to be most superb, but if you prefer domestic insurer, it is also considered.

Under separate package, following printed matters are also airposted for your perusal.

1. Our official loan form
2. Brochure of transporter
3. Specimen copy of insurance policy by KOA FIRE AND MARINE INSURAMCE
our project and safety of your loan while it is away from you and expect that you will accord favorable judgement to our solicitation of loans.

Very truly yours,

ART LIFE LTD.


MY:ks
pour les entreprises que pour les hommes. cheval de trait, en Grande-Breta-

## LE SALON DES ANTIQUAIRES FERME DEMAIN DE TRĖS NOMBREUSES MERVEILLES...

Parmi les très nombreuses merveilles que I'on peut admirer au 5 e Salon des antfquaires figure cet admirable tableau de Rubens. Il illustre un fameux poème de Virgile, ò̀ Vénus vient au ciel vers jupiler pour lui recommander son iils Eneas. Spécialement belle, cette toile a été peinte par Rubens peu avant 1629.
Pour nos lecteurs et iectrices amoureux de vielles el belles choses, nous rappelons que le Salon des antiquaires iermera ses portes dimanche soir à 22 h . Samedi et dimanche, ses portes souvrirant à 10 h . Lentiee est fixée d̀ Fr. 5.- pendant toute la journée, dे Fr. 3.- dès 19 h

tonnes
caise $c$ annee de for

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Noo. } 1974 \text { Palais de Bequlieu. } \\
& \text { Exposition Lausaune }
\end{aligned}
$$

# P. P. RUBENS 

DES MEISTERS GEMÄLDE

IN 551 ABBILDUNGEN

MIT EINER BIOGRAPHISCHEN EINLEITUNG
VON
ADOLF ROSENBERG


STUTTGART UND LEIPZIG



1905
compactus


```
PLUSS INTERNATIONAL - FINE ART - CH - }1201\mathrm{ GENEVA
10, BD. JAMES-FAZY - TEL. 732.73.40 / FAX 732.64.20
```

SELLING OFFER
ARTISTE : PETER PAUL RUBENS (1577-1640)
TITLE : " LA GLORIFICATION DE LA VIERGE " 1630
QUALITY : OIL ON CANVAS
SIZE : $219 \times 142$ CM
BIBLIOGRAPHIE : Rubens-ses maitres-ses élèves/Ministère de
la culture/Paris,page 117/illustration 114
CERTIFICATE : M. J.CH.Vincent, Anvers
30.01.1997
PRICE : 5 MIO \$
DEPOSITED AT : GENEVA
GENEVA :
25.06.1998

Artiste Rebcoss Piarre Pado
Titre * La Glovification de b Viarge, Le modil cot Helion. Forermant

Signature/Inscription
Date 1630 . Axamines hous de nathoyge Vens $1630^{A}$
Medium huil.
Mesure $2 / 5$ an par 140 un.
Rapport d'Etat Ban
Expertise/Documents Patter ä M draicar Raguandin
Guichal de fomin du "Corpous robeniamiven d. Aescas.

Bibliografie Calolyone Vente Goupül

Exposition/Date Vente Gooyrd a Panis.
S'agit. it du publeare rexalh is Anvers, as 1730 , vonte J- Vom 5 Slle?

Collection/Date
G tabrean cst cucadri dium cactue doté ank armes rayolés de la Cour. de France. IH ctait centrainement destisí avex offices vetigicuc d/ume chapetle
 Le fablear a $E t{ }^{\prime}$ Lofentrité cubsainement $A$ y a cure contanine dionés. On y dicile une grande dratiorvece i chate auon riveas de la joue de ta vicyer. llak petite dratsorore sou la coantione. je panse que les anges, dant colane.
qui ticut le paur d. Cu Vouge est ds la maior d. $l^{\prime}$ atakies de Rubeans. Hears sur la pied de $i$ Epfoat. Tínend.
La tite a lo vörge ent cas bun flat. Le verness est a collsgen, le fabluom a mettoges. hes ratanches molacharitos a suypuimer.
Les pastacsité sun $p$ Enjaut, lo dugé d.s raygs et blases do montion ot ta Vionge sout en cocollent fkat.
C. Fableas retronerciait tants a spona clems st don athibution dificition apies restareration.
7.46. Simant


## =VENTEDOBJECISDART CMHC IUMS COMTF w MTAL CATALOGUE DESCRTPTIF

  











## CONDITIONS DE L'ENCHERE

1 - Tous les objets seront vendus tels qu'ils se trouvent.
2 - Après I'adjucation des objets on n'admettra aucune reclamation.
3 -Les acheteurs sont obligés à donner des arrhes dès qu'on les leur demande.

4-Les acheteurs devront régler leurs achats dans un délai de 24 heures et les retirer aux jours et heures fixes.

5 - Les acheteurs devront payer, en monnaie courante, le montant de leurs achats, et plus une commission de $7 \%$ à l'Entreprise organisatrice.

6 -L'impôt artistique est à la charge des acheteurs.
7 -Le billet d'entrée est au prix de 5 escudos qu'on retranchera de la somme des achats realisés.

## CATALOGUE

# $\approx$ VENTE DOBJECTS:DART $\approx$ ©IECTIONS "COMTE DeAMIEL" CATALOGUEDESCRIPTIF 

 JULLLET 1921



Mr. AYRES DE CAMPOS
COMTE D'AMEAL


## PREFACIO

Uma colecção que se vende é como um edifício que se desmorona e cujas pedras vão servir para a traça e lavor de outros que se erguem, fructos de novos sonhos construtivos, de novos Castelos de Arte que os que sabem sentir a suprema beleza e nela encontram alimento espiritual procuram levantar à custa de antigos sonhos fragmentados e dispersos pela sua inevitável finalidade. Quem porventura ande edificando o seu Castrum Artis, gozando êsse indizível prazer de o fantasiar primeiro, de o riscar depois, de o ver ascender, por fim, dentro de um sonho de efabulação íntima, cujo principal encanto reside na impossibilidade de o rematar, nunca teve em Portugal ocasião mais propícia nem depósito mais rico de material do que esta colecção amorávelmente reunida pelo artista e pelo erudito que foi o Conde de Ameal, colecção onde se The depára não só a pedra angular para o alicerce, senão o bloco lavrado para a construção e ainda o remate cinzelado para o adorno. As artes plásticas - decorativas; todo o brilho e toda a exiberancia das faianças, dos azulejos 6 das porcclanas; o relèvo palpitante darertatuárla; a emoção e a côr das Ubuas e das telas onde o pincel de Erlfolas soberanos desferiu hinos de

Une collection qu'on vend, c'est un édifice qui s'écroule et dont les pierres vont servir de base et d'ornement à d'autres qui s'érigent, fruits de nouveaux rêves constructifs, fruits de nouveaux chateaux d'art que, ceux qui savent sentir la suprême beauté, et y trouvent un aliment spirituel, tâchent de rebâtir, à force de vieux songes éparpillés par leur inévitable finalité. Quiconque veut bâtir son 'Castrum Artisz, et jouir de cet indicible plaisir, de le rêver d'abord, de l'esquisser ensuite, de le voir s'élever enfin, dans un rêve de poésie intime dont le charme demeure dans l'impuissance même de l'accomplir, n'a jamais eu, en Portugal, une occasion plus favorable, ni une source plus riche, que cette collection tendrement recueillie par le Comte d'Ameal-qui a été un artiste et un érudit,- collection où l'on aperçoit la pierre angulaire pour le fondement, aussi bien que le bloc travaillé et ciselé pour continuer et finir la construction. Les arts plastiques et décoratifs, tout l'éclat des fä̈ences, des émails et des porcelaines, le relief émouvant de la statuaire, l'émotion et les nuances des tableaux et des toiles où le pinceau d'éminents artistes a chanté des hymnes de beauté; tout le prestige des grandes-œuvres, reflets
beleza; todo o prestígio dos grandes nomes e das grandes obras, reverberações de apagadas claridades que ainda nos iluminam; a opulência documental de uma livraria recolhida com erudita escolha; o valioso núcleo numismático; eis mal esboçado tudo quanto generosamente nos dá êste repositório de obras de arte, aconchegado no velho Colégio de Santo Tomás de Coimbra, e que aí se aninhou pelo desvêlo inteligente do coleccionador, atrás do esplêndido portal «Renascença» que é uma das joias da arquitectura coimbrã.

O falecido Conde de Ameal, Dr. João Maria Correia Ayres de Campos, herdára já de tradic̣ões familiares, o culto da Arte pelo culto do livro. Fôra seu Pai, o Dr. João Correia Ayres de Campos, fundador da secção Arqueológica do «Instituto de Coimbra, um dos mais ilustres bibliófilos e bibliógrafos portugueses, citado a miude por Innocêncio, ora pelo informe, ora pelo exemplar. Afervorado nêsse culto por inata propensão do seu espírito e influenciado pelo meio artístico de Coimbra onde a própria natureza é tão liberal em emoções de Arte, e onde a Arquitectura, a Pintura e a Escultura se fixaram em tantas obras de vulto, embebeu-se naturalmente no eterno sonho construtivo do coleccionador e, como todos os sonhadores, gizou menos longe do que a sua vista alcançava, mas mais alto do que a sua vida podia, abstraíndo-se de tudo o que não fosse a própria irrealidade de onde the vinha o inefável prazer de não deixar de sonhar. A sua ideada galeria de quadros, o salão destinado às suas faianças, o átrio para as suas estátuas, não passarâm do domínio da fantasia creadora para o da prática, dado o empenho sempre insatisfeito de completar as colecções que the absorviam toda a energia e the iam dilatando, pela sua importância crescente, a já impossível realização.

Tocado o ponto extremo com o desaparecimento do coleccionador veiu a impor-se, embora com desgôsto para os actuais possuidores, a fatal dispersão, e com ela o trabalho árduo e dificil de identificação e da classifica-
de lueurs éteintes qui nous éclairent encore; l'opulence documentale d'une bibliothèque rassemblée par un choix érudit; la précieuse collection numismatique, voilà un petit échantillon de tout ce qui nous donne, à gros flots, ce foyer d'œuvres d'art, abrité dans le vieux collège de Saint Thomas, que le zèle intelligent du collectioneur y a niché, derrière le superbe portail -Renaissance, véritable joyau de l'architecture de Coïmbre.

Feu Mr. le Comte d'Ameal, dr. João Maria Correia Ayres de Campos, avait dejà hérité de ses ancêtres le culte de l'art par le culte du livre. Son père le dr. João Correia Ayres de Campos fondateur de la section d'Archéologie de l'Institut de Coïmbre, était un des plus illustres bibliophiles et bibliographes portugais, souvent cité par Innocencio, soit par le rapport, soit par l'exemplaire. Encouragé dans ce culte par un penchant inné de son esprit, et influencé par le milieu artistique de Coïmbre, où la nature même est si riche en émotions d'art et où l'architecture, la peinture et la sculpture se sont arretées en tant d'œuvres considérables, il s'est naturellement bercé dans l'éternel rêve constructif du collectionneur et, comme tous les rêveurs, il esquissa moins loin que sa vue ne portait, mais plus haut que sa vie ne pouvait, s'absorvant dans l'irréalité même, d'où lui venait le délicieux plaisir de toujours rêver. Son idéale galerie de tableaux, le salon reservé à ses faïences, l'atrium pour ses statues, n'ont jamais franchi le domaine de sa fantaisie créatrice, car il s'attachait toujours au désir insatisfait de completer ses collections, ce que d'ailleurs lui absorvait toute l'énergie, et dont limportance toujours croissante lui rendait la réalisation impossible.

Lorsque la mort a enlevé le collectionneur, le regret des actuels possesseurs ne pût empêcher la fatale dispersion, ainsi que la pénible et difficile tâche d'identification des multiples pièces d'une si précieuse dépouille artistique, travail dont nous nous sommes chargés et dont ce catalogue fait partie.
ção das múltiplas espécies de tão valioso núcleo artístico, trabalho que nos veiu a caber e do qual nos desempenhamos em parte nêste catálogo.
A orientação seguida, se năo foi a melhor, foi todavia a mais consentânia com as dificuldades que se nos depararam, tendo assim deliberado fragmentar por salas a opulenta co--lecção, reunindo, em cada uma, um grupo de espécies tanto quanto possivel homogéneas sob o ponto de vista cronológico, sob o aspecto escolástico ou sob a ideia de uma harmonia de conjunto, procurando sempre seleccionar a obra portuguesa, dis-tinguindo-a e engrandecendo-a, seguindo desta forma, em trilho diverso, a mesma orientação artística e levantadamente patriótica do Conde de Ameal que, na colectânea das suas obras de arte foi bem português e bom português, logrando, à custa de extremado desvelo, reunir no seu palácio as telas mais notáveis dos mais ilustres pintores da nossa terra, e protegendo bizarramente outros nos seus estudos e na sua carreira.
Foi assim que o distinto coleccionador conseguiu, na pintura, a par de nomes de celebridade mundial como Rubens, Murillo, Goya, Rembrandt, Ribera, Teniers, Felipe de Champagne, Breughel, Guido Reni, Caravaggio, Bassano, Salvator Rosa, Van-Hemissen, Brauwer, Giordano, Greuze, Zurbaran, Fortuny e tantos mais, ajuntar nas suas paredes, opulentas de côr, as melhores obras do pincel e do lápis dos dois Vieiras, de Sequeira, Fonseca, Volckmar Machado, Rezende, Metrass, Cristino da Silva, Luppi, Anunciação, José Rodrigues, Joaquim Marques e Leonel, e ainda da plêiade ilustre das últimas décadas, telas de S Iva Porto, Columbano, Malhôa, Keil, Ramalho, Freire, Salgado e José Queiroz, sem falar já cm seis dezenas de tábuas veneráveis dos seculos XV e XVI, onde as escolas alemã, olandesa, italiana, flamenga, espanhola e portuguesa, têm uma notabilissima representação, sentindo nos tảo sómente que a falta de ele. mentos de estudo e a dificuldade dos confrontos nǎo nos consentissem fa-

L'orientation que nous avons suivie si ce n'est la meilleure c'est cependant la plus convenable, d'après les difficultés qui se sont presentées; donc, nous avons pris la résolution de fragmenter l'opulente collection, par salons, et par groupes tant que possible homogènes, sous le point de vue chronologique et scholastique, ou sous l'aspect d'une harmonie d'ensemble, cherchant toujours le choix de l'œuvre portugaise, l'isolant, la faisant remarquer, I'ennoblissant et suivant, enfin, dans un sens différent, la même orientation artistique et noblement patriotique du Comte d'Ameal qui, dans la collection de ses œuvres d'art a été un portugais et un bon portugais, parvenant, par son zèle empressé, à rassembler dans son palais les toiles les plus remarquables des plus illustres peintres de notre pays et en encourageant bien d'autres dans leurs études et leur carrière.
C'est ainsi que ce collectionneur distingué a réussi à entasser dans ses murs, riches de couleurs, à coté des noms des célébrités mondiales tels que Rubens, Murillo, Goya, Rembrandt, Ribera, Teniers, Philippe de Champagne, Breughel, Guido Reni, Caravaggio, Bessano, Giordano, Zurbaran, Salvator Rosa, Van-Hemissen, Brauwer, Greuze, Fortuny et de tant d'autres, les œuvres les plus belles du pinceau et du crayon des deux Vieiras, de Sequeira, Fonseca, Volckmar Machado, Rezende, Luppi, Metrass, Cristino da Silva, Anunciação, José Rodrigues, Joaquim Marques et Leonel et d'autres encore de la pléizade illustre des dernières décades, toiles de Silva Porto, Columbano, Malhôa, Keil, Ramalho, Freire, Salgado, et José Queiroz sans compter les six dizaines de tableaux vénérables des XV.ème et XVI.ème siècles où les écoles allemande, hollandaise, italienne, flamande, espagnole et portugaise ont une très notable représentation, et nous sommes bien fachés que le manque d'éléments d'étude et la difficulté de confrontations ne nous permettent pas de faire des identifications précieuses, ni une classification plus detaillée dans ce groupe d'œuvres dont la valeur pi-
zer identificações precisas, nem classificação mais promenorizada, nêste grupo de obras cujo valor pinctural e documental é da maior consideração.
Na secção de Escultura, afóra algumas belíssimas estátuas alemãs, francesas e italianas, temos a enriquecê la e a dignificá-la os cinzeis de Simões de Almeida, Alberto Nunes e Calmels; na Gravura e no Desenho, brilham os nomes de Rembrandt, Dürer, Sequeira, Gavarni, Doté, Yvon, Morghen e Delacroix, e como se não bastasse para engrandecer as colecções Ameal, esta plêiade de obras e de nomes, a secção dos azulejos, faianças e porcelanas, no tocante a peças portuguesas a mais importante do país, (cêrca de 600 especimes) possui exemplares de raro valor e peças magníficas de Rouen, Delft, Alcora, Savona, Derby, Talavera, Saxe, Sèvres, Cappo di Monte, China e Japão, não querendo nós deixar passar êste ens:jo sem que fique aqui consignado, como preito de justa gratidāo, que, na classificação das faianças nacionais, foi ainda José Queiroz, o iniciador dos estudos cerâmicos em Portugal, quem, com o seu esplêndido livro, que é ainda o melhor, nos guiou seguramente atravéz de todas as dúvidas como bom conselheiro e bom amigo.

O mobiliário, bronzes artísticos, instrumentos músicos, marfins, esmaltes cristais, e outros objectos de decoração, provenientes em grande parte, como as loiças, a pintura e a escultura, das antigas colecções «D. Fernando», «Palha», «Daupias», "Farrobo», "Niza» e outras, completam o conjunto que é seguramente o mais sumptuoso dos que ultimamente se tem alienado e dispersado em Portugal, ficando ainda para venda futura o magnifico núcleo numismático, onde há exemplares únicos, e a opulenta livraria, cheia de preciosidades bibliográficas, inconábulos, manuscritos e livros iluminados, cujo catálogo oportunamente se fará.

Tal é, ligeiramente indicada, a colecção de obras de arte cuja resenha se vai seguir.

Alberto de Sousa. Matos Sequeira.
cturale et documentale est de la plus grande importance.
la section de Sculpture, excepté quelques belles statues allemandes, françaises et italiennes, nous la trouvons dignifiée et agrandie par les ciseaux de Simões de Almeida, Alberto Nunes e Calmels; dans la gravure et le dessin excellent les noms de Rembrandt, Dürer, Sequeira, Gavarni, Doré, Yvon, Morghen et Delacroix et comme si cette plérade d'œuvres et de noms n'était pas assez pour enrichir les collections Ameal, la section d'émails, de faïences et de porcelaines, la plus considerable du pays a l'égard d'œuvres portugaises (environ 800 spécimens), possède des exemplaires d'une rare valeur et des pièces magnifiques de Rouen, Delft, Alcora, Savone, Derby, Talavera, Saxe, Sèvres, Cappo di Monte, Chine et Japon. Nous profitons de cette opportunité pour rendre hommage de juste reconnaîssance à José Queiroz qui a été l'initiateur des études céramiques en Portugal et dont l'amitié et le bon conseil nous ont guidé, en toute confiance, à travers tous nos doutes, au moyen de son beau livre, que est toujours le meilleur et le plus accompli.
Le mobiliaire, les bronzes artistiques, les instruments de musique, les émails de Limoges, les cristaux et d'autres objects de décoration, prove nant, en grande partie, d'anciennes collections *D. Fernando*, "Palha*, «Daupias», «Farrobo», «Niza» etc., ainsi que les faïences, la peinture, la sculpture, complètent l'ensemble qui est, assurément, le plus somptueux de ceux qui se sont alienés et dispersés en Portugal. Il nous reste encore la magnifique section numismatique où se trouvent des exemplaires uniques, et l'opulente bibliothèque pleine de raretés bibliographiques et de manuscrits dont plusieurs des $X V^{\text {eime }}$ et XVI ${ }^{\text {imo }}$ siècles et des livres enluminés, dont la vente est ajournée et dont le catalogue paraîtra à propos.

Voilà, légèrement esquissée, la collection d'œuvres d'art. L' exposé est à suivre.

Alberto de Sousa. Matos Sequeira.

```
PLUSS INTERNATIONAL - FINE ART - CH - }1201\mathrm{ GENEVA
10, BD. JAMES-FAZY - TEL. 732.73.40 / FAX 732.64.20
```

SELLING OFFER
ARTISTE : PETER PAUL RUBENS (1577-1640)
TITLE : THE CONSECRATION OF DEUS MUS
QUALITY : OIL ON WOOD
SIZE : $\quad 21,2 \times 61,3 \mathrm{CM}$
CERTIFICATE : Prof.Dr.Justus Müller Hofstede/1.Sept. 1989
Erik Larsen in "Pantheon" Pkt. 1981
PRICE : $1,7 \mathrm{MIO} \$$
DEPOSITED AT : ZURICH
GENEVA : 20.06.1998

## PETER PAUL RUBENS, 1577-1640

"Die Weihe des Decius Mus"
Oel/noiz, $21,2 \times 61,3 \mathrm{~cm}$

## Expertisen:

Prof. Dr. Justus Maller Hofstede, 1.Sept. 1989
Dr.Erik Larsen, 19.Junt 1990

Publikation:
Erik" Larsen in "Pantheon", Okt.-Nov.-Dez. 1981, S.361 ff., Abb. 2 und 3

The consecreation of Decius Mus by P.P.Rubens
oil on wood, $21.2 \times 61.3 \mathrm{~cm}$
first modelle for the later version in the Vaduz-Collection
The painting was examined by Praf.Dr. Erik Larsen in 1981 and 1990 and by Prof.Dr. Justus Muller Hofstede in 1989 as an authentic painting by Rubens himself. The painting is published in the "Pantheon" in Oct.Dec. 1981, p. 361 , plate no. 2 and 3.

It is a painting of high quality who shows the first impression to the iate: Vaduz painting. The painting is in perfect condition of preservation.

Das ron mit im Original ge：
Dhifter Gemälde in Olfarber ang
Holt trick reitig oat hertiest Holk，thek reidiq，pat keflest，D1，2x 61， 3 cm meviehrll dasstelle ud Die Weihe cles Rökuidene honvuls becius Muv duteh deu Hoheu friester Marcus Valetins füt deu Opfertod iu det Sohlacht．
cist naoh meinem，Itrucis eine ofiginale hompositiou des fica misuen get．1640）．（geter pane Rubens（ged．Nt子 $\qquad$ afeiche wirhtige Abweitungen tont zahe＝ enelgültigen bemátresing petter fanc Rubqus Eÿbens＂Die Gesplidite Nes konvuls pecius Mus＂Vadnz Júribtle， fertige，bemälole iost in einer innten Farblafel abgebilplet onec Rcinifoed． Jjamuskark 1 haldet warutet Deter beul Rubulis．The decins Mins Gale． The Metaciditaly Museume！Adt H／Gon Gork 1585，5．No．
Geigt Sie mit voreiegente hompariton Leigt im Atntersduyed th dom fettigen benpále in radnz：



 Brent

 - SARSOTA, RLREDM13231

子rath 2
a）tedits bei den Bealeiteth du Decins Mus unt den fofedefull ter Mirl den Libfor mit dem taveich buindel dim bimable trat ec゙n ofotter Manu hinain．
b）terhbs cine sfäther ron Decinis Mus abgevichte 6mppe ofet is glaiterg noduroh the oter herigen． Haulenhy olet Torlestrithe cines größen doistant cintritt．Vun pounälele nusde dise bmppe nucht aul den konsue herangeserobon；
© E EX dem tohou briester nerh áaincu立ackach Nimistanter mit der Fackre ies im oumalle wnt hele des Minwtrant hintugefügt．
Mit gler mit roreienmetch toleitfor＝ matigen komporition cist ine fritic Bulefrice ron feleft baue kubung zunickgenonsich ，tice woutction Aufsongus gioft miber olie blanung dep $\frac{\text { tupens mit der Gesruighte Mest }}{}$
pref．Wham haibly Hefoteria

Rubens' spontaneous creativity is best seen in bis first drafts, the sketches which preceded the formulation of his final ideas. Some of these small panels are very loose in technique and sober in colorscheme. Others are colorful and virtually finished models, mostly for religious or mythological subjects that were submitted to prospective clients. If the latter were dissatisfied, Rubens changed the composiion; and we have numerous instances where several models were made before final agreement was reached. Some of these models occur in duplicate - a fact which modern scholars are loath to admit, but which was satisfactorily established by such connoisseurs as Van Puyvelde. They served either the wishes of the patron or the needs of the workshop. Finally, there exist authentic reductions by the master of large paintings, in order to meet the requirements of amateurs for their "cabinets"

Erik Larsen

## Apropos Some Rubens' Sketches

The purpose of this paper is to introduce some hitherto unpublished originals, as well 25 to rehabilitate two fine paintings which have unjustly - in my opinion - been relegated to the status of copies by some scholars, and more particularly by Julius $S$. Held in his

$\sigma$me "The Oil Sketches of Peter Rubens"'. $s$ is by no means to be construed as a disparagement of his meritorious work, which essentially represents an effort to update and enlarge Leo van Puyvelde's basic treatment of the subject. However, I disagree with the author in many instances and the two modellos included here represent examples of my divergences in views. A good art historian and acquaintance of mine said many years ago that connoisseurship in the field of art was not 2 public opinion poll. But we all know that the uizement: of an art: work - the determination between good and bad, original! o: copy :remains an eminently personal and individual approach. Scienetic aids can nowadays be relied upon :o weed out later imitations or fabsifications, but they are of relatively little help in determining the often awkward question of whether a painting is an original or contemporaneous copy. One has only to read the apposite pages in Max J. Friedizender's still very pertinent volume, "Yon Kunst and Kennesschaft" ${ }^{" 3}$, to :ealize the difficulties inherent in this aten Thus ir is with this endeavor

The series of eight compositions illustrating The History of Decius Mus was begun by Rubens in 1617. Although the cartoons for the tapestries were first mentioned by Rubens ${ }^{3}$ in 1618, the execution of the six extant canvases now in the Liechtenstein collection at Vaduz is primarily by Van Deck. A number of seven-teenth-century documents attest to that fact, although some scholars still hesitate to accept the evidence ${ }^{4}$
It is generally believed that the literary theme of the cycle was borrowed by Rubens from some passages in Livy ${ }^{3}$. However, the background is much more complex. To begin with, there were three men named Decius Mus who met their death in battle as the outcome of their devotion. The Publius Decius Mus the Elder, who is first mentioned by Livy ${ }^{3}$, fought with Manlius Torquazus against the Latins in c. 343 B.C. Both were Consuls and commanders, and both experienced a dream according to which the army which sacrificed its commandes to the gods of the underworld and to Mother Earth would win the battle, while the opposing forces would be destroyed. Both Consuls consulted the soothsayers before the battle. During the combat, seeing his troops giving way to the enemy, Decius Mus dedicared himself. He threw himself into the center: of the fray and was killed. The fortunes of the

The second Decius was the son of the first. In another passage, Livy" explains how he and Quinces Fabius were fighting the Gauls and the Samnites. When his troops yielded, he recalled his father's sacrifice, dedicated himself to a pontiff named Marcus Livius, sent his lietors to him and was granted a hero's death in the thick of the action. His body, too, was found after the victory and given impressive honors. The third Decius to meet a similar fate was the grandson of the first. His death took place in a battle fought c. 279 B.C. This event, however, was little known to most of the ancient writers and escaped mention in Livy's history
The complexity of the tale increases if one notes that Livy was not the only source. Although his is the most extensive version, another is due to Valerius Maximus; and the writings of many others, including Cicero, Plutarch, Diodorus Siculus and Cassiodorus, mention Decius and his fate?. A tragic poets, Ascus, interpreted the theme of Decius in a drama with a dual! titis: "Decius and Acneadac ${ }^{-9}$
What this means is that we have to do with a tradition that has very distant routs. The main focus was on the devotion formula, with patriotism as its principal theme. The question whether devotion to one's country or deference to the gods was given the greater weight is in my opinion redundant. Each region, even each city state, had its own gods and goddesses, who were the voices speaking for the homeland. Thus faith and patriotism meshed, and he who loved his !atherland (in the natrawest sense of the term), obeyed dipso facto the mandates of his own particular divinities. Rubens may have spun out the essence of the theme according to belief in Virtus and Pietas, as Held suggests ${ }^{10}$, but the basic treatment of the ancient writers does not bear out this approach.
In the sources, the individual personalities of the various men called Decius are blurred, the events that led to the:: seif-sacrifice are unclear, and last but not least, there is no agreement concerning the specific date of the happening Consequently, modern are histotrans remain confused as to their interpretaLions of Rubens' Decius Mus cycle. Peter Paul hims!'! referred repeatedly to such antique writes as Plutarch. Cicero, the Plinys and Valerius Maximus, who in turn had become involved with the dedication of Decius Mus" It is not clear, for instance, whether the foes of the Romans were the Gauls and the Samnites ${ }^{12}$, as propounded by smith and Stechow ${ }^{13}$; or the Latins", as stated by Kroonfelid, Rooses, Van Puyvelde and Held"
rom the apposite passage in Livy by eliminating Manlius from the story ${ }^{16}$, and by placing Decius' vow before the beginning of the battle and immediately after his consultation with the soothsavers. Thus, Rubens' narrative follows Cicero, whose account credits only Decius with the cream and emphasizes the remoteness of the oceurrence from the actual battle:
Heid lists four modelli for the series as autograph. The composition of a fifth (his No. 3) survives according to him in a copy at the Bayerische Staztsgemaldesammlungen in Munich, but the original has been rediscovered by this wriser and is reproduced and discussed later in this paper. Finally, an early plastic idea for The Death of Decius Mus was first published by me ${ }^{13}$. Heid ${ }^{19}$ disagrees both with respect to its

.onship to the story of Decius Mus and to auchorship, but the authenticity and interpretation have been upheld by Van Puyvelde (ms scatement). 1 maintain the opinion that I first expressed almost thirty years ago.
Field's Catalog No. 2 features The Interpretation of the Vicim, sometimes identified as Decius Consulting the Soothsayers. Both titles are correct. as can be asecttained from comparison with the corresponding large canvas now as Vaciz:". There exist :wo versions of we moselic, nith Hed hawng accopted the one in the Usias Reminart Collection at Winserthur, Swizerianc, and discarded as "no more thar. an old copy" the panel belonging to the Josiyn Art Museum in Omahz, Nebraska (fig. 1). Having carefully examined both paintings in the original, 1 intend to reestablish the standing of the latter panel, whose pictorial qualities speak for zuthenticity, and to reject thakisting proposed by Held.
panels ate of aimost the same size: $7+\times 104 \mathrm{~cm}$ for the Swiss exzmple. $72 \times 106 \mathrm{~cm}$ for the American version. Claims for their eariy provenance are identical: The Ellinger and Others sale at De Winter's, Amsterdam, July 26, 1775 the Swiss version bases its assertion on an aid label in the back, bur the evidence shouid be taken with a grain of salt); Reverend 1. Gurbeil sale, London, 1833; Mr. Iane Davies, London (acquired in 1833 or 1835). Then the continuity is broken for the Swiss paincing. There is 2 gap and it reappears aniy as tare as the Csiar Huldschinsky collection (saie, Berlin, Cassirer \& Heibing, May 10-11, 1928, No. 27, though eatalogued earlier. firss by Boce and then by Friedlaender). The Omaha modello, on the other hand, went so Lacy Victoria Sackville, Knole House, Ǩens. The Swiss, iormerly Huldschinsky version, then passed inco the hands of Dr. Alexander von Frey, Paris; went to Geheimrat Wihelm Kisskalt, Munich, in 1932; and from inere to the New York ars deale: Frederick
it "of doubuiul attrioution". Oskar Reinhar: acquired the painting in 1954, and evencually it became the property of the Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft.
The American version came from the collection of Lady Victoria Sackville and entered the well-known "ensemble" of Marcze!! von Nemes, Budapest; the collecrion of Fritz Thyssen, Müheim; and finally ended up with the Schaeffe: Galleries in New York, and was sold to the Omaha Museum in 1946.
Both variants have their defeaciers and detractors. We must rule out Smith and Rooses on account of the difficulty in identifying the precise exemplar with which they were dealing. There remains mainly Withe!m von Bode in the first Huidschinsky Catalog 1908 - with certain mental reservations; and Max J. Friedlaender, who calls the Reinhart version "ganz von der Hand des Meisters". Evers ${ }^{23}$ publishes it, but does not rule out the second version, which he mentions without further commentary as "another sketch". In fact, at the time of his writing, only the former Huldschinsky variant, then in Munich, was available to him the painting now in Omaha having been for years already in America. Van Puyvede cuestions the authenticity of the Swiss version ${ }^{22}$ while Fiela and Bucuoun deiens its or:g:naiity. The American version relies primarily upon the publication of August L. Mfayerwhere the work is presented as the uncontested original. Iwce exhibition catalogs accept the at least part authenticity of the Omaha version ${ }^{34}$ In the face of these discrepancies in the opinions of respectable authors and connoisseurs, it behooves us to go back to an examination of
style and rechnique. Both paintings are in good technical condition, and the question of disfig. urement through overpaint does not arise. The Omaha version is cradled, the Wincerthur ore is not, bus this desail does not contribute much to our invessigation. We ase primarily concerned with the pictorial surface, with the sweep of the brush, with the paletie and its array of conalities. The composition as Omahz shows minor but significane changes. It differs - as already pointed our by Mayer - in the fall of the drapery of the tent to the leit, and in the treatment of the sky to the righs. Also the position of the altar, especially its base, shows aiterations. As to the execution, the Omaha panel more closely meets the criteria ser by Van Puyvelde for a genuine Rubens" skeech. The forms are better integrated, and rathe: than freoccupving himself with the coniormity of each detail, the master makes each Figure a constituent part of the general design. The treatment of cosrume, beard and hand of the soothsaying priest is broad in the Omaha panel, meticulous and íssy in the Swiss one. Thus, we have greater freedom in the soncepton, and the realicy remains sf. coricoriance with the overal! composition. The tatee is pre cise $2 n$ overs a generat rhithm oru puvent oruonatice Thus ana oe sec : .ed. .i. ste cioi off of the upper part, whina as tuve emmpare san the STi.ss and Liechtense:n plan, ir, wie solorsihen.t, we observe the we ai mono chromes, heighened by color acenes, ahich incicase the ultimate pale:te athout giving ine impression of a reduction of the large canvas Finally, the execution is iluid, broad and sketchy. The modelling is not heavy, but fol-
i Peser Paut Rubens Dectus Mus Consuiting the Soctissayers, modeilo. Omaha (Neoraska). Joslyn A.s Museum


## from "Pauthéon", Munich, Oct. Nov, Dec. 1981 (Erik Larsen)


lows the driving stroke of the brush. In the entire modello, we see the immediacy of Rubens' thought and the zest and breeziness of the creative activity. In other words, in the Omaha panel, we are confronted with the "furor of the 'pennello'" that the Italians observed as typical of Rubens' imaginative faculty and which is a hallmark of his style. In the Swiss panel, on the other hand, we are confronted with a very much more detailed version. The execution is extremely smooth. Each particular is done with great care, each segment painted with a view to minute renddion. One has only to look at the figure of the youthful victim, in the left foreground and seen from the back, to become instantly awaree difference. At Omaha, it is a forceful Win; in Winthur, 2 tame representa cion. The same holds true for the colorscheme.

3 Detail of figure 2


Instead of being merely implied, as at Omaha, we find here a truthful modello of all the scales and values used by the weaver. In the American version, the expression of genius comes to the fore; in the other, artisanal qualities play the major part. I cannot see in the Swiss version the great Rubens' initial compositional idea. The panel at Omaha shows all the characteristics of an authentic Rubens sketch, and if the version preferred by Held et al. is by the master's hand, it can only be a replica done later for the convenience of workshop procedure, or as Mayer proposes: "offenbar cine flotte, verkleinerte Wiederholung de Wiener [now Vaduz] Bides".

## For The Consecration of Decius Mus Held ${ }^{25}$

 reproduces the copy at Munich, lacking acquaintance with the original. The Munich painting measures $74.7 \times 90.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ on panel, and shows variations from the large canvas at Liechtenstein ${ }^{26}$ which have quire correctly been interpreted as sufficient proof that the composition reflects a lost sketch. Primarily, the toga of the priest is undecorated, and the landscape varies from the large version. It has been my good fortune to become acquainted with what I consider to be the autograph modello, which appeared not too long ago in England, forthcoming from Dublin. Nothing else is known concerning its antecedents. The painting (fig. 2) is done on panel, and measures $21.2 \times 61.3 \mathrm{~cm}$. Quite obviously, the support was initially composed of more than the two boards now extant, and the uppermost strip has been lost. The composition here is closest to the Munich exemplar, but gives greater prominence to the setting and features a wider overall view. The lictor to the extreme right is lacking. The trees to the left, faithfully rendered in detail 25 Munich, remain heremarching from left to right, placed between the figures of Decius Mus and the pries: (fig. 3). This new element adds convincingly to the claim for authenticity of the sketch-mocello. We have to do without any doubs with Rubens' plastic ide 3 for the sens, executed with monumentality in the figures but only superficial notations for the secondary parts. Though truncated at the top, the painting remains a valuable contribution to visualizing the master's thought processes with respect to this particular segment of the Decius Mus series, and shows the full amplitude of his treatment.
The sixteen hundred twenties were the decade of the great series. Among them we count The Triumph of the Eucharist, which was commitsioned by the Archduchess-Infanta Isabella probably in 1627-28. She intended to have Rubens execute the cartoons for a series of 15 tapestries for the Convent of the Barefoot Carmelite Nuns in Madrid, where the complete ensemble can still be found, as well as another set at the National Palace. Separate pieces belong to various collections. A contemporary document attests to the face ${ }^{27}$ that Rubens worked on the project in 1627. and that the undertaking was finished by 1628 There exist a number of preliminary sketches, and in some instances sequences of modellos for the same subject, until Rubens had arrived at his final conception. Some of these were repeated by the master's own hand ${ }^{28}$. My current concern is with the sketches for Helchisedek Offering Bread and Wine so Abraham. The large canvas of the subject belongs to the John and Mable Ringling Museum of Art in Sarasota, Florida ${ }^{19}$ and was most probably the pattern for the corresponding tapestry. It was part of 15 large partings

PLUSS INTERNATIONAL - FINE ART - CH - 1201 GENEVA

```
10. BD. JAMES-FAZY - TEL. 732.73.40 / FAX 732.64.20
```

SELLING OFFER

ARTISTE : PETER PAUL RUBENS (1577 - 1640)

TITLE : PORTRAIT ISABELLE BRANDT "The Chandos Portrait"

QUALITY : OIL ON CANVAS

SIZE : $\quad 98 \times 74 \mathrm{CM}$

CERTIFICATE : Rückseitig Klebeetikett:Galerie Charpentier,
Paris 1950, Rubens Wife, by Rubens, The Chandos Portrait, purchased at the Duke of Bukingham's sale at stowe.

Provenience : Last Duke of Buckingham, England 1848 de M.Jules Porges, Paris 1910 S.A.R. Prince Mohamed, Grandson of King Farouk 1950 Private collektion, London.

Expositions : Galerie Charpentier. Collektion de M.Porges, Paris 1910,

Litterature : The Stowe Cataloque, Vte Buckingham 1848 "a very fine Portrait of Rubens favorite Wife", Nr. 337, Seite 180
L. Binyon, Bulletin Rubens V. 1897, Seite 227 G.Gluck, Kunstgeschichtliche Anzeigen, 1905, Seiten 50 - 64. "Les Arts" Kunstausstellung Belgien, Briussel 1910 Nr. 310 Abb. Seite 84:
Wallace Collection Cataloque, Pictures and Drawings, London 1928 Nr. 30, G.G7uck 1933, Seiten $158+159$ :
L. Burchard in G.gluck, 1933 Seite 394
W.Martin, Cataloque raisonné, Paintings and Sculptures, Mauritshuis, The Hague, 1935 Nr. 250 Le Siecle de Rubens Deuxième, Musées Royaux des Beaux Arts de Belgique, Brüssel, 15.0kt.-12.Dez. 1965.

## . / . .

PRICE : 1.6 MIO \$

DEPOSITED AT : ZURICH

GENEVA : 25.06.1998


```
ARCHINAL PRESARVELS



\section*{NANCY EVERETT DWIGHT FOUNDATION 1913-1963}


MOUNT HOLYOKE COLLEGE South Hadley Massachusetts

\section*{PURCHASES FROM \\ THE NANCY EVERETT DWIGHT \\ FOUNDATION}

1913-1963


Portrait of Nancy Everett Dwight
by
Joseph Goodhue Chandler
1842

\section*{INTRODUCTION}

The Dwight family has been associated with Mount Holyoke from the time of its founding. John Dwight, son of Dr. Elihu Dwight of South Hadley, was one of the young men who helped Mary Lyon put things in order for the opening of the Seminary in November, 1837. Among the prospective students asked by Miss Lyon to come early to help was Nancy Shaw Everett of Foxboro. Her romance with John Dwight culminated in their marriage in 1841 . Shortly afterward, they moved to New York, but continued to spend their summers at Prospect House on Mount Holyoke, which was the property of Mr. Dwight. Mrs. Dwight died in 1892, and in 1900 Mr. Dwight made a generous gift to the College for an art building in her memory. Dwight Art Memorial was placed on the site of the Dwight home, which was moved to a new location on the campus and renamed Everett House. It is a tribute to the skillful planning of the structure that, despite tripling of the student enrollment since 1900, the building, although crowded, is still housing the various activities of the Art Department.

In 1912, members of the Dwight family established the Nancy Everett Dwight Foundation. Part of this fund was to be used for the upkeep of the building, and part, a sum of \(\$ 13,100\) raised through the efforts of Katharine Dwight Berry, Mount Holyoke 1904, for the purchase of original works of art. This was until recently the only sizable purchase fund available to the Art Department. Income from the Nancy Everett Dwight Foundation in the half century of its existence has amounted to almost three times the principal. In addition, the increase in art valuations has greatly enhanced the monetary value of the collection.

The first purchase in 1913 from the Nancy Everett Dwight Fund was the Greek krater illustrated on the cover of this catalogue. It is the fiftieth anniversary of this purchase which is being commemorated in the present exhibition of outstanding works selected from over seven hundred items bought with the Fund. Several of the objects illustrated have been included in important exhibitions and published both in Europe and the United States.

This catalogue represents the joint efforts of members of the Art Department, including Miss Dorothy M. Cogswell, Mr. Henry Rox, Miss Jean C. Harris and Miss Sheila J. McNally. Miss Harris, as Chairman of the Mount Holyoke Friends of Art, which is sponsoring the exhibition, has assumed the major responsibility for the content and the layout of the catalogue. She is also responsible for the arrangement of the exhibition in which she has had the able assistance of Miss McNally.


Left to right: Urn, Villanovan, VIII century B.C., h. \(53 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). 1943; Pinax, Rhodian, VII century B.C., d. \(11 \frac{1}{2}\) in. 1922; Kylix, Cypriote, \(1100-\) 700 B.C., h. \(41 / 2\) in. 1943

Skyphos, Geometric, late VIII century B.C., h. \(3 \frac{5}{8}\) in. 1935


Left to right: Alabastron, Corinthian, \(625-575\) B.C., h. \(31 / 2\) in. 1943; Cruet, blown glass, Roman, I-II century A.D., h. \(31 / 8\) in. 1926; White-ground lekythos, Attic, \(460-450\) B.C., h. \(83 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). 1930 ; Alabastron, core-wound glass, Roman, VII-III century B.C., h. \(41 / 8 \mathrm{in} .1927\)


Black-figure Skyphos, Attic, c. 500 B.C., attributed to the Theseus Painter, h. \(67 / 8\) in. 1925



Red-figure Skyphos, Attic, 470 460 B.C., attributed to the Mount Holyoke Painter, h. \(63 / 8\) in. 1935


Fragment of red-figure vase, Attic, c. \(420-400\) B.C., h. \(5 \frac{1}{4}\) in. 1943


Athlete, Greek, c. 475
B.C. Bronze, h. \(87 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). 1926


Fragment of grave stele, Greek, V century B.C. Marble, h. \(11 \frac{1}{2}\) in. 1923

Fragment of grave stele, Greek, IV century B.C. Marble, h. \(10 \frac{7}{8}\) in. 1916


Greek coins from the Caroline Morris Galt Collection. Left: Pella, 336-323 B.C. AR tetradrachm. Obv. Head of Alexander. Right top: Aetolia, 279-168 B.C. AR halfstater. Rv. Calydonian boar. Right bottom: Euboea, c. 369-330 B.C. Small ( 3.4 gr .) silver coin. Rv. Eagle with snakes. 1938


Medallion from Carthage, Roman, I century B.C. Stone mosaic, d. \(261 / 2 \mathrm{in} .1923\)


Roman Republican coins from the Caroline Morris Galt Collection. Upper left: L. Marcius Philippus, 56 B.C. AR denarius. Obv. Head of Ancus Marcius. Upper right: A. Plautius, c. 54 B.C. AR denarius. Rv. IVDAEVS BACCHIVS kneeling by camel. Lower left: Lucius Hostilius Saserna, 49-46 B.C. AR denarius. Obv. Head of Vercengetorix. Lower center: Romano-Campanian, after 268 B.C. AR didrachm. Rv. Juppiter in quadriga with Victory. Lower right: Caius Serveilius Marcus, 124 B.C. or 93-92 B.C. AR denarius. Rv. Dioscuri on horseback. 1938


Head of a man, fragment of relief from Palmyra, Roman, II century A.D. Limestone, h. 7 in. 1932



Portrait bust of a man from Palmyra, Roman, III century A.D. Limestone, h. 24 in. 1932

Portrait bust of a woman from Palmyra, Roman, III century A.D. Limestone, \(h\). \(213 / 8\) in. 1932


Bronze ornaments from Luristan, 1st Millennium B.C. Left to right: Harness ring, \(h\). \(21 / 4\) in.; Pin, 1. \(51 / 4\) in.; Finial, h. \(5 \frac{5}{8}\) in. 1931


Peruvian Pottery. Top left: Vase, Nasca, 100 B.C.-I century A.D., h. \(6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). Top right: Vase, Mochica, Trujillo North, IV century A.D., h. \(61 / 8\) in. Bottom; Bowl, Nasca, I century B.C. 1 century A.D., d. 6 in. 1962



Musician playing Ch'in, fragment from Lungmen Cave Temple, Chinese, Northern Wei, VI century A.D. Black limestone, h. \(20 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). 1951


Buddhist Priest, Gandharan, II-V century
A.D. Micaceous slate, h. \(133 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). 1947


Head of a Bodhisattiva from Afghanistan, Gandharan, II-V century A.D. Stucco with traces of paint, h. \(91 / 8\) in. 1931

Illustration of a traditional poem, Rajput Kangra School, XVIII century. Tempera with gold leaf, \(91 / 4 \times 71 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). 1947



Plaque, French, Limoges, XII-XIII century.
Champlevé enamel, \(15 / 8 \times 45 / 8 \mathrm{in} .1962\)


Manuscript page: Illustration of the Pentecost,
French, c. \(1400.63 / 8 \times 41 / 2 \mathrm{in} .1959\)

The Resurrection, English, Nottingham, XV century. Alabaster with traces of paint, \(16 \frac{1}{2} \times 101 / 4 \mathrm{in} .1963\)


Fragments of stained glass, German, XIV and XV centuries. 15 /8 x
\(12 \frac{1}{2}\) in. 1931


Madonna and Child, attributed to Desiderio da Settignano (1428-1464), Italian. Terra cotta with traces of paint, \(281 / 2 \times 191 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). 1923

The Nativity, Italian, XVI century.
Pen and ink, \(43 / 4 \times 3 \frac{5}{8}\) in. 1963



Studies for Christ in the Temple by Francesco Barbieri, called Guercino (1591-1666), Italian. Top: recto, pen and ink; bottom: verso, ink and wash; \(10 \frac{1}{4} \times 15 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} .1954\)


Old Woman with Candle, probably Flemish, XVII or XVIII century. Oil on canvas, \(40 \frac{1}{4} \times 34 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). 1917

Battle Scene, Italian, probably Roman, XVII century. Gouache on blue paper, \(18 \times 231 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). 1959



Studies for a fountain, attributed to Pierre Puget (1620-1694), French. Crayon, \(117 / 8 \times 83 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). 1963


Study of nude man, attributed to G. B. Piazzetta (1683-1754), Italian. Crayon with touches of white chalk on grey paper, \(16 \frac{1}{4}\) \(\times 10 \mathrm{in} .1963\)


Studies for a saint, Italian, Bolognese, XVII century. Red crayon on buff paper, \(11 \frac{1}{8} \times 171 / 8 \mathrm{in} .1962\)


Landscape with travellers, attributed to Paulus Bril (1544-1626), Flemish. Ink and watercolor, \(10 \frac{1}{2} \times 113 / 8 \mathrm{in} .1962\)


View of the Valley of Civita-Vecchia-Castellana by Franz Josef Kobell (1749-1822), German. Watercolor, \(9 \times 14 \mathrm{~s} / 8 \mathrm{in} .1963\)


On the River Bank by Adolphe Monticelli (18241886), French. Oil on canvas, \(143 / 4 \times 18 \mathrm{in} .1949\)


Spring in Giverny by Theodore Robinson (18521896), American. Oil on canvas, \(231 / 2 \times 471 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). 1955


Skaters, Central Park by William Glackens (1870-1938), American. Oil on canvas, 24 \(\times 37\) in. 1955


His Majesty by Florence Foss (b. 1882), American. Bronze, h. 14 in. 1948

Woman and Convict by Sidney Nolan (b. 1917), Australian. Oil on paper, \(91 / 2 \times\) \(11 \frac{1}{2}\) in. 1959


Painted Relief by Ben Nicholson (b. 1894), British. Gouache on board, 10 x 11 3/4 in. 1959

The Tree by Doris Lee (b. 1905), American. Oil on canvas, \(351 / 2 \times 21 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). 1952


\section*{OTHER PURCHASE FUNDS}

It seems appropriate at this time to express appreciation of other endowment funds for the purchase of works of art for the Mount Holyoke collection. The Elizabeth Blanchard Fund established in 1884 has added several important Roman originals. The fund in memory of Mary Jane Harris Benner, Class of 1872, furnished the Benner Room with Renaissance casts and originals. The Hollingsworth family in addition to giving a number of paintings to the College established a purchase fund. The income from this and a similar fund from the estate of Ellen Whiting Seldon, Class of 1892, has been used mainly for the acquisition of prints. Recently the Psi Omega Society donated a fund in memory of Mary Gilmore Williams, Class of 1885, for the purchase of Greek art. In 1959 Mrs. Warbeke established the John Martyn Warbeke Fund, which now makes the income from \(\$ 50,000\) available for the purchase of Oriental Art. This is the first fund for this purpose in any American college or university.

In addition to these endowed funds generous gifts of money and objects of art from many donors are increasing the value and usefulness of the collection for Mount Holyoke students and attracting more and more visitors to Dwight Art Memorial.

\section*{GIFTS AND BEQUESTS}

The Art Department is dependent for the growth of its permanent collection on the generosity of donors and is happy to discuss with anyone interested gifts or bequests of objects of art or money for the use of the Art Department. Such gifts and bequests are deductible in the computing of income and inheritance taxes.

\section*{FORM OF BEQUEST}

1 give and bequeath to the Trustees of Mount Holyoke College, in South Hadley, Massachusetts, the sum of \(\qquad\) , same to be invested under the direction of the Trustees, the income only to be used for the Art Department.



\title{
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION FOR MESSRS. SOTHEBY'S CATALOGUES AND PRICE LISTS FOR ONE SEASON
}

The Season opens in October and closes at the end of July.
(All subscriptions include postage)

\section*{PI.AIN CATALOGUES}


\section*{ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES}
(To include Plain Copies where no Illustrated Catalogues are issued)


PRINTED LISTS OF PRICES AND BUYERS' NAMES


\section*{CATALOGUE}

OF

\section*{OLD MASTER DRAWINGS}

INCLUDING


AL.SO

\section*{OLD MASTER PAINTINGS}

COMPRISING
EXAMPLES BY OR ATTRIBUTED TO POTTER, THOMAS PATCH, BROUWER, VAN GOYEN, SAFTLEVEN, DE BRAY, ETC.

AND INCLUDING

and the 解roperty of Aeginald Abel \$mith, \(\mathbb{E}_{s q}\).

WHICH WILL BE SOLD BY AUCTION

BY MESSRS

\section*{SOTHEBY \& CO.}
C. G. Des Gexz, C.B.E
c. V. Pilkinoton
P. C. Wilson J. C. Butterwick
A. R. A. Hobson
A. J. B. Kiddell T. H. Claeke, M.B.E

Auctioncers of Literary Property and Works illustrative of the Fine Arts at their large galleries, \(34 \& 35\) New Bond Street, W. 1

\section*{Days of Sale:}

WEDNESDAY, JULY 23rd, 1952
AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK PRECISELY

On View at least Two Days Previous (Not Saturdays)
Catalogues may be had
Price 2d.

\section*{CONDITIONS OF SALE}
I. The highest bidder to be the buyer. If any dispute arise the Auctioneer shall have absolute discretion to settle it; and to put any disputed lot up again.
II. No person to advance less than 1 s . ; above five pounds 5 s . ; and so on in proportion.
III. All lots are put up for sale subject \((a)\) to any reserve price imposed by the seller and ( \(b\) ) to the right of the seller to bid either personally or else by any one person who may be the Auctioneer.
IV. The purchasers to give in their names and places of abode, and if required, to pay down 10s. in the pound or more in part payment of the purchase money, in default of which the lot or lots purchased may be immediately put up again and resold.
V. All lots are sold as shown with all faults, imperfections, and errors of descriptions. Messrs. Sotheby \& Co. act as agents ; they have full discretion to refuse any bidding or to withdraw any lot or lots from the sale without in either case giving any reason; they are not responsible for errors of description or for genuineness or authenticity of any lot or for any faults or defect in it. Messrs. Sotheby make no warranty whatever.
VI. The lots to be taken away at the buyer's risk and expense, immediately after the conclusion of the sale ; in default of which Messrs. Sotheby \& Co. will not hold themselves responsible if the same are lost, stolen, damaged or otherwise destroyed, but they will be left at the sole risk of the purchaser, and subject to a charge for warehousing. If, at the expiration of Two Days after the conclusion of the sale, unless otherwise agreed, the lots are not cleared or paid for, they may then be sold immediately, either publicly or by private treaty, without any notice being given to the defaulter.
VII. Upon failure of the buyer to comply with any of the above conditions, the money deposited in part-payment shall be forfeited; and the defaulter at this sale shall make good any loss arising from the re-sale, together with the charges and expenses in respect of both sales.
To prevent confusion no purchase can be claimed or removed during the sale.

Messrs. SOTHEBY \& Co.
are prepared to execute bids, and in addition to advise intending purchasers as far as possible, if requested by them to do so, without making any charge for either service. Lots will be procured as cheaply as is permitted by other bids or reserves, if any.

\section*{34 and 35 New Bond Street, London, W. 1}

Telegraphic Address:
Telephone:
"Abinitio. Wesdo, London"
A.B.C. Code. 5th Edition

Regent 6545 (6 lines)

In sending Commissions this Catalogue may be referred to as "QUARTZ"

Reserves and Commissions sent by Telephone are accepted only at the sender's risk and must be confirmed by letter or telegram.

\section*{CATALOGUE}

\section*{OLD MASTER DRAWINGS AND PAINTINGS}

\section*{DAY OF SALE:}

\author{
Wednesday, July 23rd, 1952
}
at eleven o'clock precisely

\section*{OLD MASTER DRAWINGS}

The Property of J. L. Holland, B.A. (decd.)
(Sold by Order of the Executors)
In Portfolio

\section*{Van Goyen}

1 River Scene with a windmill, pen and ink and wash; E. Weirkatter. A Tower on the banks of a river, pen and ink; Dutch School. A Coast
SCENE with figures and shipping, black chalk; and two others

\section*{W. Van de Velde}

2 MEN-OF-WAR in action, pencil and grey wash on grey paper \(7 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by \(12 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). \({ }^{* *}\) * From the Collection of Paul Sandby.

\section*{Eeckhout}

3 LandScape with a stream and cottages, pen and ink and wash \(5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). by \(9 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{P. Molyn}

4 Cottages in the dunes with figures, black chalk and wash, signed

Orsi
5 DESIGN FOR A FRAME, pen and ink and wash
\(6 \frac{3}{8}\) in. by \(5 \frac{7}{8}\) in.

\section*{North Italian School, 16 th Century}

6 Study for an Angel, pen and ink and wash heightened with white on pink prepared ground
\(5 \frac{9}{16}\) in. by \(2 \frac{5}{16} \mathrm{in}\).

Parmegianino
7 Three Warriors, pen and ink and wash 6 \(\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\), by \(4 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\),

\section*{Brusasorci}

8 The Angel of the Annunctation, red chalk, pen and ink and wash, squared for transfer; Genoese School. Adam and Eve and Godfather, pen and ink and wash, squared for transfer

German School, 16th Century
9 The Departure of Achilles, pen and ink and wash \(4 \frac{3}{3} \mathrm{in}\). by \(12 \frac{3}{8} \mathrm{im}\).

\section*{Italian School}

10 The Toilet of Venus, pen and ink and wash, from the Collection of Sir J. C. Robinson; Baroccr. Portrait of a Man, said to be the Duke of Urbino, black chalk heightened with white on blue paper; and another (3)

\section*{Claude}

11 LaNDSCAPE with classical ruins, pen and ink and wash heightened with white on blue paper
\(9 \frac{7}{8}\) in. by 15 in.
** From the Collection of the Earl of Warwick.

\section*{Poussin}

12 Apollo and Daphne, pen and ink and wash, heightened with white
\(5 \frac{1}{8} i n\). by \(6 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

French School
13 Landscape with a Satyr, red chalk
87 in. by \(7 \frac{3}{4} i n\).
** From the Collection of the Earl of Warwick.

\section*{Greuze}

14 Head of a Young Boy, red chalk on grey paper
\(914 i n\). by 7 in . ** From the Collection of the Earl of Warwick.

\section*{Salvator Rosa}

15 Study for soldiers resting; Study for soldiers standing, both pen and ink and wash
** From the Collection of the Earl of Warwick.

\section*{Salvator Rosa}

16 A Fallen Warrior, pen and ink and wash, signed, from the H. Revely Collection; A Warrior Seated, black chalk, pen and ink and wash, from the Wellesley Collection

\section*{Salvator Rosa}

17 Pan and Syrinx, black chalk, pen and ink \(7 \frac{5}{16} i n\). by \(7 \frac{3}{16} \mathrm{in}\). ** From the Collection of Sir J. Reynolds, T. Barnard and H. Revely.

\section*{Salvator Rosa}

18 Landscape with two Shepherds, pen and ink 12in. by \(8 \frac{1}{4} i n\). ** From the Collection of the Earl of Warwick.

Venetian School, 16th Century
19 Landscape with distant mountains, pen and ink
43 in . by \(6 \frac{15}{15} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Guido Reni}

20 Study for a Crucifixion, black chalk heightened with white on grey paper \(14 \frac{5}{\mathrm{i}} \mathrm{in}\). by 10 in .
\({ }^{* *}\) From the Collections of M. von Vries, the Marquis de Langlois and Sir Thomas Lawrence.

\section*{The Property of a Gentleman}

Fra Bartolomeo (attributed to)
21 Figure Studies, pen and ink, shape irregular
\(3 \frac{7}{8}\) in. by \(7 \frac{3}{8}\) in.
\({ }^{*}\) * This and the five following lots were exhibited at Kassel, ca. 1928, in an exhibition of drawings from German Private Collections.

\section*{Brouwer}

22 A Seated Peasant, red chalk; Ostade, An Old Peasant in a chair, pen and ink and wash
** See note to Lot 21 .

\section*{C. Dusart}

23 A Village Street with a cobbler's shop and a woman trying on clogs, pex and ink and grey and blue wash, signed 9in. by \(7 \frac{3}{4}\) in.
** See note to Lot 21 .

\section*{Domenico Beccafumi}

24 A Street in Siena, pen and ink and wash, signed
\(5 \frac{1}{16}\) in. by \(5 \frac{1}{2}\) in. ** See note to Lot 21 .

\section*{E. Bouchardon}

25 David, red chalk; Berchem. Shepherds and Travellers in a wooded ravine, black chalk and wash
\(11 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(9 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).
\({ }^{* *}\) See note to Lot 21 .

\section*{Fragonard}

26 The Adoration, pencil, pen and ink and ruash, cut at the edges
\(7 \frac{1}{8}\) in. by 6 in.
** See note to Lot 21 .

\section*{Various Properties}

\section*{German School}

27 A Court, water colour, oval; Dutch School, 18 th Century. A Jay and A Monkey, water colour

\section*{Stella}

28 An Allegory of War, pen and ink and body colour, from the P. H. Lankrink and J. Barnard Collections; A. J. Carstens. Figure Studies, pencil, pen and ink, from the Collection of Sir T. Lawrence; and another

\section*{G. B. Castiglione}

29 Studies for shepherds and a haycart, reed pen and wash, recto and verso, shape irregular; Magnasco. Judith outside the tent of Holofernes, pen and ink

\section*{Van der Meulen}

30 Huntsmen gathered outside a country house, red chalk and red chalk and wash, recto and verso
\(7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). by 12 in .

\section*{J. van Goyen}

31 LANDSCAPE with cottages, black chalk; LANDSCAPE with a jetty and church, black chalk and wash

\section*{J. van der Vliet}

32 Interior with a family gathered around a baby, black chalk, pen and ink, signed
\(9 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(12 \frac{3}{4}\) in.

\section*{Lievens}

33 A Man covering his eyes, pen and ink and wash; Ostade. A Village Street with Figures; Ruysdael. A Church and Cottages; and another

\section*{Domenichino}

34 A SAINT in prayer, black chalk, heightened with white on green paper; Guercino. An Old Man seated, reading, pen and ink and brown wash; and two others

\section*{Avercamp}

35 River Landscape with cottages and boats, pen and ink, indistinctly dated \(7 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by \(12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Palma}

36 The Trinity with adoring saints, black chalk, pen and ink and wash; Empoli. A Miracle, black chalk and wash; Abate. Studies for nudes, pen and ink, Collection Lugt 521a

\section*{M. DE Cock}

37 The Ruins of an Ampiitheatre, pen and ink, signed \(8 \frac{1}{\mathrm{in}}\). by \(12 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Zuccaro}

38 The Martyrdom of St. Stephen, pen and ink and wash; Palma. A Battle, pen and ink and wash; and another

\section*{Bril}

39 River Landscape with a watergate and a castle, pen and ink; Guercino. Landscape with four figures, pen and ink and brown wash

Luca Cambiaso
40 Venus and Adonis; Marcus Curtius leaping into the Abyss; An Angel, all pen and ink and wash

41 A small Parcel of Drawings in various mediums, of the Italian School

\section*{Caracci}

42 Head of a Bearded Man, red chalk on grey paper, from the Saportas Collection; Coypel. Studies for heads, red and black chalk, two on one mount

\section*{Flemish School}

43 The Seasons, pen and ink and wash, inscribed with the months of the year and the initial D, and dated 1608, each \(7 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(9 \frac{1}{2}\) in.; and another

\section*{F. Boucher}

43A A Winged Putto in flight, black chalk, heightened with white.
\(10 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(8 \frac{3}{4} i n\).

Wednesday
8
July 23rd, 1952

Framed
Poussin
44 VIews in Italy, gouache, a pair
8委in. by 13 in. (2)
V. Van der Vinne

45 A Butterfly, gouache
\(6 \frac{1}{4}\) in. by \(4 \frac{3}{4} i n\).

Ostade
46 Boors in an Interior, pen and ink and wash
\(8 \frac{1}{4} i n\). by \(9 \frac{1}{8} i n\).

\section*{L. Cambiaso}

47 The Holy Family with St. John the Baptist, inscribed A. S. Arnolfino Arnolfini à Lucca, pen and ink and wash \(8 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(7 \frac{3}{4}\) in.
** From the Collection of H. Revely.
A. Turchi

48 The Flaying of Marsyas
18in. by \(26 \frac{1}{2} i n\).
** From the Collection of H. Revely.

\section*{PAINTINGS}

The Property of Mrs. Fanny Lydia Kelly (decd.)
(Sold by Order of the Executors)
J. M. Molanaer

49 A Merry Company of Peasants dancing in an interior, signed, on panel
\(15 \frac{3}{4} i n\). by \(20 \frac{3}{4} i n\).
C. Poelenburgh

50 The Adoration of the Magi, on panel
\(16 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(12 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

School of Parma
51 The Agony in the Garden, on panel
2014in. by 17 in .

\section*{P. Potter}

52 LANDSCAPE with two cows and a goat on high ground near a tree ; a view on to a plain and a copse to the right, on panel
\(14 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(15 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{North Italian School}
\(\therefore 3\) The Holy Family with St. Catharine and the Infant St. John, on panel, unframed
\(18 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). by \(15 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Berchem}

54 A Dutch Winter Scene with figures on a frozen canal near a bridge, on panel

Sin. by \(10 \frac{1}{4} i n\).

Johannes Janson
55 LANDSCAPE with a path by a river and figures, signed, on panel
\(9 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by \(7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{NASMYTHI}

56 LANDSCAPE with a road and cottages in the foreground, signed, on panel \(16 \frac{1}{4}\) in. by \(22 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Abraham Storck}

57 View of A River with shipping, and horses and a church on the bank, signed, on panel
\(13 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(19 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{The Property of Reginald Abel Smith, Esq.}

Dutch School
58 An Imaginary View of Venice, with shipping and figures \(27 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by 35 in .

\section*{Thomas Patch}

59 A View of the Arno and Florence from the left bank above the Ponte delle Grazie, with rowing boats and bathers
\(34 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 47 in .
\({ }^{* *}\) * From the Collection of Col. Abel Henry Smithe, Woodhall Park, Herts.

\section*{Thomas Patch}

60 A View of the Arno and Florence from the Cascine Gardens, with figures on the banks and a ferry
\(34 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(46 \frac{1}{2}\) in.
** From the Collection of Col. Abel Henry Smithe, Woodhall Park, Herts. A companion to the preceding lot.

\section*{F. Snyders}

61 A Still Life of dead game and a lobster with fruit in a wicker basket, and two monkeys

38 in . by 59 in .

\section*{E. Havell}

62 A Huntsman on horseback and his hounds, signed and dated 1875, an panel
\(22 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(27 \frac{3}{8} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{J. Hoppner, R.A.}

63 Portrait of William Pitt, three-quarter length, standing, wearing black, his left hand on his hip, his right rested on a chair over which hangs the gown of the Chancellor of the Exchequer
\(55 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by 46 in .

\section*{Other Properties}

\section*{A. Brouwer}

64 A Peasant passing through a doorway carrying a pitcher, on panel
8in. by \(4 i n\).
** Sold with a certificate by Prof. W. von Bode.

Rubens
6.5 Portrait of the Duke of Mantua, half-length to the left, wearing armour and a red cloak, on panel
\(26 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by 24 in .

Brueghel
05 A Canal Scene in a Village, with boats drawn up and figures disembarking; A Village on the banks of a stream with travellers on a road, on panel, a pair
\(10 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(14 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{J. Griffier}
67) Rhine Landscape with a ferry boat and a village on the banks, on panel \(18 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(24 \frac{3}{4}\) in.

\section*{Jan van Goyen}

68 A River Estuary with fishing boats in a fresh breeze; to the right figures on a shallow promontary and a church amongst trees in the distance, signed with initials and dated 1641 \(15 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). by \(19 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Teniers}

69 River Landscape with peasants near a high bank, on panel \(8 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by \(13 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

Cuylenborch
70 The Magdalen, on panel
\(9 \frac{1}{2} i n\). by \(12 i n\).

Italian School
71 A Youthful Saint, on panel
141in. by 9 in.

\section*{St. Aubin}

72 The Introduction \(20 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(16 \frac{1}{2}\) in.
** From the Battle Abbey Heirlooms.

English School
73 A Mountainous Valley
91 in. by \(13 i n\).

Locatelli
74 Italian Landscapes, a pair
\(20 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(28 \frac{1}{2} i n\). (2)

Monamy
75 The Arrival of George II in England
\(38 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 49 in.

Dutch School
76 Landscape with Figures and Cattle \(25 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 31 in.

Englishi School
77 Portrait of a Lady dressed as a shepherdess, on panel 18 in . by \(14 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{J. C. Droochsloot}

78 A Kermesse in a broad village street, signed with initials, on panel
38in. by \(61 \frac{1}{2} i n\).

Craesbeck
79 Boors fighting outside an Inn
28in. by 41 in.

Arthois
80 Landscapes with a cowherd; and A Shooting Party, gouache, a pair 14in. by \(18 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

Flemish School
81 A Deer Forest, gouache
\(8 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by 10 in .

Spanish School
82 Portrait of a Franciscan Monk
21in. by \(15 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

\section*{J. Van Goyen}
8. 3 Shipping in a wide river estuary in a stiff breeze, on panel \(18 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by 23 in .
C. Poelenburgh

84 Diana and her Nymphs, on panel
9in. by 11 itin.

Millet
85 Classical Landscape with Figures 18in. by 223 is in.

Rubens
86 Allegory of Peace and War
43腬in. by \(55 \frac{1}{2} i n\).

Ribera
87 The Holy Family
\(48 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(37 \frac{1}{2}\) in.
S. Verelst

88 Flowers in glass vases standing on stone tables, a pair 13 \(\frac{1}{\mathrm{in}}\). by 11 t in . (2)
** From the Collection of The Princess V. Duleep Singh.
From the Collection of Sir Gerald Ryan, Bt.
Van Croos
89 River Landscape with a cottage and figures, on panel 19in. by \(28 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

Beerstraeten
90 A Village in Winter
\(22 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 32 in .

\section*{Casteels}

91 Summer Flowers in a porcelain bowl on a stone ledge, on panel
25ㄴㄹㄴ. by 20 in .
** From the Collection of W. Pickering.

Rubens
92 The Garden of Love
2812in. by \(40 \frac{3}{4} i n\).

Peter Monamy
93 A Royal Visit to the Fleet, ca. 1720
46 \(\frac{1}{2}\) in. by 71in.

Dutch School
94 A Marriage Picture, unframed
34in. by 42tin \(i n\).

\section*{Lejeune}

95 Portrait of a Military Commander, half-length, in armour, in a grey wig \(29 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by \(24 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Kersboom}

96 Portrait of a Man, half-length, in a painted oval, on metal \(8 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 7 in.

\section*{Patel}

97 River Landscape with a fisherman and shepherds \(45 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(59 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

\section*{Lely}

98 Portrait of a Gentleman, said to be Henry Wilmot, First Earl of Rochester, three-quarter length, seated in a landscape

4912 in. by \(38 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

Wouverman
99 A Cavalry Engagement outside a walled city
43-1 in. by \(55 i n\).

\section*{Grordano}

100 Venus and Adonis
24in. by \(29 \frac{1}{2}\) in.
Reni
101 The Flight into Egypt 63in. by 50 in .

\section*{La Hire}

102 The Israelites smitten by the plague and King David sacrificing on Ornan's threshing floor, unframed

40 in . by 61 in .

\section*{Carlevaris}

103 A State Visit at Naples with many figures on the quayside and the fleet assembled in the bay

293 in. by \(66 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Canaletto}

104 A View of San Giovanni e Paolo and the Scuola di San Rocco
\(21 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 33 in.
Venusti
105 The Cructfixion, on panel, unframed
\(11 \frac{1}{4}\) in. by \(8 \frac{3}{4} i n\).

\section*{Berckheyde}

106 The Courtyard of a Country House, with a lady and cavalier setting out for a hunt
\[
26 \frac{1}{2} \text { in. by } 31 \mathrm{in} \text {. }
\]

Domenichino
107 St. Catharine
\(28 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by \(22 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).
Parmegianino
108 The Holy Family with St. Catharine, on panel \(30 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by \(23 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

Van der Does
109 LANDSCAPE with a shepherdess near a stream
263 in. by \(33 i n\).
J. van Streek

110 Still Life with fruit and earthenware vessels
\(30 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 38 in .

\section*{Reni}

111 St. Veronica, oval
\(38 i n\). by \(28 i n\).

Dutch School, 18th Century
112 River Landscape with figures by a ford
\(12 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by \(15 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Cuyp}

113 River Landscape with cattle, and a horseman conversing with a milkmaid, bears signature

39 in. by \(55 \frac{3}{4}\) in.

\section*{Nicolas Berchem}

114 A Mountain Landscape with an Italian farmhouse by a large waterfall; shepherds resting in the foreground, signed \(36 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). by \(34 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Canaletto}

115 Two Views of the Piazza San Marco, Venice, a pair 18 in . by \(23 \frac{3}{4}\) in. 2

Pannini
116 The Ruins of a Roman Bath with Figures 32 \(\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by \(61 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Zuccarelli}

117 A River Valley with shepherds resting near a sarcophagus 303 in . by 52 in .

\section*{Wouverman}

118 Soldiers halting outside a Smithy
144in. by \(19 i n\).

\section*{Van der Neer}

119 A Lady as Salome with the Head of St. John the Baptist, on metal, oval \(4 i n\). by \(3 \frac{1}{4} i n\).

\section*{Venetian Schoul}

120 The Adoration of the Magi, unframed 75in. by 554 in

Lepicié
121 A Young Couple with a Birdcage \(29 \frac{1}{1}\) in. by \(21 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

Locatelli
122 River Landscape with a monastery \(21 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 29 in .

Van Dyck
123 Portrait of a Gentleman in dark cloak and white lawn collar, inscribed with the age of the sitter and date 1655

Dutch School
124 River Landscape with a ferry
\(33 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 61 in .

Dutch School
124a River Landscape with harvesters and musicians \(33 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 61 in.

Brueghel
125 The Element of Water
\(16 \nless i n\). by \(22 i n\).
Francken
126 Christ in the House of Simon, on panel, unframed \(16 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 13 in .

Leonardo
127 The Madonna with the Playing Children, on panel 29in. by \(19 \frac{1}{2}\) in.
Zuccarelli
128 Gypsies Camping in a Landscape 25in. by \(31 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{English School, 19th Century}

129 A Village by a Lake; Park Landscape with a country house
Bourguignon
130 A Battle against the Moors
27 in . by 76 in .
P. de Neyn

131 River Landscape with a farmhouse and figures, on panel, oval
10 至 in. by \(19 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).
Dutch School, 18th Century
1.32 Landscapes with travellers; and An Ambush, a pair -101 in. by 16 in .2
Ghisolfi
133. Classical, Ruins with Figures, on panel 16in. by \(23 \frac{1}{2}\) in.
Kichard Wright
1.34 Ships in a Storm off a Rocky Coast, signed
\(17 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(37 \frac{1}{4} i n\)
Kneller
135 Margaret, Countess of Coningsby, half-length, in a gold and green dress with a purple cloak, oval \(29 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(24 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\).
** Baroness of Hampton Court and heir to the Earldom according to special remainder. Married Sir Michael Newton of Barr's Court, Gloucester.

Orizonti
136 Landscape with a Monastery, on panel
\(24 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 18 in

Titian
137 Danae 46in. by \(65 i n\).

Kneller
138 Three Gentlemen around a table with letters and documents 54 in . by 67 in .
F. de la Haye

139 The Virgin and Child with St. Anne and a Centurion, signed and dated 1850
52 in . by 42 in .

\section*{J. van Kessel}

140 A View of a Canal, with a carriage and horseman and other figures near a footbridge 52 in . by 71 in .
S. Ricci

141 Aeneas and Anchises
88 in. by 61 in.

\section*{School of Teniers}

142 Interior of a Barn with a courting couple, indistinctly signed, on panel
\(22 \frac{3}{4} i n\). by \(32 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

\section*{Orizonti}

144 River Landscape with Bathers
143̣in. by 17in.

\section*{Rosa da Tivoli}

145 A Shepherd and his Flock in a Landscape
35in. by \(56 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

\section*{P. Rysbrach}

146 A Still Life of dead game and fish, signed \(27 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(35 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Pieter Wouverman}

147 The Stag Hunt; Huntsmen and a beggar, on panel, a pair \(8 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(11 \frac{1}{4}\) in. (2)

\section*{Ary de Vois}

148 A Lady as Venus with a dog in a park landscape, on panel 8in. by \(10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{D. Hals}

149 The Duet, on panel
7in. by \(7 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

\section*{Zuccarelli}

150 LANDSCAPE with a fisherman, a young woman and her child 13 in . by \(17 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Pittoni}

151 A Miracle of St. Dominic, arched on top
\(27 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(15 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

\section*{Hondius}

152 A Kennel Boy feeding hounds in an open shed in a landscape 23 itin. by 30 in .

\section*{Jordaens}

153 An Old Woman with a basket, shielding a candle with her hand 291in. by \(24 \frac{1}{i} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{G. B. Ruoppolo}

154 A Still Life of Fruit, unframed 20in. by \(16 i n\).

\section*{Schiavone}

155 The Courtyard of a Venetian Palace with elegant figures and deer, a view on to houses and palaces in the background, on panel 81 in . by 101 in .
R. Westall, R.A.

156 The Young Christ in the Temple
57in. by \(78 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

Caracci
157 Christ healing the Blind
42in. by \(58 \frac{1}{2} i n\).

\section*{J. Asseleyn}

158 River Landscape with a ruined monastery and figures \(35 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). by \(37 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

Bogdani
159 A Still Life of fruit in a landscape 23 \(\frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(29 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

RaphaEl (AFTER)
161 The Virgin with the Goldfinch, on panel 403 in . by 29 in.

\section*{French School, 19th Century}

162 Portrait of a Lady, three-quarter length, seated by a table, in a white dress and red jacket

55 in . by \(42 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{Cuyp}

163 Horsemen and cattle by a river, on panel
\(8 \frac{1}{8}\) in. by \(10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\).

\section*{H. J. Boddington}

164 Distant Landscape seen through a beech wood at evening, signed, on board \(13 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(18 \frac{7}{8}\) in.

\section*{Dutch School, 17th Century}

165 Portrait of an old woman, half-length, her hands clasped before her, holding a prayer book, on panel
\(34 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 28 in.

\section*{Jan de Bray}

166 Portrait of a gentleman, half-length, wearing black with a white collar, his gloves in his left hand, on panel
\(30 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(24 \frac{3}{8}\) in.
** Sold with a certificate by the Director of the Frans Hals Museum, Haarlem, 1934.

\section*{Dutch School, 18th Century}

167 Two Landscapes with figures and horses gathered in front of buildings, on copper, a pair

5 夏in. by \(7 \frac{3}{4}\) in. 2
Berchem
168 Pastoral Landscape with washerwomen and a bathing shepherdess, bears signature
\(21 i n\). by \(25 i n\).
Bassano
169 The Madonna and Child enthroned, adored by a donor and his son
\(40 \frac{3}{4}\) in. by \(34 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

\section*{Italo-Flemish School}

170 Danae, on panel
\(31 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by 46 in .
Guercino
171 St. Sebastian comforted by an Angel 34in. by 31in.

\section*{Coypel}

172 The Triumph of Amphitrite, on panel 9 9 in. by 12 in .

\section*{Robert}

173 River Landscape with two fishermen near a big tree, oval \(24 \frac{1}{\mathrm{in}}\). by \(19 \mathrm{in}\).

French School
174 Portrait of a man, half-length, in white collar and cuffs and green mantle
24in. by 182in.
R. DA Tivoli

175 A Shepherd with a Kid
\(21 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(15 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

Spanish School
176 St. Peter
221 in by by \(17 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\).
La Tour
177 The Infant Christ adored by St. Francis and St. Claire \(44 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by 38 in .
J. Heil

178 The Fall of Troy 421 \(\frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(58 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

\section*{J. B. Weenix}

179 A Hunting Still Life in a rocky landscape, signed
473 in. by \(60 \frac{3}{i} \mathrm{in}\).

Adolf Friedricij Harper
180 Landscape with a waterfall and fishermen
473in. by 36 in .

Dutch School
181 Skaters on a frozen canal near a cottage, on panel
73 in by \(10 \frac{3}{4}\) in.
J. C. Droochsloot

182 A Village Street with many Figures, signed with initials and dated 1665 , on panel
\(14 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\). by \(20 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).
H. Saftleven

183 Rhineland Landscape with barges unloading near a rocky bank, sigmed with monogram and dated 1683, on panel 19in. by \(23 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

LeLy
184 Portrait of a Lady, half-length, in a painted oval 283 in by 24 in .

Domenichino
185 Landscape with the Rest on the Flight
\(22 \frac{3}{4}\) in. by \(34 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

End of Sale

\section*{SOTHEBY \& CO.}

\author{
34 \& 35 New Bond Street, W. 1
}
are pleased to perform the following services:

\section*{TO SELL BY AUCTION}

Pictures, Drawings, Prints; Jewels, Silver, Objects of Vertu; Books, Manuscripts, Autograph Letters; Antiquities, Coins; Armour, Ceramics, Furniture, Glass, Textiles, Works of Art, Eta

The most careful attention is given to all properties whether small or large.
TO CONDUCT SALES AT PRIVATE HOUSES
TO PREPARE VALUATIONS
for Probate, Insurance or Family Division.
TO ARRANGE VISITS OF INSPECTION.
Terms for the above Services will be supplied on application.

NO CHARGE IS MADE FOR
Advice to intending sellers regarding the disposal of literary and artistic property ;
Advice to intending buyers at their sales;
Examination of property submitted to them at their rooms with a view to sale ;

Execution of bids at their sales.

\section*{NOTICES OF SALES}

Notices of all Sales appear in "The Daily Telegraph" on Mondays, and in "The Times" on Tuesdays.
Notices of Special Sales appear in "The Burlington Magazine" and suitable papers from time to time.

Telephone:
Regent 6545 ( 6 lines)

Telegrams and Cables : Abinitio, Wesdo, London






55 PARK LANE
LONDON W. 1
F:A Al

\(x\) s: \(\because\) : ...
Fth May, 1953.

Dear Mr. Bader,
I was so interested to receive your lester and to know that you are now the owner of one of my pictures.

I bought this picture in London nearly shirt; years ego and always thought it was by "right of تer-y, but of course you know he specialised in candlelight ;ictures. I centit with another Wright of Derby to ion i-contenary Exhibition in his native town of Derby. The authorities there said it was a Jacob Jordeans and showed it as such in the Exhibition and it hes always been accepted as such ever since.

I know the picture you mention in Earl Faversham's collection by Reubens, and saw it when it was shown at the Dutch Exhibition at the Royal Academy in London before the war. Your picture is very similar except for the omission of the boy's head. But then Jordeans and Reuben were friends and they "irked together for many years often in the same studio so the, ware was probably inspired by jeubers but ain el by üscob Jordeans.

I am sorry I cannot be more ielpfil or gave you more information.

I an sui interested to now thrift the !ictire is a ow so far ama:.

Yours sincerely,


Alfred Bader, Esq.,
2428 East irebster Place,
Milwaukee ll,
Tisoonsin.

SEEKS INCREASE IN U. S., STAIE FUNDS Council Votes City Lobby

MILWAUKEE SENTINEL


egregation Study pted by Catholics

Senior Citizens'
Center Review Set


                    \(\pm=5\)
                            \(=x^{2}=\mathbf{x}=\mathbf{y y y}\)



\(\qquad\)




Fountain Program Produces Splash

Jury Rooms to Be Spruced Up
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline long time grim & tiree & bash & xecutive) \(D\) &  \\
\hline  & awating assignment or bo & & side, too." & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { grounds commf } \\ \text { he is chaitman. }\end{array}\right.\) \\
\hline  & &  & & treschamman \\
\hline Cours Fraid Tuesday. & & & & \\
\hline hen the painters & & & & the back door." \\
\hline ab & & & & \\
\hline (tax smudged dha ludicial svs. & Women's liry liberes & & 3xth floors of the courthouse & \\
\hline he meers assembly room &  & providibg draperies & frequently have & proved by the buil \\
\hline & came out hanent on unic cat & placea hos & & \\
\hline aph H & & maack saic & suev & \\
\hline Tuestay &  & & pritition has been & \\
\hline "rpee crets to & &  & & \\
\hline jurors are
for the & & Gasrd Chatrman E4Bene) & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Craig Breedlove Pilots Jet Car to World Land 5peed Record at Bomneville Salt Flats Breedlove's 555 m.p.h. World Mark

\section*{Mum's the Word in Lions' Den}

\(\qquad\) vョมv \(\frac{\text { INacisay }}{}\)

















7th May, 1953.

Dear Mr. Bader,
I was so interested to receive your letter and to know that you are now the owner of one of my pictures.

I bought this picture in London nearly thirty years ago and always thought it was by "right of Derby, but of course you know he specialised in candlelight pictures. I sent it with another Wright of Derby to the Bi-centenary Exhibition in his native town of Derby. The authorities there said it was a Jacob Jordeans and showed it as such in the Exhbition and it has always been accepted as such ever since.

I know the picture you mention in Earl Faversham's collection by Reubens, and saw it when it was shown at the Dutch Exhibition at the Royal Academy in London before the war. Your picture is very similar except for the omission of the boy's head. But then Jordeans and Reubens were friends and they worked together for many years often in the same studio so the picture was probably inspired by Reuben but painted by Jacob Jordeans.

I am sorry I cannot be more helpful or give you more information.

I am so interested to know that the picture is now so far away.

Yours sincerely,


Alfred Bader, Esq., 2428 East Webster Place, Milwaukee Il, Wisconsin.

ERIK LARSEN, LITT.D., M. A. (LOVAN.)
CORRESPONDENT-MEMBER, ACADEMIE D'AIX-EN.PROVENCE
CORREPPONDENT-ACADEMICIAN, REAL ACADEMIA DE BELLAS ARTEE DE BAN TELMO-MALAGA
honorary memeer, Comite cultural argentino
monorary academician, accademia di belle arti "pietro vannucci", perugia

0
September 1, 1953.

Mr. Alfred Bader
2428 East Webster Place
inilwaukee 11, Wisconsin

Dear Mr. Bader :
Thank you very much for your kind letter that I have read with great interest. When I plan my next trip to Chicago, I shall certainly not fail coming to Milwaukee and avail myself of your kind invitation.
with regard to your painting of an old lady in cand hight:if your painting is really similar to the one forthcoming from the collection of Lord Feversham, then you can be sure that it is a composition derived from Rubens. It has nothing to do with Jordaens. The prototype of this composition is "The old woman with the coal-pan" preserved in the Drescien Gallery, Germany. The latter picture is itself the left part of the Rubens painting "Venus chilled" belonging to the Brussels Museum. ilax that the initial Rubens composition has been cut down in 1747, dividing it thus into two paintings. I have not seen the Feversham variant when I was in Boston three weeks ago, but next time I go there, I shall ask to see it, and then I shall be able to establish the exact relationship of your painting mikik (copy or replica) with the two above named panels. Wias it your painting that has been exhibited at Oberlin(Ohio) with an attribution to Honthorst? (In 1938, I think).

As to your other paintings, I am quite excited by your mentioning a selfportrait by Brouwer. I know only of one such painting - a drinker lifting a heavy wineglass,and belonging to a series of the five senses. Another selfportrait by the artist would be quite an event. Could you eventually spare me a photograph thereof, as well as of your old lady in candlelight? I might be able to tell you a little upon view of the photographs already.

I am,


Now York, April 5, 1856. 103 East 86th Street

The painting reproduced on the back of this photograph - Old Woman With a Candle - forthcoming from the Callection of Lord Mackintosh of Halifax, Conyngham Hall, Knaresborough, England (ail on canvas, height 29 1/4 inches, width \(241 / 4\) inches h, is in my opinion an authentic and most interesting work by
\[
\text { Sir } P \text { ter } P \text { aura } R u \text { bens. }
\]

The decisive, masterly treatment of the chiaroscuro, as well as the highly successful painterly opposition of bold impasto strakes with the smooth brushwork of the shades, are typical of the artist's technique. For purposes of comparison, I only wish to point to the "Adoration of the Magi" sketch at Groningen, or to "Samson and Delilah" at the Chicago Art Institute. The subject itself enjoyed great Savor during Rubens: lifetime, and kindred although different, versions are extant at the Dresden (Germany) and Boston, Mass., Museums.

In full agreement with H.G. Evers' views, as set forth in his "rubens and sein Werik" (Brussels, 1943, p.233), I propose to date the painting from 1611, when Caravaggesque influences still played a predominent part in Rubens \({ }^{3}\) artistic conception. Exhibited: Bi-centenary Exhibition of the works of wright of Derby, Derby, 1934.


\section*{SEEKS INCREASE IN U. S., STATE FUNDS Council Votes City Lobby}

MILWAUKEE SENTINEL
\(\qquad\)

\[
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { climbul into a plio of leaves near his } \\
\text { accumulote in stroot guttors. It is dan- } \\
\text { home, but only to illustrate the lesson. }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
\]

Coplouer an Youth Told
Need Is Action, Nof̂ Talk


\section*{Fountain Program} Produces Splash
tion Study
Catholics

\section*{}


Senior Citizens' pended puty Enters ty Plea

Hillel Will Auction Rubens Painting

che全


 and
and




\section*{Jury Rooms to Be Spruced Up}

\section*{Segregation,' Msgr. Goebel \\ Cond
}


> Now York, April 5, 1856. 103 East \(86 t h\) Street

The paiating reproduced on the back of this photograph - Old Woman with a Candle - forthcoming from the Callection of Lord Mackintosh of Halifax, Congngham Hall, Knaresborough, England (oil on canvas, hoight 29 1/4 inches, width \(241 / 4\) inches), is in my opinion an authentic and most interesting work by
Sir Peter Paul Rubens.

The decisive, masterly treatment of the chiaroscuro, as woll as the highly successful painterly opposition of bold impasto strokes with the smooth brushwor's of the shades, are typical of the artist's technique. For purposes of comparison, I only wish to point to the "Adoration of the Magi" sketch at Groningen, or to "Samson and Delilahn at the Chicago Art Institute. The subject itself enjoyed great favor during Rubons' lifetime, and kindred although different, versions are extant at the Dresden (Germany) and Boston, Hass., Museums.

In full agreement with H.G.Evers \({ }^{8}\) views, as set forth in his "Rubens und sein Werk" (Brussols, 2943, p.233), I propose to date the painting from 1611, when Caravaggesque influences still played a predominent part in Rubens \({ }^{3}\) artistic conception.

Exhibited: Bi-centenary Exhibition of the works of Wright of Dorby, Derby, 1934.


\section*{Bassano}

143 Christ falling under the Cross
203 2 in. by \(14 \frac{3}{4}\) in.

Orizonti
144 River Landscape with Bathers
143 in in. by 17 in .

Rosa da Tivoli
145 A Shepherd and his Flock in a Landscape
35in. by \(56 \frac{1}{2}\) in.
P. Rysbrach

146 A Still Life of dead game and fish, signed \(27 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). by \(35 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

Pieter Wouverman
\(\mathcal{f e f}^{147}\) The Stag Hunt; Huntsmen and a beggar, on panel, a pair
\(8 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(11 \frac{1}{4}\) in. (2)
Aby de Vols
148 A Lady as Venus with a dog in a park landscape, on panel Sin. by \(10 \frac{1}{2}\) in.
D. Hals

149 The Duet, on panel
7 in. by \(7 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

Zuccarelli
150 Landscape with a fisherman, a young woman and her child 13 in . by \(17 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}\).

Pittoni
\(\int 151\) A Miracle of St. Dominic, arched on top
\(27 \frac{1}{2}\) in. by \(15 \frac{1}{2}\) in.

\section*{Hondius}

152 A Kennel Boy feeding hounds in an open shed in a landscape \(23 \frac{1}{4}\) in. by 30 in .

Jordaens
\(\checkmark 153\) An Old Woman with a basket, shielding a candle with her hand Baden \(£ 28\) 2914 in. by \(24 \frac{1}{i n}\).
G. B. Ruoppolo

154 A Still Life of Fruit, unframed
20in. by 16 im .


Price 2 d .```


[^0]:    (

