

DEPARTMENT OF ORGANIC CHEMISTRY
Prague Institute of Chemical Technology
fecnnicka 5, 16628 Prague 6
CZECH REPUBLIC


White Gables
24 Holmesdate Road
Bexhill-on-Sea Ias Sussex IN zoo 3(1)
UNITED KINGDOM

Dear Dr Bade.
residue" from bim

Wishing yod much suet: wo
with best regards to you and Mo ! a ha

## 8

before

February 21, 1997

Professor Oldrich Paleta<br>Department of Organic Chemistry<br>Prague Institute of Chemical Technology<br>Technickí 5<br>16628 Prague 6<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Paleta:

Thank you for your and Dr. Drasar's letters about the question whether Dr. Vladimir Havlicek is an organic chemist.

I am just querying a number of competent chemists and I look forward to discussing the whole matter with you when I see you in Prague during our next visit - the second half of June.

Of course I have given the Foundation for Civil Society the dollar equivalent 330,000 Czech crowns to cover the awards for the next three years.

Right now I am just writing to you hurriedly to point to a Letter to the Editor of this week's $C \& E$ News, copy enclosed. You may not get $C \& E$ News for a few weeks, but of course you will be asked the very important question: Whether Dr. Landa's samples, stored in your Institute, contain fullerenes.

With best personal regards, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

AB/nik


Enclosure

| DATE | SOURCE | DESCRIPTION |  |  |  | DEBIT |  |
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# DEPARTMENT OF ORGANIC CHEMISTRY <br> Prague Institute of Chemical Technology 

Technická 5, 16628 Prague 6
CZECH REPUBLIC

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Int.tel. +4202 24354284 office
    +4202}24354278 lab
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Fax: +4202 2431 1082
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Fax: +4202 2431 1082
+420224354288

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    +420224354288
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Dr. Alfred Bader
2961 North Shepard Avenue
Milwaukee
Wisconsin 53211, U.S.A.

Fax: 0014149628322
March 17, 1997

Dear Dr. Bader:

Thank you for your letter from Feb. 21 and the information enclosed. The idea on the presence of fullerenes in samples of petroleum withdrawn in Hodonín area is very interesting.

Now, I have pleasure to inform you that a sample of this petroleum has been tracked down. A colleague of mine, Doc. S.Hála, a pensioner, who had worked in the former department of Prof. Landa, looked for the samples among old things and he was quite successful: he found a sample of petroleum from pumped out drill hole quite close to Hodonín (ca. 2 km ). A certificate of the properties of this sample "Morava 26" ,as determined in 1959, is enclosed (characteristics + properties: hole Helvet, depth 415 m by pump; density, viscosity, two points of inflammation, paraffin content, congeal point, refractive index, mol. weight, neutralization number, elemental composition, distillation curve, fractions;
note: the nearest "active" drill hole was (in 1967) 100 m far and has been named Hodonín LXV).

For a potential investigation, there is ca. 0.5 liter of this sample at disposal.
Best wishes.
Mdich Zucva

Oldřich Paleta


## FAX TRANSMITTAL SHEET

Dr. Alfred Bader<br>2961 North Shepard Avenue<br>Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211<br>Telephone 4149625169<br>FAX 4149628322

April 22, 1994
TO: Professor Rudolf Zahradnik, President
Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic
422265205
Dear Professor Zahradnik:
Thank you so much for your fax of today.
The fellowship at the University of Pennsylvania is for a student working towards his Ph.D., with funding assured for the first three years. This is similar to the fellowships established by us at Columbia University, Imperial College and Harvard University. We have not yet established any funding for postdocs.

I do not believe that it would yet be appropriate to discuss more specifically the possibility of establishing a chair at Charles University. As you perhaps know, I have discussed this in some detail with the staff of the Foundation for a Civil Society who I am convinced really has the best of the Czech Republic at heart. They have pointed out, I am sure correctly, that we must first find out at which Czech university such a chair would be most helpful. I am not looking for an ego trip to establish a chair at the best-known Czech university, but it may well be that a chair, say, in Brno, or at one of the other universities would really help more.

Also, you have not answered my question of some months ago as to how you can assure that a really first-class chemist would get this chair. Most important, we do not want to establish a chair which will simply take over an already existing professorship. We really want to make a difference and establish a chair which would truly be an "add-on".

Please let me discuss all this with you during our visit to Prague in June, and after that I hope you will understand more clearly what we would like to do.

We never imagined what difficulties we would encounter in trying to help Czechs simply because we so grossly underestimated the inexperience of the Czech academic establishment. Under separate cover, I am sending you the difficulties with that very simple 100,000 Czech crown prize for a good chemist. Just look at the bureaucratic rigmarole involved. Of course, I am glad that it has now been established, but please note my comments about the difficulties expressed in my letter to Ms. Hannah Evans.

Professor R. Zahradnik
April 22, 1994
Page Two

I am so glad that you met Dr. Eva Kushner. She is obviously a great human being whose heart is in the Czech Republic.

All good wishes.
Sincerely,


# ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC <br> PRESIDENT Via Fax: 001-414-962-8322 

Dr. Alfred Bader
2961 North Shepard Avenue Mi lwaukee,
Wisconsin 53211
II. S. A.

Prague, August 4, 1994

Dear Dr.Bader:

Thank you very much for your kind reply to my letter of June 30th.

I am glad to hear you regard the American Czech-Slovak Education Fund worth to cooperate with in a near or more distant future. Your rating of ACSEF is excellent since you parallel their work with that of the Foundation for a Civil Society. Certainly, ACSEF has a narrower focus than the Foundation, but precisely because of that it is more experienced as concerns the needs of academics and higher education.

I think I can understand how difficult and time-consuming it is to find a reasonable way to help Czech chemists and art historyans. Please, let me assure you that I do not wish to press you in any way. The reason for this prompt response to your letter is that I have just returned to my office for one week to divide my holiday into two halves.

> With my best regards to Mrs.Bader and to you.

> Sincerely yours,


Prof. Dr. Rudolf Zahradník

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# Dr. Alfred Bader 924 East Juneau. Suite 622 Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 Phone: 414/277-0730 Fax: 414/277-0709 

## A Chemist Helping Chemist.

May 19, 1997

Professor Dr. Rudolf Zahradník<br>President<br>Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic<br>Narodni Tr. 3<br>11142 Prague<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Zahradník:

Isabel and I much look forward to being with you at 11:00 am on Monday morning, June 23rd.
There are a number of questions we would like to discuss with you, the most important of which is whether Czech tax law has now changed. We would like to make a major gift to a Czech university, specifically to establish a chair. In the past, income from such a gift was taxable in the Czech Republic. Looking at this from our point of view, that is absurd because we want to help Czech universities and not have some of the gift diverted.

Has that law now changed, and is income from such gifts now tax-free?
With best personal regards, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

AB/cw

Dr. Alfred Bader
924 East Juneau, Suite 622
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Phone: 414/277-0730
Fax: 414/277-0709
A Chemist Helping Chemists
March 14, 1996

Professor Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik<br>President<br>Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic<br>Narodni Tr. 3<br>11142 Prague<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Zahradnik:

I am deeply disappointed by your letter of March 4th indicating that you have given up on your efforts for a postage stamp honoring Josef Loschmidt.

The fact is that Loschmidt was a Bohemian and one of the greatest physicists and chemists of the 19th century.

I have no love for the Sudeten Germans. I just want to argue against their claim that Loschmidt was a Sudeten German. Such didn't exist during Loschmidt's lifetime.

Isabel and I are sorry that we will miss you during our stay in Prague during the first week in June. But perhaps we will be able to persuade you to visit us in Milwaukee and then also to meet again during our next visit to Prague.

With all good wishes, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

# Dr. Alfred Bader <br> 924 East Juneau, Suite 622 <br> Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 <br> Phone: 414/277-0730 <br> Fax: 414/277-0709 <br> A Chemist Helping Chemists 

February 13, 1996

Professor Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik President<br>Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic<br>Narodni Tr. 3<br>11142 Prague<br>Czech Republic

Dear Professor Zahradnik:
Isabel and I much look forward to being back in Prague, probably during the week of June 3rd. Of course, we very much hope to have a chance to visit with you.

May I remind you of your promise to do your very best to persuade the Czech postal authorities to issue a stamp honoring Josef Loschmidt in 1996? Of course, I know you will do your best and hope that you will be successful.

I was thinking about that when reading the article in the February 9th issue of The New York Times, which you will almost certainly have seen and of which I enclose a copy.

Of course, Sudeten Deutsche were treated harshly, and there probably were some atrocities against the Sudeten Deutsche. But what happened in 1945 cannot possibly with the atrocities committed by the Germans against the Czechs, and what I miss in The New York Times article are references to Lidice and Teresin (where my mother died).

Now the Sudeten Deutsche in Germany claim Loschmidt as Sudeten Deutscher, which of course is not correct. Loschmidt was a Bohemian who spoke as a boy both German and Czech, and it is clear from his library that he enjoyed and appreciated many Czech books. But of course teaching in Vienna, his main language was German. My grandmother was born in Prague and again spoke mainly German. So what?

Czechs have no difficulties considering Kafka a Czech, even though again surely he was brought up speaking German.

Professor Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik
February 13, 1996
Page 2

A postage stamp honoring Loschmidt would be so fitting: He was a Bohemian and one of the greatest chemists and physicists of his time.

I have written to Professor Paleta to enquire whether any of my lectures might be welcome, and I enclose a copy of the menu of these.

With all good wishes, I remain,
Yours sincerely,
$\mathrm{AB} / \mathrm{cw}$
bc: Dr. Robert Rosner
Ing. Vladimir Matous

Dr. Alfred Bader<br>2961 North Shepard Avenue<br>Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211

July 25, 1994

Professor Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik, President
Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic
Narodni Tr. 3
11142 Prague, Czech Republic
Dear Professor Zahradnik:
As you know, Isabel and I were in Europe and England until a short time ago; hence, my slow response to your letter of June 30th.

We very much enjoyed our visit with you and want to thank you most sincerely for the Purkyne Medal and your kind hospitality.

I have had a very interesting letter from Mrs. Vivian T. Abbott who happens to be the neighbor of one of my best friends who lives in Princeton. She told me a good deal about the American Czech-Slovak Education Fund whose work appears to parallel that of the Foundation for a Civil Society. I have been so satisfied with the help I have received from that foundation that I am not inclined to change.

On the other hand, the Foundation for a Civil Society is not very large, and it was established specifically to help the Czech Republic during its difficult initial days of freedom. It may well be that the Foundation for a Civil Society will not continue, and then it will be very good to have another venue to help Czech students.

Isabel and I have been thinking very hard how best to continue to help Czech chemists and art historians, and I hope to have a definite and substantial proposal before long.

I very much appreciate your efforts for a stamp honoring Josef Loschmidt, and I hope that it will materialize in 1996.

Sincerely,

# ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC PRESDDENT 

Via Efare: 001-414-962:-8322

Dr. $\bar{A}$. Bader<br>2961 North Shepard Avenue<br>Milwaukee.<br>Viscansin 53211<br>U.S.R.

Prague. June 30. 1994

Dear Dr. Bader:
at Eirst, let me thank you very much for a nice afternoon you and your vife Isabel prepared for me at wednesday. Jume is. just one day after the Assemkly of the Academy had finished. Really, it has been a "Ielsure time" consisting of vour interesting and provokiag "Loschmidt Lecture", afternoon taik with you and youx vife and the accompanying meeting vith your friends and covorkers.

Yesterday. I enjoyed very nuch a similar encourasing event Whioh helped me to overcas some unpleasant events of the Iast Veek. I have been talking to Prof.Joseph Johr Kohn (Chaimman or the Mathenatics Department at Princeton University) acconpanier by oharming lady persan Mra. Trina Fybáek (she has returned ta Prugue vith her family after 25 yajrs in the United States.) Bath of them are the organizers and leading persons of the American Czech-and-Slovak Education Fund Cof yhich the honorary patron is Václáv Havel). Hovever. I should not forget the third person I met a veek ago. the very able and enthusiactic Executive Dirmator Ms. Vivian T. Abbott. I have a very strong feeling that all of them have such an understanding, spisitual energy and experience in financial matters with the program of help to higher education in the Czech Republic that. I can varmly racommend them to assist you with the idea of "Friends of Czech पniversities and the Czech Academy of Scienress.

The same day I have talked to the Dixector of the post affix－ ce Department of the Ministry of Economy（Ing．E．Prandstetter）and refused to accept＂the occasional postmark rubber stamp＂or sim＝ lar substitutes．I have been assured by him．that during November 1991 ve should submit nev proposal for the postage stamp th the 175th anniversary 吠 Prof－Josef Loschnidtis birth（it viIi be in March 1996）．I have been assured that the approval committee will Work with full responsibility and that in the positive case the stamp＂will be nice＂．

With my best regards to Mrs．Bader and to you．

Sincerely yours


Prof．Dr－Rudolf Zahradník
$\ldots$

# ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE CZECH REPUBIIC PRESIDENT 

Via Fax: 001-41.4-960-8022

Dr-A. Bader
2961 Noith Shepard Avenue
MiIWaukee.
Uisconsin 53211
U.S. A.

Prague. June 30. 1994

Dear Dr-Bader:
at first, let me thank you vexy much for a nice afternoon You and your wife Isabel prepared for me at Vednesday. June 15. just one day after the Assembly of the Academy had ininished. Really, it has been a "Ieisure time" consisting of your interesting and provoking "Loschmidt Lecture", afternoon talk with sou and your wife and the accompanying meeting vith your friends and coworkers.

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等ith IIly best regards ta Mrs.Bauer and ta you-

> SEncerely youts


Prof. Dr Rudalf Zahradnit

# ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC PRESIDENT 

Dr. A . Bader<br>2961 North Shepard Avenue<br>Milwaukee,<br>Visconsin 53211<br>U. S.A.

Prague, June 30, 1994

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The same day I have talked to the Director of the Post Dffice Department of the Ministry of Economy (Ing.E.Prandstetter) and refused to accept "the occasional postmark rubber stamp" or similar substitutes. I have been assured by him, that during November 1994 ve should submit new proposal for the postage stamp to the 175th anniversary of Prof. Josef Loschmidt's birth (it will be in March 1996). I have been assured that the approval committee will work with full responsibility and that in the positive case the stamp "will be nice".

With my best regards to Mrs.Bader and to you.

Sincerely yours,

Monl

Prof. Dr. Rudolf Zahradník

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## FAX FROM:

DR. ALFRED BADER
Suite 622
924 East Juneau Avenue
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Telephone: 414/277-0730
Fax: 414/277-0709

March 29, 1996

| TO: | Dr. Ladislav Skursky |
| :--- | :--- |
| FAX: | Masaryk University International Office |
| $42-05-41211214$ |  |

Dear Professor Skursky:
May I ask you for your help in an unusual matter?
A very able pharmaceutical research institute in the United States, the Schering-Plough Research Institute, is looking for a compound, 4-amino-imidazolecarboxamide, Aldrich catalog no. 164968.

This is not manufactured, but purchased by Aldrich, and Schering-Plough requires quite substantial quantities, on the order of 100 kilos.

Their Director of Chemical Development, Dr. Martin Steinman, believes that it is made by Lachema in Brno. Unfortunately, my old friends at Lachema have retired, and I am wondering whether I could impose on you simply to transmit Dr. Steinman's letter to the sales manager at Lachema and ask him to contact Dr. Steinman directly. His fax number is 1-908-298-3294.

Of course, there is no need to reserve any commission for me; it would just give me such pleasure to bring a good customer to Brno.

Perhaps you could let me know when I visit Brno on June 3rd how this developed.
With many thanks for your help and all good wishes, I remain,
Yours sincerely,
$\mathrm{AB} / \mathrm{cw}$
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## FAX FROM:

## DR. ALFRED BADER

Suite 622
924 East Juneau Avenue
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Telephone: 414/277-0730
Fax: 414/277-0709

April 10, 1996
Page 1 of $\qquad$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { TO: } & \text { Dr. Ladislav Skursky } \\ \text { Masaryk University International Office } \\ \text { FAX: } & 42-5-4121214\end{array}$

Dear Professor Skursky:
In response to your fax of today, enclosed please find a brief abstract of my talk \#3. If you need more information, please turn to Chapter 16 in my autobiography.

Please also mention that Loschmidt was born in Bohemia. While he worked in Vienna, when he wanted to relax, he went back to his home in Bohemia.

I do hope that Dr. Frybort will contact Dr. Steinman whether or not Lachema can supply that important building block.

With all good wishes, I remain,
Yours sincerely,


AB/cw

## RICHARD ANSCHÜTZ: BIOGRAPHER TURNED DETECTIVE

August von Kekulé was one of the most renowned chemists of the 19th century. His fame rested on his able experimental work and on two seminal paper. One, published by Kekulé in May 1858, showed that carbon is tetravalent and that carbon can be linked to carbon. The second, published in 1865, depicted benzene as a cyclohexatriene, an idea which twenty-five years later Kekulé claimed had come to him in a dream.

Richard Anschütz, a student of Kekulé who became his secretary and then his successor as professor of organic chemistry at Bonn University, published a detailed two-volume biography of Kekulé in 1929.

While at Bonn, Anschütz had repeated some of the work of a young Scot, Archibald Scott Couper, who had studied chemistry for less than two years. A little later, while researching Kekulé's life, Anschütz discovered that Couper had submitted a paper very similar to Kekulé's to the French Academy. Because his mentor, Auguste Wurtz, delayed submission, Couper's paper was published just one month after Kekulé's. Anschütz was astounded at Couper's clarity and described in detail Kekule's sharp attack on Couper. Anschütz then worked immensely hard with an able Scot, Alexander Crum Brown, to describe Couper's life and work. A recently-discovered letter shows clearly that Couper believed that he had submitted his paper before Kekulé.

For the preparation of the Kekulé biography, Anschütz carefully studied every Kekulé paper. He was puzzled by a footnote in Kekulé's 1865 cyclohexatriene paper in which he said that he preferred his benzene structure to those of Loschmidt and Crum Brown. Anschütz knew of Loschmidt the physicist, but knew nothing of his chemical work. Finally he located a booklet published by Loschmidt in Vienna in 1861. in which Loschmidt depicted hundreds of structures, many of them correctly. In that very year, Kekulé had stated in his well-known textbook that:
"... the rational formulae are only formulae of reactions ('Umsetzungsformeln') and not formulae of constitution ('Constitutionsformeln'), and that they do not in any way describe the constitution, i.e., the position of the atoms in the compounds. "
Yet Loschmidt's book correctly depicted many, from simple structures like acetic acid and glycerine to aromatics like aniline, phenol, benzenesulfonic acid and benzidine and many heterocyclics such as cyanuric acid.

At first Anschütz believed that Kekulé had not seen Loschmidt's book. But then he found a letter from Kekulé to Erlenmeyer written in 1862 which referred to Loschmidt's "Confusionsformeln". No doubt Kekulé called them such because he was convinced at the time that one could not write such structures.

Until 1912, when Anschütz published a paper on Loschmidt, there were but three references to Loschmidt's book - two disparaging footnotes in Kekulé's paper and one brief abstract. Not a single Austrian chemist ever mentioned Loschmidt's work in the 19th century!

Anschütz then made a remarkable effort: He reformatted Loschmidt's Chemische Studien, a rare and hard-to-read book, and republished it in 1913 with many footnotes explaining Loschmidt's ingenuity and adding a Loschmidt biography.

I cannot help thinking that Anschütz's immense efforts with Couper and Loschmidt were acts of atonement for Kekulé's omissions. For without Anschütz, we would know little about Couper's and nothing about Loschmidt's chemistry.

A quotation from Churchill comes to mind: "Men occasionally stumble over the truth, but most of them pick themselves up and hurry off, as if nothing had happened. " Not Anschütz.

> DR. LI SKGRSNY

## DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY FACULTY OF SCIENCE MASARYK UNIVERSITY

61137 BRNO, KOTLÁŘSKÁ 2
CZECHOSLOVAKIA

LK... Bracer
1F who a pleasure fo renter yon "a lect
of help" yow asked for Tomais'rs actress is
Aim Vogetsang 13/004, D37075 go" thine (how fictive.
The letter was forwarded bo hew. You understand that it dud wit usstrain from reading it. 7 am pleased that this boy makes a pleasure fo fou: he does it to me ho

One point of your letter is the "Schiemeng Prize". Hes why of thinking is very interesting to me but y strongly oppose his conchasions (I have had read one of his articles you gave to Tina's' i Vienna and hate his chapter in Wotiz's boot.) In Vienna, at the end of the monday session 3 entered (a lint unpilitely - from the formal point of view) int his discussion with the nedio reporter: I did wot dream on that this might come to the air.
the to the reporter's, mixing" my worn in the race.-
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For beetle tres table and you I suuvin
Yous very sibececey
L. SE゙LCAENY

Dhar Dr Bader,

 Sue to serciove obtrecles we were not whbe Ito nabe an Engeich $_{\text {no }}$ thauselipt. Recently, Houx bucciorn' (one of those whr, than kes to you, atiuded the Looxhmide Symposiam / Nrefured siond typul th Unglenta version which es atfached.
besides that $I$ had a longer article in the "bucletin the

 for chemista bleo cid ust pirtieato.
 he impossible to make. But, parhaps, at lexert uc pronti of the anticle descrven to be mentioned; a suggustirn for the chem. tor. To veake some effort troards semodellig toshail' commomora tire plete on his hocse of bitth at karlory lay rhich is very modest and teles only, that he "courted mulucules" So far, Y ain Ayivig. To inctivte (through Hean fones and Rector Selunide) an cooperative effort mith the Viemna Unin ressity to accomplich this.

If is ive a peeperatory stape cend you wrCl be enfonmes if thare is a propress.

When your plans for your Lups next firmmer recech perper Stage, pecare, do inform the Reator (and/ar me) so theth we conld undertathe somethirge secefotith for yon and veluable for us.


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L. Theurob"

ZBZROUSKA 1.t

C゙GOCHRNO
C2ECH REFUBLTC

Thank you for your letser. I bave bevo a tirney notice form miviek Rezáe, the promised me (oy fox) to gine me vectir information wher the comes for Clecistmon

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 bles yow for abe fhat'!
$y$ un wending, my bext wishes to both \& youbel and yow.
yours rivy fincurely
L.tanssky

DS
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 I an how fuley retired and come to the inn (zirçun-ity) as a prest only.

# Dr. Alfred Bader <br> 924 East Juneau, Suite 622 <br> Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 <br> Phone: 414/277-0730 <br> Fax: 414/277-0709 

A Chemist Helping Chemists
August 15, 1997

Professor Oldrich Paleta<br>Department of Organic Chemistry<br>Prague Institute of Chemical Technology<br>Technickí 5<br>16628 Prague 6<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Paleta:

Isabel and I still remember with great pleasure our meeting with you and Dr. Nic in Prague.
As you know, we have been groping how we could best attract the able Bader Fellows, men like Dr. Nic and Dr. Miroslav Rezac, back to the Czech Republic.

One of the ways that really appeals to us is to offer each academic institution (whether university or the Academy., but not industrial organizations) some thousands of dollars a year to be used largely to help these Bader Fellows to become established in their research.

The first hurdle to cross is to get the approval of the Foundation for a Civil Society to this scheme, and I hope that this will be coming after the Foundation's next Executive Committee meeting.

After that, we have to decide what the sum of money should be and how much of it should go as overhead to the institution and how much and how to the chemist involved.

You will recall that you hoped to be able to write to us about your thoughts regarding this. Of particular importance is the way that the money is given to the chemist. If it were a direct grant, would it be taxable in the Czech Republic?

I know, of course, that this is to encourage Bader Fellows to come back home, and Dr. Nic is already there. But of course, we would very much like to make the first gift to the Technical University and Dr. Nic to be followed to the other institutions.

Professor Oldrich Paleta
August 15, 1997
Page 2

We understand that Mr. Milan Chytil, who is doing very fine work with Professor Verdine at Harvard, will be visiting the Czech Republic soon to talk to students in all the chemistry departments, and I do hope that you and Dr. Nic will have a chance to meet him.

With many thanks for all your help and best personal regards, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

AB/cw
bf: Foundation for a Civil Society


DEPARTMENT OF ORGANIC CHEMISTRY
Prague Institute of Chemical Technology
Technická 5, 16628 Prague 6
CZECH REPUBLIC

| Prof.Dr. Oldrich PALETA | Int.tel. | +420224354284 affice | Fax: |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| e-mail: paletao@vscht.cz | +420224354278 lab |  | +420224311082 |
|  |  | +42858 |  |

Mr. Dwayne Linville,
Program Assistant in New York
Foundation for a Civil Society
477 Madison Avenue
New York
NY 10022, USA
Fax: 0012122236534

Dec. 15, 1997

Dear Mr. Linville:
The grant of USD 10,000.- (as an equivalent of $347,985.92$ Czech crowns) has been transferred to the account of our Institute as documented by the account statement (variable symbol 110197056 ). According to the Letter of Understanding, $90 \%$ of this sum is at disposal to Dr. Miloslav Nič.

With best wishes for Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year, Sincerely yours,


Oldřich Paleta

## Výpis z účtu

BANKA


Zkontrolujle laskavě návaznost počátečního zuistatku a správnost provedeni plateb a bez odkladu oznamte bance závady v zúčtování.

Zůstatek předchozího výpisu ze dne


## ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC NARODN 3 PHONE. 00422266771.0042226897 FAX 0042 2265671

## RUDOLF ZAHRACNÍK, DSc.

## PRESIDENT

PROFESSOR OF CHARLES UVIVERSITY
THE J. HEYROUSKÝ INSTITUTE OF PHYSICAI CHEMISTRY AND ELECTROCHEMISTRY
3. DOLEJSKOVA. 18223 PRAGIEF 8

TEL 10042 2) $8588241,(0042$ 2) 8583014 FAX (0042 2) 8582307
E-MAIL ZAHRAD@CCDGASI!

HOME
37. HERMMANIVA 17000 PRAGUE 7 TEL. /0042 2) 374367

# Dr. Alfred R. Bader <br> 2961 North Shepard Avenue <br> Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211 

August 9, 1993

Prof. Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik, President<br>Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic<br>Narodni 3<br>11142 Prague 1<br>Czech Republic

Dear Prof. Zahradnik:
It was indeed an honor and a pleasure to meet you in Prague in June, and I want to thank you most sincerely for the time which you spent with Isabel and me.

I am happy to report to you that the purchase of Herstmonceux Castle by Queen's University has now been completed, and I very much hope that Queen's will have a study program in place next year. I will then contact you and Queen's to determine how we can best establish fellowships for Czech students to come to Herstmonceux Castle. A brief description of what Queen's plans to do there is enclosed.

I am happy also to report to you that the Czech Chemical Society will establish an Alfred Bader Award for the best organic chemical research done in the Czech Republic. The enclosed letter from Prof. Oldrich Paleta will be self-explanatory.

Isabel and I look forward to being in Prague next spring or summer, and hope then to meet again.

Many thanks for all your help, and best personal regards.
Sincerely,

## Enclosures

c: Principal David Smith Queen's University

# Dr. Alfred Bader <br> 2961 North Shepard Avenue Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211 

September 22, 1993

Professor Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik, President<br>Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic<br>Narodni Tr. 3<br>11142 Prague, Czech Republic

Dear Professor Zahradnik:
I still remember with great pleasure meeting you this summer, and now I have to thank you for your kind letter of August 20.

Just recently, our old friends Annemie and Siegfried Hünig from Würzburg visited us and confirmed what we thought about you, namely, you are a truly able and caring Czech who had not at all been involved with communist politics. With that in mind, allow me to write to you very frankly.

I am happy that you are trying to have a stamp honoring Josef Loschmidt issued by the Czech postal authorities. There is no question in my mind that he was one of the greatest scientists of the 19th century, and because he was so self-effacing he has not really been recognized. I think that will change after the Loschmidt Symposium to be held in Vienna in the summer of 1995 . That will commemorate the 100th anniversary of his death.

I have given two lectures on Loschmidt in Czechoslovakia, one in Bratislava and one in Prague. After each lecture, the first question was, "What language did Loschmidt speak?" Now, of course, in Vienna he spoke German, while as a boy he must have spoken both Czech and German. I don't think it's fair to tar a man who lived from 1821 to 1895 with the word "Sudetendeutscher". Of course, I understand how and why Czechs feel about Sudetendeutsche as they do, but here was a man whose family lived near Karlovy Vary for generations. The enclosed family background will be self-explanatory.

You must know that I feel very close to the Czech people, and I hope that you will not think any less of me when I tell you that while my paternal grandmother was born in Prague and her husband, my paternal grandfather, in Kyjov, I am certain that both spoke German. It is more important to consider the quality of people than the language they spoke. Just as Kafka who spoke German is one of the most interesting Czechs, Loschmidt was one of the greatest Czech scientists.

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& \text { Dr. Alfred Bader } \\
& 2961 \text { North Shepard Avenue } \\
& \text { Milwaukee, Wisconsin } 53211
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Prof. Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik
September 22, 1993
Page Two

When the time of the Loschmidt Symposium in Vienna comes closer, I would like to send you $\$ 5000$ to allow ten Czech students in chemistry to go to Vienna to attend the symposium. I think that $\$ 500$ per student would cover their travel expenses. Please note that I would like students, not academics, to receive this.

It seems to me that your suggestion that we establish a chair at Charles University is a very good one. As you perhaps know, I have always been an organic chemist, and I am wondering whether it is important to you that the chair be in physical chemistry or could it perhaps be in physical organic chemistry or in organic chemistry? I am asking you sincerely: if you believe that physical chemistry is much more important, then that is what I should consider.

Would you be willing to allow me to establish a chair entitled "The Josef Loschmidt Chair" (established by Alfred Bader)? Over the years I have established a good many awards and chairs, for instance, several fellowships for Czech students to go to the United States and Britain to get their PhD degrees in organic chemistry, and also a Josef Loschmidt award for physical organic chemists in Britain.

However, I would much prefer to donate the capital required by you, rather than to write a check every year. I know of course that it is very difficult to predict what something will cost many years from now, but would you be able to take the capital provided by me, buy long-term Czech government bonds, and then be assured that the interest from the capital will be coming in during the years of the bonds?

In this connection, let me share with you two concerns which--while relatively small in the amount of money trouble me very much.

During out last visit to Prague, Isabel and I proposed to the Czech Chemical Society that we would like to establish an Alfred Bader Award for the best research done in organic chemistry by a Czech chemist. We suggested an award of Kc 100,000, with us providing the capital. Last week I heard from Professor Oldrich Paleta, and I enclose his fax and my immediate response. I am worried that the approach of the Czech Chemical Society is terribly bureaucratic. We are trying to set up an award for a really good Czech organic researcher, and surely that should not require a foundation paying salaries to a number of people. Do you understand what my concern is?

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { Dr. Alfred Bader } \\
& 2961 \text { North Shepard Avenue } \\
& \text { Milwaukee, Wisconsin } 53211
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Prof. Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik
September 22, 1993
Page Three

In a similar vein, I would like to tell you about an award for Czech students in art history which we set up on a trial basis, last year. My letter to Dr. Milena Bartlova is enclosed. I am convinced that the Dr. Bartlova is both competent and a good human being, but I was staggered when I was told that no students applied and that the money had to be given to a competent, mature art historian who then used the funds to pay for a tour of European museums. Of course that was very good for the art historian and perhaps there should be funds for such travel, but that certainly was not our intent: we wanted the $\$ 15,000$ to go to students to spend six months in one city of their choice abroad, studying one artist or one school in which they were most interested. Clearly, the problem lies in making the availability of such an award known to students, and I believe it could not have been done in this case.

I am bringing up these two examples of our disappointment in our efforts, because we must ask ourselves how will the professor for the chair in physical chemistry or organic chemistry be chosen? Will it simply be an old establishment warhorse who is looking for a niche, or will you find a really able young man who deserves the position? Who will make the choice?

Enough of disappointments, you will say, but let me share another one with you. We established a fellowship for a Czech PhD student at Columbia University, and the university had eight applicants, and selected the best, who is doing exceedingly well. Professor Turro said to me that if Columbia could be assured of many such Czech students, they would forget about American applicants!

At Imperial College there were only four applicants for the Bader fellowship, and the student picked is doing very well indeed. His academic mentor, Dr. Willie Motherwell, who has just accepted the chair at University College, told me that he has never seen a student who combines such hard work with such brightness as does this student.

However, when the University of Pennsylvania looked for students to accept the Bader Fellowship in Philadelphia, it received only one application, and when the applicant was awarded the fellowship he had to decline because he had already accepted another fellowship at Michigan State University. What can these universities do to make the fellowships better known? We don't want to raid the Czech Republic and get its best chemists to come here and then stay in the U.S. or

# Dr. Alfred Bader 2961 North Shepard Avenue <br> Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211 

Prof. Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik<br>September 22, 1993<br>Page Four

the U.K. Rather, we hope that they will come here, get a good education and then return to the Czech Republic.

Just recently I established a similar fellowship at Harvard University, in this case for a fellow to be appointed every year, rather than every three years, as is the case at Columbia University, Imperial College and the University of Pennsylvania. Will Harvard also have difficulties in getting students to apply?

Students may worry that they will miss exciting opportunities at home if they leave for 3-4 years, and so it will take the help of professors to point out that PhD degrees from prestigious American and British universities will be good for them and the Czech Republic.

This has become a very long letter, and I hope that you will forgive my frankness and will understand that I truly want to help Czech scholars, but I am so frustrated by some of the experiences we have had so far.

Please send me your fax number and your telephone number.
I look forward to hearing from you.
Best personal regards.
Sincerely,

Enclosures

# ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC PRESIDENT 

Dr. Alfred $\mathbb{R}$. Bader<br>2961 North Shepard Avenue<br>M i 1 w a u k<br>Wisconsin 53211

$\therefore$ : Auqust 19.
(hear Dr. Bader:
I Was happy to have the opportunity to meet you :. : and discuss with you such a variety of questions. Thank you again for your visit.

I have the pleasure of telling you that the efforts to issue a czech stamp on the occasion of the 100 th anniversary of the death of $J$. Loschmidt proceeded quite wr: 1 : Atcet : Rnver sation with Mr. Dyba, Minister of the Ceserti feepatblic whesse: ministry is in charge of communicaticons ant mail syonern, q bave good news. However, a few days ago I was told that a rather
 in 1994-1996 because of serious financial difficulties in: spite of that my colleagues and myself will try our berak

I have been extremely impressered by your kins inturnat an this country and by your generous offer to help. I believe that there is an area where your aid would be of great importac:ce
 is something of a deadlock plagued by a lack of monev and a



 (toincy ressedrich (at present or in the past.) irs thos yruct, sur:", would have enough energy to bring about a change by ise: : own example in research, teaching and enthusi aam.

An endowed chair of a professor who would $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { an } \\ \text { aforintot }\end{array}\right.$ by a responsible jaint committee could do wonders in this respect. I have in mind in particular a Professor Chair ol Physical Chemistry at Charles University, where the present situation is very sad (the chair once belonged to Professor





















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## $\perp$

Dr. Alfred R. BADER

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2961 Nort Shepard Avenue M I L W A U K EE

Wisconsin 53211
U.S.A.

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ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC.
PRESIDENT

Dr. Alfred BADER
2961 North Shepard AN.
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211
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N $\quad$ Dean Dr.Baden,
Pique, September 28.1993

I am hemendoush impressed is reading your letter of Sept. 22 \& encloses. Please, accept must cordial thanks.
$\times$, am leaving now for german \&
\$ F Poland; after my return a specific
§ § answer mel follows. (root 15)
Remember me, pleare, to Mrs Baden
All good wishes from Prague, Sincerely,
R owl tokneme (R.2AhrADNik)

# ALFRED BADER FINEARTS 

1F＋1．FRFI）B＋1）FK K
March 10， 1994

Via Fax 422265205

Professor Dr．Rudolf Zahradnik，President<br>Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic<br>Narodni Tr． 3<br>11142 Prague，Czech Republic

Dear Professor Zahradnik：
Thank you so much for Dr．Zdenek Broz＇s fax of today．I very much hope that you are speedily recovering from your flu．

Isabel and I much look forward to being in Prague during the week of June 13th，and we hope again to be able to stay in the same guesthouse where you visited us．

Let me bring you up to date about what has been happening．The award for the best Czech organic chemist with a prize of 100,00 Czech crowns is now in place，and I have turned the funds for the first three years over to the Foundation for a Civil Society，to turn over to Professor Paleta．

I am very happy and comfortable with the activities of the Foundation for a Civil Society，and I am convinced they want to do their very best．I am also happy to report to you that the fourth fellowship for Czech students to get their PhDs in the west is now in place．The first three are at Columbia University，Imperial College and the University of Pennsylvania．The fourth is at Harvard University，and the details，just announced，are enclosed．

The 100 th anniversary of Josef Loschmidt＇s death will be in July of 1995，and so there really is not much time to prepare for a suitable Czech postage stamp．Could I perhaps meet with the Czech philatelist to whom Dr．Broz referred，to urge him to have this stamp issued．

I am also happy to report to you that Dr．Milena Bartlova has told me that she has received more than three applications for the Bader awards in art history．Originally，this was a $\$ 15,000$ award for one student，but Dr．Bartlova recommended that it be split into three awards of $\$ 5,000$ each，and I trust that these will be given to worthy students this year．

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Prof. Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik
March 10, 1994
Page Two

Of course, I very much hope to be able to meet you, Professor Poleta, Dr. Bartlova and the staff at the office of the Foundation for a Civil Society during our visit to Prague.

All good wishes.
Sincerely,

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# ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC PRESIDENT 

Via Fax 0014149628322

Dr.Alfred Bader
2961 North Sphepard Avenue
Milwaukee.
Wisconsin 53211
U. S.A.

March 31. 1994
Dear Dr.Bader:

Thank you very much for your letter dated March 10th, 1994. It follows fron it, how much you have accomplished for Czech students of chemistry and history of arts during such a short period of time

Eirst of all, I would like to apoloqize for a rather late reply to your letter. During last fourteen days I have visited Germany and have taken part in the second "roundtable discussions" with the Premier on the subject of research and development. Just after my return from Washington and Gaithersburq (as a quest of the National Academy of Sciences) I have recovered from a short influenza.

At the very beginning, I will try to explain the matter of the Josef Loschmidt postaqe stamp in a more detail. Our first proposal to the Post Office Department of the Ministry of Economy dates back to June 1993. It has been signed jointly by me and by the former rector of Charles University, Prof.Palouš. It has related to the 100 th anniversary of Prof. Loschmidt s death in July 1995. Unfortunately. Some time later we have been informed about the rule not to issue postage stamps on the occasion of the death anniversary. Therefore, during January we have sent a madified proposal suggesting the 175 th anniversary of Prof. Loschmidt s birth (it will be in March 1996). The other possibility to get the stamp issued during 1995 which we are also following is through a thematic series like, for example, the Czech-Austrian relations in the culture, art, science and technoloqy etc. That is the job for my colleague-philatelist. Nowadays, I am sending a personal letter to the Minister of Economy Dr.Karel Dyba in which I am asking him for an urgent help with the stamp issue during 1995.

As far as the award for the best Czech ordanic and bioorqanic chemist is concerned, I follow the matter closely and I am reqularly informed by Prof. Paleta in detail. Moreover, I have been tremendously fascinated by the copy of the Harvard University Gazette dated March 4, 1994 in wich there has been announced your generous gift of one milion of U.S.dollars intended for Czech PhD students at the Department of Chemistry.

Havina in mind such an amount of money $I$ an thinking about the importance of $f i n a n c i n g$ our students abroad versus another priority, namely the establishment of a new Chair for the very best candidate at home. In fact. recently I have been enqaqed more in searching the ways of the income tax-free financing rather than in the future scientific profile of a new Chair at Charles University. I can iust remember our short discussion about the Chair profile orientation towards the organic physical chemistry or to the dap fillinq Chair in molecular sciences.

You have mentioned in your letter that you and your wife plan tu visit Praque durinq the week of June 13th. I am extraordinarily lookinq forward to meet you acrain. Please feel free to ask me for an assistance in any respect. I am stayino in Praque durinq that time period. Nevertheless, I an busy on Tuesday (June, 14 th) as there will be the 4 th Assembly of the Academy. During the weekend there will appear the first participants of the 8th [nternational Conqress on Duantum Chemistry (June 19-23) which is organized by my Institute of Physical Chemistry.

You are writing in your letter that you feel comfortable with the activities of the Foundation for a Civil Society. Maybe, their officials could serve as suitable mediators in the matter of Josef Loschmidt Chair established by Alfred Bader. If you would aqnee I am prepared to welcome them in my office at any time before your visit to Praque.

Looking forward to meeting you and Mrs. Bader soon,
Cordially yours.

## FAX TRANSMITTAL SHEET

Dr. Alfred Bader<br>2961 North Shepard Avenue Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211<br>Telephone 4149625169<br>FAX 4149628322

April 22, 1994

## TO: Professor Rudolf Zahradnik, President <br> Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic <br> 422265205

Dear Professor Zahradnik:
Thank you so much for your fax of today.
The fellowship at the University of Pennsylvania is for a student working towards his Ph.D., with funding assured for the first three years. This is similar to the fellowships established by us at Columbia University, Imperial College and Harvard University, We have not yet established any funding for postdocs.

I do not believe that it would yet be appropriate to discuss more specifically the possibility of establishing a chair at Charles University. As you perhaps know, I have discussed this in some detail with the staff of the Foundation for a Civil Society who I am convinced really has the best of the Czech Republic at heart. They have pointed out, I am sure correctly, that we must first find out at which Czech university such a chair would be most helpful. I am not looking for an ego trip to establish a chair at the best-known Czech university, but it may well be that a chair, say, in Brno, or at one of the other universities would really help more.

Also, you have not answered my question of some months ago as to how you can assure that a really first-class chemist would get this chair. Most important, we do not want to establish a chair which will simply take over an already existing professorship. We really want to make a difference and establish a chair which would truly be an "add-on".

Please let me discuss all this with you during our visit to Prague in June, and after that I hope you will understand more clearly what we would like to do.

We never imagined what difficulties we would encounter in trying to help Czechs simply because we so grossly underestimated the inexperience of the Czech academic establishment. Under separate cover, I am sending you the difficulties with that very simple 100,000 Czech crown prize for a good chemist. Just look at the bureaucratic rigmarole involved. Of course, I am glad that it has now been established, but please note my comments about the difficulties expressed in my letter to Ms. Hannah Evans.

## FAX TRANSMITTAL SHEET

Dr. Alfred Bader<br>2961 North Shepard Avenue<br>Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211<br>Telephone 4149625169<br>FAX 4149628322

April 1, 1994

## TO: Professor Rudolf Zahradnik, President <br> Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic <br> 422265205

## Dear Professor Zahradnik:

Thank you so much for your fax of yesterday.
It is important to remember that the awards for Czech art historical students and for the best young organic chemist are arranged only for three years. To us, the important problem will be how to capitalize the funds so that we do not have to write checks every three years. To accomplish this has been easy with the chemical societies of the United States, Canada and Britain, as well as at many British, Canadian and American universities. But, I do not yet see how that can be done in the Czech Republic.

The fellowship for Czech students at Harvard is the fourth we have established thus far, the others being at Columbia University, University of Pennsylvania and Imperial College London. All four are completely funded in perpetuity. However, a totally unforeseen problem has developed because Czech students have not applied as we thought they would. Thus, for instance, the University of Pennsylvania could not award the fellowship last year, even though the chemist looking after this fellowship, Professor Amos Smith, is an outstanding scientist and a very fine human being.

Isabel and I have established some chairs at universities, but they have always been "add on efforts." We don't want to have our funds pay for the expenses of an existing professorship, but rather we would like to make a difference in having a new professorship. It has certainly been clear from our discussions this last year that the mechanics of how this can be accomplished in the Czech Republic do not yet exist, but we will be patient.

I am suggesting to the Foundation for a Civil Society that it contact you before our visit in June. Also, a very eminent Czech scholar, Professor Eva Kushner, is in Prague right now, and I have shared some of our correspondence with her and have asked her to contact you. She is the president of Victoria College which is part of the University of Toronto, Isabel's alma mater. It would be great if you could meet her.

## Professor R. Zahradnik

April 1, 1994

## Page Two

Also, we have one very able Czech chemist friend in Prague, Dr. Stanislav Radl, and another in Pardubice, Ing. Vladimir Matous, and again if time permits it would be great if you could talk to them. Both of them know what we are trying to accomplish in the Czech Republic.

Two other matters I would like to discuss with you are relatively minor. We would like to give ten (10) students in chemistry the opportunity to attend the Loschmidt Symposium which will be held in Vienna in July of 1995. How do we best make the availability of such travel grants known to Czech students? We are thinking of giving $\$ 5000$ for 10 prizes of $\$ 500$ each, thinking that $\$ 500$ will suffice for the two or three day trip from the Czech Republic to Vienna.

Recently, we gave Queen's University, my alma mater in Canada, the funds to purchase a beautiful castle, Herstmonceux, in Sussex, and Queen's is establishing an international center there. We will bring information with us and would like to talk to you about the possibility of some Czech students spending one term each at Herstmonceux.

We hope to stay in Prague from the 12th to the 16 th of June and to be at the same comfortable place you met us last year.

We much look forward to meeting you again.
Sincerely,


Dr. Alfred Bader
9924 East Juneau, Suite 622
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
U.S.A.

Fax: 0014142770709

May 28, 1997

## Dear Dr. Bader:

Thank you much for your letters from May 7 and May 22. It is nice to meet you and Mrs. Isabel soon in Prague and I shall try to be (or I should be) here on June 24-25. We could meet on morning J24 (in afternoon I am occupied with examinations) or any time on J25; I am not sure to be in Prague on Monday J23. Could you kindly fix our meeting in advance ? I would appreciate the phone number to your future apartment in Husova 18. My home phone is +42024718 324; please do not hesitate to call any evening or night time.

With best wishes,
Yours truly,


# Dr. Alfred R. Bader <br> 2961 North Shepard Avenue <br> Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211 

August 6, 1993

Prof. Dr. Oldrich Paleta<br>Chairman, Organic Division of the<br>Czech Chemical Society<br>Prague Institute of Chemical Technology<br>Department of Organic Chemistry<br>Technicka 5<br>16628 Prague 6<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Prof. Paleta:

It was such a pleasure to be able to chat with you and Prof. Stibor during our visit to Prague, and I now also have to thank you for your fax, which arrived here while I was still in England.

I am just delighted to know that the Czech Chemical Society has accepted our proposal to establish an Alfred Bader Award. (Incidentally, I would prefer your just calling it the Alfred Bader Award, not the Dr. Alfred Bader Award, which sounds so formal.)

I understand that at the moment interest rates which you can receive on long-term Czech government bonds are quite high, and I would like to suggest that to establish a Czech crown 100,000 annual award, you use the capital which I would like to send you to purchase long-term Czech government bonds, to give you the 100,000 crowns annually. Of course I realize that with continuing inflation, in time the award will be worth less and less. But I feel that Czech chemists need help particularly during the next few years so that I would like to maximize what they will get now and worry less about the value of this award 20 or 30 years from now. Can you purchase 30 year Czech Republic government bonds? If so, please let me know exactly what capital you will need to purchase sufficient bonds for that award, and I will then channel that amount, in dollars, through the Charter 77 Foundation.

I look forward to hearing from you, and best regards to you and Prof. Stibor.
Sincerely,


Prof. Dr. Oldrich Paleta<br>Chairman, Organic Division of the Czech Chemical Society<br>Prague Institute of Chemical Technology<br>Department of Organic Chemistry<br>Technicka 5<br>16628 Prague 6<br>Czech Republic<br>Dear Prof. Paleta:

It was such a pleasure to be able to chat with you and Prof. Stibor during our visit to Prague, and I now also have to thank you for your fax, which arrived here while I was still in England.

I am just delighted to know that the Czech Chemical Society has accepted our proposal to establish an Alfred Bader Award. (Incidentally, I would prefer your just calling it the Alfred Bader Award, not the Dr. Alfred Bader Award, which sounds so formal.)

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I look forward to hearing from you, and best regards to you and Prof. Stibor,

## FAX TRANSMITTAL SHEET

Dr. Alfred Bader<br>2961 North Shepard Avenue<br>Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211<br>Telephone 4149625169<br>FAX 4149628322

October 7, 1993

TO: Professor Oldrich Paleta
Department of Organic Chemistry
Prague Institute of Chemical Technology
FAX: 01142224311082

## Dear Professor Paleta:

Thank you for your informative fax of yesterday.
I am surprised that the income earned on the gift will be taxed at $25 \%$.
During our visit to Prague, we met Professor Rudolf Zahradnik, the President of the Czech Academy of Sciences. I am certain that he was sincere when he told us that we could ask for his help and advice whenever needed. I will now ask him whether the Academy does not have a way of receiving income tax-free.

This is particularly important to us because we are considering giving the capital for a chair in chemistry, and the $25 \%$ tax would be a much larger sum than the tax on the income for the award in chemistry.

We look forward to being able to finalize on this award.
All good wishes and best regards,


# DEPARTMENT OF ORGANIC CHEMISTRY 



## Prague Institute of Chemical Technology <br> Technicka 5, 16628 Prague 6 <br> CZECH REPUBLIC

$$
\text { Int.tel. } \begin{array}{llll}
422 & 332 & 4278 & \text { lab } \\
422 & 332 & 4284 & \text { office }
\end{array}
$$

telex: 122744 fax: (42-2) 24311082<br>VSCH/C

Dr. Alfred Bader, USA,
at present time: 52 Wickham Avenue, Bexhill on Sea, East Sussex,
TN39 3ER, England
Prague, Dec. 15, 1993
Dear Dr. Bader:
I have the pleasure to inform you that Czech Chemical Society has reserved for the deposit for "Alfred Bader Award" an account in the bank. The address and the number are as follows:

Česká spořitelna ass.
Václavské nám. 42, Praha 1
account no.: 561656-18/0800
561656-018/0800
I was contacted by Dr. Z.Brož who informed me about the preparation of a law about non-profitable organizations. Incomes of such organizations, e.g. Czech Chem. Society etc., would not be taxed. The proposal of the law will be submitted to parliament in early 1994

Since our meeting in June 1993 I have tried to inform you completely about all problems, uncertainties and possible risks connecte. with the Award, especially with its future. The people involved tried to find the most safe way. As a result of this effort of the Chem. Society was the proposal of "A.Bader Foundation", which not acceptable for you. The second variant, ie. direct deposit in the Chem. Society can be save. However, it must be considered that the Chem. Society can completely separate from the Academy of Sciences; probably, in this "divorce" there will be no division of all bank accounts.

My personal wish is to assist in creation of the award of highest prestige. I am of opinion the prestige will also be connected with the financial part of the Award. The sum of 100,000 Czech crowns is sufficiently high at present time, but could become negligible after ten years. To avoid such situation I am of opinion that the Award has to follow the year inflation.
If such conception wi.11 be accepted it is necessary: 1) to increase the initial deposit, 2) stepwise increase the basic deposit from year to year with superfluous yield from interest. I consulted this problem with several experts. It can be concluded that the initial deposit of 60,000 USD can secure excellent function of "Alfred Bader Award" for ever. This is my personal proposal.

I hope you will receive this letter in UK.
I would like to wish you and your wife Merry Christmas and
a Very Happy New Year.
Kindest regards.
Yours sincerely,


Oldřich Paleta

ČESKÁ SPOLEČNOST CHEMICKÁ
Czech Chemical Society
Pelléova ul. 24
CZ-160 00 Praha 6

## Zápis ze schůze Komise pro udělování ceny Alfeda

 Baderač. 2 ze dne 1.9. 1994.

Prítomni: (pp, dr, prof. etc. etc.) Bláhová, Čárský. C̄ervinka, Drašar, Hanuš, Paleta, Plešek, Pytela, Suing, Šimánek. Trnka, Závada


1. Zasedãni probēhlo pod predsednictvim prof. Palety.
2. Komise schválila návrh Statutu Komise, který dr. Drašar whotovil v české a anglické versi. Komise dále schválila Statut ceny a Postup komise, zpracované na základě minulého zápisu. Komise schválila zápis č. $1 \vee$ rozeslané verzi.
3. Korespondenčnĕ se vyjádřili ke kandidátům členové komise takto (stran jejich postupu do druhého kola:

|  | Čá | Če | Dr | Ha | Pa | PI | Py | Ši $^{2}$ | Tr | Zá | $\sum$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bezouška | + | + | - | + | + | - | - | + | + | - | 6 |
| Stař́ | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | 10 |
| Hoskovec | + | - | + | - | - | - | + | - | - | + | 4 |
| Jindrich | + | - | - | - | - | + | + | - | + | + | 5 |
| Havlíček | - | - | + | + | - | - | - | + | + | - | 4 |
| Rejzek | - | - | - | - | - | - | + | + | - | - | 2 |
| Marek | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 |

4. Vyhotovení diplomu $k$ ceně zajistí Nadace pro občanskou společnost, schválen bude návrh per rollam.
5. Po rozsáhlé diskuzi stran vymezení pojmu biochemie, organická chemie a bioorganická chemie komise dospěla $k$ názoru tato wymezení nekodifikovat a ponechat je ad hoc rozhodnuti na základĕ studia konkretního prühláseniho dila. Na základě diskuze pak vyradila z dalšiho postupu kandidáty, kteří nesplnili oborový požadavek zakladatele ceny. Bezouška vyr̆azen všemi hlasy, Havliček wy̆azen 8 mi hlasy ku 2. Marek vyrazzen všemi hlasy.
6. V dalšim hlasování postoupili do konečného rozhodovacího kola pp. Starý, Hoskovec a Jindřich, všemi hlasy. Všemi hlasy bylo dále rozhodnuto o tom, že na tomto zasedánílze hlasovat o konečném verdiktu komise.
7. $V$ neveřejném neanonymním hlasování byl wybrán vitěz soutěže o cenu $A$. Badera
I. Starý (všemi hlasy), druhé a třtí místo sdilí pp. Hoskovec a Jindřich.
8. Členové komise se usnesli na tom, že jméno vítěze je možno ihned zveřejnit ale všechny ostatni podrobnosti jednání komise jsou dîvěrné.
9. Komise navrhuje rozšïření stavu členů o proff. Kratochvila. Usnesla se, že uzávěrka příštího kola pro rok 1995 bude konec května 1895.
[^2]| Jméno | Data narození | Věk | Diplomová práce | Kandidatura | Zaměstnání |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bezouška | 6.3 .1960 | 34 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PF KU } \\ & \text { biochemie } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | PF KU biochemie 1091 | PF KU kat.bio chemie |
| Stary | 20.1.1961 | 33 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PF KU OCH } \\ & \text { a } \mathrm{UOCHB} \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UOCHB } \\ & 1990 \end{aligned}$ | UOCFiB |
| Hoskovec | 28.8.1963 | 31 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{VSCHT} \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UCCHB } \\ & 1392 \end{aligned}$ | UOCHB |
| Jindrich | 13.4.1964 | 30 | $\begin{gathered} \text { PF KU OCH } \\ 1987 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { UCCHB } \\ 1992 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PF} \mathrm{KU} \text { OCH } \\ & \text { od } 1.10 .1994 \end{aligned}$ |
| Rejzek | 4.5.1965 | 29 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{FF} \mathrm{KU} \mathrm{OCH} \\ 1988 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UOCHB } \\ & 1994 \end{aligned}$ | UОСНB |
| Havlíček | 2.6.1987 | 27 | VŠCHT, Prahá OT 1990 | - | Mikrobiolog. ustav |
| Marek | 24.6.1962 | 32 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VSCHT, kat. } \\ & \text { polymerú } \\ & \text { I. } 985 \end{aligned}$ | Makrom. <br> ústav <br> AV CR <br> 1989 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Makromol. } \\ & \text { ustav } \\ & \text { AV CR } \end{aligned}$ |

2. Publikační činnost

| Jméno | Publikace celkem | Publikace otištěné | Publikace <br> v tisku | Přednášky <br> a postery | Patenty | Návr’h podává |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bezouška | 24 | 22 | 2 | 28 |  | sám |
| Starý | 13 | 13 | - | neudány | * | dr.Závada |
| Hoskovec | 11 | 3 | 3 | neudány |  | sám |
| Jindrrich | 7 | 6 | $1^{\text {K }}$ | 3 | 2 | S细 |
| Rejzek | 9 | 6 | 3 | 7 | 1 | s ám |
| Favlícek | 20 | 15 | 5 | 3 |  | dr.Jegorov |
| Marek | 12 | 10 | 2 | 7 |  | s ám |

$\mathrm{x}_{2}$ publikace v přípravě

October 11, 1996

Professor Oldrich Paleta<br>Department of Organic Chemistry Prague Institute of Chemical Technology<br>Technickí 5<br>16628 Prague 6<br>Czech Republic

Dear Professor Paleta:
I am happy to note from your fax of October 4th that the third winner of the Bader Prize has now been chosen. Of course, I will turn over to the Foundation for a Civil Society the funds required for the next three awards.

Ms. Hannah Evans has kindly sent me a copy of her letter to you of September 20th regarding clear communication to award winners. Perhaps the best solution to this problem would be to give award winners the choice of either receiving $100,000 \mathrm{kc}$ which are taxable or $80,000 \mathrm{kc}$ which are not taxable.

Last year, I received the Parsons Award from the American Chemical Society which includes a check for $\$ 3,000$ on which I had to pay tax. Czech chemists are fortunate that they have the alternative, as the tax I had to pay was greater than $20 \%$. It is just a matter of clear language in the award.

I don't think that changing the award to a grant is desirable, because the award winner should be free to use the money as he likes. If he wants to take his family to the Riviera, so be it.

Much more important to Isabel and me is the question we discussed in Prague in June. You convinced us that our original plan is just not feasible, simply because professorial salaries in the Czech Republic are so low. The problem is highlighted by the future of the Bader Fellows at American and English universities.

You know that the last thing we wanted to do was to cause a brain drain of the best young Czech chemists to Britain or America.

## Professor Oldrich Paleta

October 11, 1996
Page 2

The first Czech graduate from London, Dr. Nic, has returned to Prague and that made us very happy.

The first graduate from Columbia, Dr. Miroslav Rezac, has accepted a post-doctoral position with Professor Bartlett at Berkeley, and I enclose a copy of the letter which I sent to him.

The first Bader Fellow at Harvard, Milan Chytil, is brilliant, as explained by Professor Gregory Verdine, whose description I enclose.

The key question, for which I need your help to answer, is how to get chemists of the ability of Rezac and Chytil back to the Czech Republic.

Would it be possible to meet with you and Professor Zahradnik and Hannah Evans in Prague next June to discuss what we could do to help?

With best personal regards from Isabel and me, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

AB/cw
Enclosures
c: Ms. Hannah Evans
Professor Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik

## FAX FROM

DR. ALFRED BADER
Suite 622
924 East Juneau Avenue
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Telephone: 414/277-0730
Fax: 414/277-0709
A Chemist Helping Chemists

September 23, 1997
Page 1 of $\qquad$
To: $\begin{aligned} & \text { Professor Oldrich Paleta } \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \text { Pepartment of Organic Chemistry Institute of Chemical Technology }\end{aligned}$
Fax: 420224311082

## Dear Professor Paleta:

I am happy to be able to tell you that the Executive Committee of the Foundation for a Civil Society met on September 14th and approved of helping Isabel and me to transmit funds to help the research of the Bader Fellows that return to Czech institutions.

I wrote to you in detail about that on August 15 th, and as I have not had your reply, fear that my letter might have gotten lost, and so I now enclose a copy.

Clearly, the two most important questions which I hope you can answer are:
(1) How can the Czech chemist - the first would be Dr. Nic - receive the money without having to pay Czech income taxes? We, of course, would like him to use the money to help his students, and so logically, the money should not be taxable.

Over the years, I have given sums generally ranging from $\$ 5,000-10,000$ to a great many American chemists at universities here, and they have used the money to help their students without having to pay taxes.
(2) In the United States, universities have not asked that a percentage of our gift be taken by the university as overhead. But that might be different in the Czech Republic, and if, in your opinion, the universities should take a relatively small portion, what should it be?

Professor Oldrich Paleta
September 23, 1997
Page Two

I was happy to learn yesterday that Milan Chytil, the first Bader Fellow at Harvard University working with Professor Verdine, will be leaving the United States on October 7th to visit Czech universities and to discuss his experiences. Hopefully, that will lead to more Czech students applying for the fellowships.

I very much look forward to hearing from you and remain with best regards,

Yours sincerely,
$\mathrm{AB} / \mathrm{cw}$

Enclosures
bc: Mr. A. Dwayne Linville

Dr. Alfred Bader<br>924 East Juneau, Suite 622<br>Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202<br>Phone: 414/277-0730<br>Fax: 414/277-0709<br>A Chemist Helping Chemists

August 22, 1997

Professor Oldrich Paleta<br>Department of Organic Chemistry<br>Prague Institute of Chemical Technology<br>Technickí 5<br>16628 Prague 6<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Paleta:

You may recall that earlier this year there appeared an article in $C \& E$ News questioning whether Moravian petroleum contained fullerenes.

You kindly supplied me with samples which I then asked my good friend, Dr. David Walton at the University of Sussex, to analyze to see whether fullerenes were included.

David Walton is one of the ablest collaborators of Sir Harry Kroto who received his Nobel prize for his fullerene work.

You will note from Dr. Walton's analysis that the Moravian oil does no contain the slightest trace of the $\mathrm{C}_{60}$ molecule.

It was worth a try!
With all good wishes, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

## $\mathrm{AB} /$ nik

Enclosures

The School of Chemistry, Physics and Environmental Science

University of Suss
Falmer, Brighton BN1 9 QI

| Telephone: | $(01273) 60(0) 755$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Chemistry Fax: | $(01273) 677196$ |
| Physics Fax: | $(01273) 678097$ |

13 August 1997
Dr A Bader
924 East Juneau, Suite 622
Milwaukee
Wis 53202
USA

## Dear Alfred

Our mass spec expert has carefully examined the samples you sent and I enclose copies of the relevant print-outs. A - covering the mass range up to 1100 and $B$ close inspection of the 600-780 range. If the slightest trace of $\mathrm{C}_{60}$ were to be present the 720 line would be enhanced. It is not, so our conclusion is that $\mathrm{C}_{60}$ is absent. I hope this result does not come as too much of a disappointment.

With best regards.

Yours sincerely


D R M Walton

PS The 428 line does not arise from any known fragmentation of $\mathrm{C}_{60}$.

File:WALTON1 Ident:56 Acq:12-AUG-1997 $13: 44: 28+6: 58$ Cal:CALI
AutoSpec EI+ Magnet BpI:16194553 TIC:1108153088 Flags:HALL
File Text:PETROLEUM RESIDUE LOOKING FOR C60?



# DEPARTMENT OF ORGANIC CHEMISIRY 

# Prague Institute of Chemical Technology <br> Technicka 5, 16628 Prague 6 CZECH REPUBLIC 

Prof Dr. Oldrich PALETA<br>Int. tel. +42224354284 office<br>+42224354278 lab<br>+2C2 Gince 185 Maleh<br>Dr Altred Bades<br>$\therefore$ North Shevard Avenue<br>atource<br>$\therefore 1 s c o n s i n 53211$ U.S A.

Telex: 122744 VSCH/C
E-mal: paletao@vscht.cz

Fax: +42224311082

Fax: 0014149628322

Jan 31. 199?

## i!... : i: .

Thank von for vour letter from January 16 l am a litlle surpried with your reachon to the fact that the Ufred Bader Award was given in 1996 to Dr. J. Havlicek

Ihe Awaid 15 alw woung Czech chennsis for their cortribution to the development of organic and bioorgatic inemitry. Surely, they exist porentionally bodernne cases in which is not
lear at the first shen if the cullectron of papers suomitted belongs or not to the awarded 1: -

Suct a case mas Dr.Hawhek's collection There was a broad and dcup disclission on appropratness of his collection and on similar situations; at the end the najonity of the Commision deided to include hum un candrdates. Then he was evaluated in further runs of selection among other candidates according to democratic procedure (ballot voting, discussion between runs). In the last run the Commission selected him as the best from the last two candidates. by the majonin

- wice 153

The Commbsun consis? of miemadonally known urwacic and boor-ank chemmst when are atso known as persondtues The dectsion of the Commision is final and rerevocable

A garantee of the right judgement of the Cormonsion is based on the wratues ufits members and on fully democratic procedure of the selection The members vote independently to wishes of other persons, groups or instituthons - like judees and they musi be responsitite only to inerr conscrence

I do hope that you will undestand why I cannot promise you the result of the voting of the Commission in the future Concerming me as the present chairman, I can only promise vou that I supervise that the democratic procedure of the selection is kept

I band over vour letter to Prof J. Horak, the chairman of the Czech (hemical Soctets especialls from the reason that you will give generously $330,000 \mathrm{ke}$ for the payaleat on the rext three years awards

I am not sure if I expicused exactly in Fughsh that I xould tell you in this letter - it is a rather diticuls sty!stac essa, for me but I hope yuu will anderstand me. I hope that it will be occasion to discuss more browdy this affar difectly why you in June dunge your wisit to Prague

With best wishes to you and Mrs. Isabel.
Sincerely yours,

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Scoprch, सE-R..EN
```

Oldrich Paleta

# Dr. Alfred Bader <br> 924 East Juneau, Suite 622 <br> Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 <br> Phone: 414/277-0730 <br> Fax: 414/277-0709 

A Chemist Helping Chemists

May 7, 1997

## Professor Oldrich Paleta

Department of Organic Chemistry
Prague Institute of Chemical Technology
Technickí 5
16628 Prague 6
Czech Republic

Dear Professor Paleta:
Isabel and I will be in Prague, staying in the same apartment, Husova 18, from June 23-25.
We very much hope to have a chance to meet with you. We would like to discuss the progress of the Bader Fellows (all are doing very well) and how we can help Czech chemists further.

With best personal regards, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

AB/cw

May 22, 1997
Professor Oldrich Paleta
Via fax: 422-2431-1082 and Mail
Department of Organic Chemistry
Prague Institute of Chemical Technology
Technickí 5
16628 Prague 6
Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Paleta:

As you know, Isabel and I look forward to being in Prague from June 23rd to 25th and very much hope to have a chance to meet with you to discuss a number of matters.

I have delayed responding to your fax of January 31st and Dr. Drasar's fax to Ms. Hannah Evans of January 23rd - both regarding the Bader Award - because I wanted to ask a number of chemists whether they consider Dr. Havlicek's work to be in organic chemistry. There was, of course, no hurry in my replying because we have transmitted the funds for the next three years' awards to the Foundation for a Civil Society and so you know that we would like to continue the award.

I have asked a number of able Czech organic and bioorganic chemists and also one good friend who is not Czech but spans organic and physical chemistry. The non-Czech is a Nobel Laureate, Professor Roald Hoffmann at Cornell University.

Each of the Czech chemists has said essentially the same, namely that Dr. Havlicek is obviously an able chemist who has published a lot, but he really isn't an organic or bioorganic chemist as it is generally understood here.

Let me not take your time by quoting all the responses but simply cite from two:
(A) "I have looked up abstracts of all papers from 1993 to 1997 on which Dr. Vladimir Havlicek appeared as the first author (7). All of them have been published in journals focused on mass spectrometry. He seems to be primarily interested in determining structures of various biologically relevant natural products - cyclosporins, monensins, ergot alkaloids, various glycosides - by the means of mass spectrometry. It is arguable whether this would be considered as chemistry in the U.S.A. However, knowing the difficult financial situation back in the Czech Republic, I think he is doing state-of-the-art research in Eastern European conditions. I am not an expert at mass spectrometry but the journals he has published his work in seem to be well recognized because our library subscribes to most of them.

## Professor Oldrich Paleta

May 22, 1997
Page 2
(A) continued:
"I have also looked up several second author papers of his and he seems to be helping other laboratories all over Europe analyzing intermediates in their syntheses or confirming the structures of their final products. Those papers have been published in very respectable journals - e.g. Tetrahedron.
"Unfortunately, I cannot clearly decide whether he is an organic or bioorganic chemist. I think he is mainly a bioanalytical chemist."

And, (B)
"The name of Dr. Vladimir Havlicek appears on almost 40 publications. They have very little in common, covering wide variety of topics ranging from synthetic organic chemistry to elucidation of natural products to applied enzymology. Not counting the few dealing exclusively with mass spec I believe I did not find a single paper which would not involve a cooperation of Dr. Havlicek, employed in the Microbiological Institute of the Academy, with another research institution. Although I consider cooperation to be a very positive thing I am afraid that Havlicek's part in it was apparently the acquisition of mass spectra for the compounds of interest plus some interpretation. My feeling about this whole thing is that Dr. Havlicek's work should be best described as analytical chemistry of organic compounds. In any case, it is a highly borderline case and I am surprised that the committee picked him as the most outstanding young Czech organic chemist."

Perhaps the most interesting comment came from the one non-Czech chemist, Roald Hoffmann, who wrote:
(C) "Interestingly the Czechs are more interdisciplinary than other central Europeans - I think of Otto Wichterle or even Heyrovsky. Perhaps the thing to do is to delegate a member of their society who is a bonafide organiker to watch over the next proceedings."

I think that if Dr. Havlicek worked in the United States, he would not only deserve - but receive a major award from the American Chemical Society; it just wouldn't be an award in organic chemistry or bioorganic chemistry.

Please don't think for a moment that I am not interested in analytical chemistry such as mass spectroscopy and NMR. You may not know it, but Professor Herbert Gutowsky and I were the first ever to use NMR to prove the structure of an organic compound, namely diketene - see JACS 78 2385 (1956). Of the authors of that paper, Professor Gutowsky is the father of NMR and I am surprised that he has not won the Nobel Prize. But I certainly wouldn't call him an organic chemist.

It was clear from Dr. Drasar's fax to Hannah Evans that he was hurt by my questioning the decision of the committee, and I am sorry that that was so. I am glad to see from your fax that the vote was not unanimous, but rather 5-3, and I hope that we will have a chance to discuss what an organic or bioorganic chemist is in the donor's view, and all such questions will be avoided in the future.

## Professor Oldrich Paleta

May 22, 1997
Page 3

When I checked on the first recipient of the award, I was delighted to learn that you had picked such a brilliant organic chemist, and I said to myself - it turns out correctly - that you would have a hard time finding many such truly able chemists in the Czech Republic.

Dr. Drasar was mistaken when he wrote to Hannah Evans that "It is a great pity that this time no one from your office attended the board meeting." I don't think that anyone in the Foundation office can be expected to know the difference between this or that kind of chemist, and once we understand each other, surely there should be no need to involve the Foundation in approving your choice.

Please do share this letter with Dr. Drasar, if you wish, and I will be happy to talk to him also. He has always impressed us as a man who gets things done most efficiently, and I very much hope that both you and he will understand us and take my advice in the spirit in which it is given.

Isabel and I much look forward to seeing you and remain, with best regards,
Yours sincerely,
$\mathrm{AB} / \mathrm{cw}$
bc: Hannah Evans

DR. ALFRED BADER
Suite 622
924 East Juneau Avenue
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Telephone: 414/277-0730
Fax: 414/277-0709

January 16, 1997

TO: Professor Oldrich Paleta<br>Department of Organic Chemistry<br>FAX: 422-2431-1082

Dear Professor Paleta:
A long trip to England has delayed my studying your fax of October 4th, advising me that Dr. Vladimír Havlícek has won the third Bader Award.

I have now had a chance to study Dr. Havlícek's papers in abstract form, and it is clear to me that he is a very able man and surely one of the best chemists in the Czech Republic.

But how could your committee consider him an organic or biochemist? He is surely a fine microbiologist using mass spectrometry for the elucidation of peptides. But is that really organic chemistry or biochemistry?

Needless to say, I am not suggesting for a moment that you take the award from him, but that at your next meetings, you pick only chemists who clearly are organic or biochemists.

In this connection, please refer to my letter to you of January 18, 1994 stating that "My wish is that the award be given annually to the best Czech organic chemists 35 years of age or younger." Please also look at your fax to me of October 6, 1993 which states "the award will be for organic and bioorganic chemists".

My wife and I are about to leave for New York City, and we plan to meet with Mrs. Wendy Luers, the president of the Foundation for a Civil Society, on Wednesday morning, January 29th. At that point, we plan to give the Foundation the equivalent of $330,000 \mathrm{kc}$ for payment on the next three years' awards.

Professor Oldrich Paleta
January 16, 1997
Page 2

Before then, may I have your agreement that the next awards will be given to organic chemists or biochemists?

With many thanks for your help and best personal regards from Isabel and me, I remain, Yours_sincerely,

c: Ms. Hannah Evans (via fax: 422-2451-0875)
Mrs. Wendy Luers (via fax: 212/332-2898)

Dr. Alfred Baden
924 East Juneau, Suite 622
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Phone: 414/277-0730
Fax: 414/277-0709
A Chemist Helping Chemists
February 21, 1997

Professor Oldrich Paleta<br>Department of Organic Chemistry<br>Prague Institute of Chemical Technology<br>Technickí 5<br>16628 Prague 6<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Paleta:

Thank you for your and Dr. Drasar's letters about the question whether Dr. Vladimir Havlicek is an organic chemist.

I am just querying a number of competent chemists and I look forward to discussing the whole matter with you when I see you in Prague during our next visit - the second half of June.

Of course I have given the Foundation for Civil Society the dollar equivalent 330,000 Czech crowns to cover the awards for the next three years.

Right now I am just writing to you hurriedly to point to a Letter to the Editor of this week's $C \& E$ News, copy enclosed. You may not get $C \& E$ News for a few weeks, but of course you will be asked the very important question: Whether Dr. Landa's samples, stored in your Institute, contain fullerenes.

With best personal regards, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

AB/nik

## Enclosure

be: tainan ions

# UEPARTMENT OF ORGANIC CHEMISTRY 



Prague Institute of Chemical Technology<br>Technicka 5， 16628 Prague 6 CZECH REPUBLIC

telex： 122744
fax：（42－2）新 59918 VSCH／C
（422）344－508


#### Abstract

Dr．A1rred BATBER 2961 North Steppard Avenue Milwant－ee Wisconsin 53211 U．S．A． Eax： 0014449638322 Oこt．6， 1993


Dear Dr＊Bader：

## I arn sumprised that the incon．

I＇hank you muct for your fased letter from Sept．fry whimb put in action several people．
 Have uried to seotre the basio capital（i．e．vorar eift）agaixst
 Czech Chemical Society is jojned to the Acadenty of Sojercess and it is Iimaced throush the Academy．The capital would be 100\％ saie only es a tasis of a foutdation．This has been a ren？ reasom fot ereating a foundation whiok mast inolude at set of mules．

Howerer：We skall amange the Awtrd after－your wish，t．en the capital for the Award will be deposited and disposable at a special account of the Chemical Society．The rules how to dispose with this account will be fomnilatea and oonfimmer by the Commtitiee．
atd $1 \pm$ the．Award wil工 be for orきanio and bioorganic chemists
ad IV：there are no government bonds in Czech Rep．and will not appear in the next year．The orly convenient possibjifty is a long～term deposit aceount．for about $14 \%$ interest （which is taxed by．25\％）：the longest terir is \％yearig mo bank in C acoept a deposit for lonser tera；the interests ＊re onanging anc could be in the future much Iower than
 siable Londーterm interest．

# Dr. Alfred Bader 924 East Juneau, Suite 622 <br> Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 <br> Phone: 414/277-0730 Fax: 414/277-0709 <br> A Chemist Helping Chemists 

October 11, 1996

Professor Oldrich Paleta<br>Department of Organic Chemistry<br>Prague Institute of Chemical Technology<br>Technickí 5<br>16628 Prague 6<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Paleta:

I am happy to note from your fax of October 4th that the third winner of the Bader Prize has now been chosen. Of course, I will turn over to the Foundation for a Civil Society the funds required for the next three awards.

Ms. Hannah Evans has kindly sent me a copy of her letter to you of September 20th regarding clear communication to award winners. Perhaps the best solution to this problem would be to give award winners the choice of either receiving $100,000 \mathrm{kc}$ which are taxable or $80,000 \mathrm{kc}$ which are not taxable.

Last year, I received the Parsons Award from the American Chemical Society which includes a check for $\$ 3,000$ on which I had to pay tax. Czech chemists are fortunate that they have the alternative, as the tax I had to pay was greater than $20 \%$. It is just a matter of clear language in the award.

I don't think that changing the award to a grant is desirable, because the award winner should be free to use the money as he likes. If he wants to take his family to the Riviera, so be it.

Much more important to Isabel and me is the question we discussed in Prague in June. You convinced us that our original plan is just not feasible, simply because professorial salaries in the Czech Republic are so low. The problem is highlighted by the future of the Bader Fellows at American and English universities.

You know that the last thing we wanted to do was to cause a brain drain of the best young Czech chemists to Britain or America.

## Professor Oldrich Paleta <br> October 11, 1996 <br> Page 2

The first Czech graduate from London, Dr. Nic, has returned to Prague and that made us very happy.

The first graduate from Columbia, Dr. Miroslav Rezac, has accepted a post-doctoral position with Professor Bartlett at Berkeley, and I enclose a copy of the letter which I sent to him.

The first Bader Fellow at Harvard, Milan Chytil, is brilliant, as explained by Professor Gregory Verdine, whose description I enclose.

The key question, for which I need your help to answer, is how to get chemists of the ability of Rezac and Chytil back to the Czech Republic.

Would it be possible to meet with you and Professor Zahradnik and Hannah Evans in Prague next June to discuss what we could do to help?

With best personal regards from Isabel and me, I remain,
Yours sincerely,
$\mathrm{AB} / \mathrm{cw}$

## Enclosures

c: Ms. Hannah Evans<br>Professor Dr. Rudolf Zahradnik

## FAX TRANSMITTAL SHEET

Dr. Alfred Bader<br>2961 North Shepard Avenue<br>Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211<br>Telephone 4149625169<br>FAX 4149628322

October 7, 1993

## TO: Professor Oldrich Paleta <br> Department of Organic Chemistry <br> Prague Institute of Chemical Technology <br> FAX: 01142224311082

Dear Professor Paleta:
Thank you for your informative fax of yesterday.
I am surprised that the income earned on the gift will be taxed at $25 \%$.
During our visit to Prague, we met Professor Rudolf Zahradnik, the President of the Czech Academy of Sciences. I am certain that he was sincere when he told us that we could ask for his help and advice whenever needed. I will now ask him whether the Academy does not have a way of receiving income tax-free.

This is particularly important to us because we are considering giving the capital for a chair in chemistry, and the $25 \%$ tax would be a much larger sum than the tax on the income for the award in chemistry.

We look forward to being able to finalize on this award.
All good wishes and best regards,

Dr. Alfred Bader
924 East Juneau, Suite 622
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Phone: 414/277-0730
Fax: 414/277.0709
A Chemist Helping Chemists

February 15, 1996

Professor Oldrich Paleta<br>Department of Organic Chemistry<br>Prague Institute of Chemical Technology<br>Technickí 5<br>16628 Prague 6<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Paleta:

Isabel and I much look forward to being in the Czech Republic during the week of June 3rd.
We plan to spend three or four days in Prague and two days each in Pardubice and Brno. We have asked our very good friend, In. Vladimir Matous, in Pardubice to coordinate our trip.

Perhaps there might be some interest in some of my lectures, and a menu of these is enclosed.
We much look forward to seeing you and remain, with best personal regards,
Yours sincerely,
$\mathrm{AB} / \mathrm{cw}$

Professor Oldrich Paleta<br>Department of Organic Chemistry<br>Prague Institute of chemical Technology<br>Technicka 5<br>16628 Prague 6<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Paleta:

Thank you for your registered letter of December 15 sent to my English home, from which I have just returned.

As you know, we very much want to set up the award of 100,000 crowns, but we find that the capital required, $\$ 60,000$, is considerably more than the capital which was required in other countries, for instance, for the Bader Awards in Britain and Canada. Also, I have just received a fax from Professor Rudolf Zahradnik that there is still the problem of tax-free income for the Czech Chemical Society, as the law making income tax-free to you has still not passed Parliament. Hence, Professor Zahradnik suggested that we should begin by simply sending you a check for 100,000 crowns to be given the first year.

Isabel and I look forward to taking counsel with The Foundation for a Civil Society (formerly Charter 77 Foundation) in New York in two weeks. We will then decide with them exactly how to proceed, but you have my assurance that you will have the funds to give the award in 1994.

I will write to you again in detail before the end of January.
Many thanks for your help, and best personal regards.
Sincerely,

January 21, 1997

## Dr. Zdenek Herman

J. Heyrovsky Institute of

Physical Chemistry
Dolejskova 3
18223 Prague 8
Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Herman:

I am sorry that a very long trip to Britain, from which we have only just returned, has delayed my thanking you for your letter of November 19th and those lovely photographs which reminded us of our lovely visit with you.

Isabel and I look forward to being in Prague again next June, and it would give us great pleasure if we could meet again then.

In the meantime, I hope that you are not going to too much trouble with the plaster cast of my head. Do remember the old saying: You cannot make a silk purse out of a sow's ear.

With all good wishes for 1997, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

AB/cw

Dr. A. Bader

924 East Juneau, Suite 622
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

Prague, November 19, 1996

Dear Dr. Bader:
Enclosed please find several pictures from your visit in the J.Heyrovsky Institute in June. The pictures were taken by my colleague, Dr. Dolejsek, but it was due to my extensive travelling this Summer and Fall that only recently I could have them enlarged. Please, excuse the delay. Let me just mention, for the sake of completeness, that the gentleman with us on the first picture of the set is the present Director of the Institute, Dr. Vladimir Marecek (the picture was taken in his office).

I hope the pictures will complete your records of the visit in the Czech Republic this year. Allow me to express again our thanks for the excellent lecture you were so kind to deliver in the Institute. Many times since that I heard from my colleagues words of appreciation of your interesting talk.

I am enclosing a quick snapshot of a early sketch of your head - for your information. I apologize for the poor quality of the picture. However, it will take $2-4$ ( second in making right now) versions of your head for you to select. Again, due to my travel obligations this year I did not have enough time to work on it, but the coming Spring should be better and I hope I will have enough done before you visit again, I assume, in 1997.

With all the best wishes to you and to your wife,
sincerely yours,

Dr. A. Bader

924 East Juneau, Suite 622
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Prague, May 23, 1996
Dear Dr. Bader:
Thank you very much for your letter of April 29. I apologize for this delayed answer due to my absence in the institute: your letter reached me only today. I hope my answer still reaches you in Milwaukee. If not, however, I have been in touch with your friend in Pardubice, Dr. Matouš, and he will have all the information concerning your visit in the institute on June 5; also, I am sending him a copy of this letter.

We are eagerly expecting your visit and the seminar in our institute of Wednesday, June 5. I agree with your suggestion and we are announcing as the subject of your seminar
"Richard Anschuetz, Archibald Scott Couper and Josef Loschmidt: A Detective at work".
The seminar is scheduled to $2: 30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. in the Brdička's lecture hall of the institute. An institute car will pick you and your wife up in your place in Prague between 1;00 and 1;15 p.m.( I know the address of $U$ bilého koníčka in Husova Street from Dr. Matouš). We will announce the seminar in the neighboring institutes here. I took the liberty of adding to the announcement a short summary on your personality.

I would appreciate it very much, if my wife and myself could invite you and your wife to an informal dinner in a small restaurant in Prague on that evening. We will take care that light food is served and it will be only a very unofficial affair.

I am faxing you this letter in addition to mailing it.
With very best regards to you and to your wife, looking forward to meeting you in Prague,
sincerely yours,


Zdenek Herman
P.S.: As I mentioned earlier, unfortunately, I will be in Germany prior to your visit ( May 29-June 4), arriving to Prague only in the evening of Tuesday, June 4. In my absence, my colleague, Dr. Zdenek Dolejšek (same address and fax, tel. in the institute 6605-3485 ) could be contacted to transmit all messages, changes etc. to me.

Dear Dr. Bader:
Thank you very much for your kind letter of March 8. I apologize for writing with a delay due to my absence in the laboratory in the past days.

I appreciate very much your willingness to give a talk in the institute on Wednesday, 5 June. Thank you also for the program of your visit in the Czech Republic. Concerning the subject of your talk, my colleagues here feel that the talk on Josef Loschmidt would be most welcome, despite the fact that you gave it earlier in Prague for the Chemical Society. We will schedule the talk for Wednesday, 5 June, $14: 30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. in the Brdicka Lecture Hall, J.Heyrovsky Institute of Physical Chemistry, Dolejškova 3, Praha 8-Kobylisy.

I will be away in Germany in the week before you come, but $I$ will return to Prague on the evening of Tuesday, 4 June, for a day and your visit. Before I leave, I will arrange for the announcement etc. I assume that your friend Ing. Vladimir Matouš will know of your whereabouts and I will contact him in May to learn how to get in touch with you in Prague.

Thank you very much for the copy of the fine review of your book written by Dudley Herschbach. I appreciate it very much.

I am looking forward to seeing you in Prague in June and to your lecture here. I would like to use the opportunity to make a series of photographs of you as the background material to sculpt your head during the Summer.

With very best regards to you and to your wife,
sincerely yours,


# Dr. Alfred Bader <br> 924 East Juneau, Suite 622 <br> Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 <br> Phone: $414 / 277-0730$ <br> Fax: 414/277-0709 

A Chemist Helping Chemists
February 15, 1996

Dr. Zdenek Herman<br>J. Heyrovsky Institute of Physical Chemistry<br>Dolejskova 3<br>18223 Prague 8<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Herman:

Isabel and I much look forward to being in the Czech Republic during the week of June 3rd. We plan to spend to spend three or four days in Prague and two days each in Pardubice and Brno. We have asked our good friend, Ing. Vladimir Matous, to coordinate our trip.

I have written to Professor Paleta giving him a menu of my talks, with the thought that one or two of these might be welcome in Prague. For your information, a copy of that menu is enclosed.

Needless to say, we much look forward to seeing you.
With all good wishes, I remain,
Yours sincerely,
$\mathrm{AB} / \mathrm{cw}$
Enclosure

# Dr. Alfred Bader <br> 924 East Juneau, Suite 622 <br> Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 <br> Phone: 414/277-0730 <br> Fax: 414/277-0709 

A Chemist Helping Chemists
March 8, 1996

## Dr. Zdenek Herman

J. Heyrovsky Institute of Physical Chemistry

## Dolejskova 3

## 18223 Prague 8

## Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Herman:

Thank you so much for your letter of February 24th and the interesting enclosures. I just wish I spoke Czech!

I would be happy to give a talk at the J.Heyrovsky Institute on Wednesday, June 5th. Keep in mind, however, that I have spoken in Prague on Loschmidt twice before and would rather give a talk on the work of Richard Anschütz, the detective who discovered both Couper and Loschmidt. This is Talk \#3 on the enclosed menu. For that talk, I need an overhead projector.

Clearly, we have many mutual friends: Note the fine review of my book written by Professor Dudley Herschbach.

Of course, I will not mind if you will sculpt my head, and when I see you, I will ask you what it would cost for me to consider buying two bronze casts for my sons.

Our travels will take us first to Brno, where I will speak on June 3rd. Then we will drive via Kyjov to Prague, where we will be from the evening of the 4th or the morning of the 5th probably until the 8th. Then we will enjoy two or three days in Pardubice with our old friend, Ing. Vladimir Matous, and by Tuesday morning, June 11th, we must be in Vienna, as I will give a lecture on Couper and Loschmidt there that afternoon.

With all good wishes, I remain,
Yours sincerely,


Enclosure
cc: Vladimir Matous (w/encl.)
he: ttammale Evanto

ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC
J.HEYROVSKÝ INSTITUTE OF PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

DOLEJŠKOVA 3, 18223 PRAGUE 8, CZECH REPUBLIC
Zdenek Herman
PHONE (+422) $8583751 \quad$ FAX (+42 2) 8582307
E-MAIL: HERMAN@JH-INST.CAS.CZ

## Dr.Alfred Bader

924 East Juneau, Suit 622
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Prague,February 24, 1996

## Dear Dr. Bader:

Thank you very much for your letter of February 15 and for your earlier letter, too. I apologize for being so slow in answering it. The publication of the enclosed issue of VESMIR has been imminent for some time and I very much wanted to enclose the issue into my letter.

I hope that you will enjoy your article on Chemophobia on p. 103 of the enclosed issue of VESMIR, 1996, No.2. I would like to express the thanks of the Editorial Board for making the text available, and personally I would like to thank you for the permission to translate it for VESMIR. I have used your text fully, nothing has been left out, the editor only changed the title to "Chemophobia,Progress,.." I added a short introduction to it (p.104, framed text) which, besides other, repeats some information on you and quotes the origin of the text (your speech at the occasion of the Parson Award). It is a special privilege of VESMIR that this is the first time the text was published.

I am very pleased to hear that you will be in Prague in June and thank you for the details of your schedule. I would like to extend to you an invitation of our institute, The J.Heyrovsky Institute, to address a seminar with your talk on Josef Loschmidt. The seminar could take place either on Tuesday, June 4, or Wednesday, June 5, in the institute. The director will send you a formal invitation as soon as we hear from you that you could include the talk into your schedule. Unfortunately, I wil be in Goettingen for 2 months starting May 28, but I will do my best to retum to Prague for a day to meet you.

Following your wish, I am enclosing a signed picture of you, your wife, Mrs. Suing, and myself, made after the press conference last year in Prague; I appreciate your interest in it. Also, it has been a great pleasure for me that last November the Joumal of Physical Chemistry published a Festschrift to my 60th bithday with contributions of many friends and coleagues. The Guest Editors were Herschbach,

Michael Henchman and Bretislav Friedrich ( my former graduate student, now at Harvard with Dudley Herschbach). I am enclosing a copy of the introductory part with some biographical notes. The reason is that I leamed so much about your admirable personality from your book, and this may serve perhaps as a modest introduction of myself to you.

I have read with great pleasure your biography which you so kindly sent me, and a review of it should appear before long. I have tried to initiate some other actions, but this we should probably discuss during your visit here in June. Also, I do appreciate very much that you alow me to take a series of photographs of you and then sculpt your head. I hope to get the pictures while you are in Prague and then do the sculpture later on during the Summer.

I am very much looking forweard to your visit in Prague in June. With very best regards to you and to your wife,
sincerely yours,


Ene.

# ALFRED BADER FINEARTS 

Via Facsimile: 42-05-42-128238
and 42-05-41211214
Page 1 of 2
Dr. Ladislav Skursky
Masaryk University International Office
60177 Brno, Zerotínovo nam. 9
Czech Republic

Dear Dr. Skursky:
Thank you so much for your fax of yesterday. Isabel and I are leaving Milwaukee on Wednesday, so your fax reached us in good time.

To reply to your points one by one:
If you really prefer our staying at the International Hotel, so be it. When you will get to know us better, you will discover that Isabel and I always try to save money, particularly for our hosts. And we were very happy staying in a university guest residence in Olmuts, which probably is similar to the one you have in Brno.

It would be very nice indeed if Isabel and I could attend the Strauss operetta on Thursday evening.

As things stand now, I look forward to giving the talk The Bible Through Dutch Eyes on Wednesday evening. That talk could also be subtitled Rembrandt and the Jews, and hence, I would like to suggest that you mention to the Jewish community that this would surely be of interest to them. Also, as you know, we very much hope to have a chance to meet my one remaining relative in Moravia, Vera Bader Weber, who lives in Kyjov. Unfortunately, our trip through the Czech Republic has to be so short this year, because of the Loschmidt Symposium, that we will not have a chance to come to Kyjov but hope that Vera can come to Brno.

On Thursday afternoon at 2:00, I will then give the talk on Loschmidt.
Because of the importance of the Loschmidt Symposium, I have done a great deal more work for this talk and would like to ask you to show, for this talk only, transparencies rather than slides. That is, for the talk on paintings, I will need two slide projectors, but for the Loschmidt talk, I would like to show a great many transparencies on an overhead projector.

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                                    By Appointment Only
                                    |STOR HOTEL SUITF. b22
                                    924 EAST JUNEAU AVENLE
MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN USA 5.3202
\GammaELf14277-0730 FAX117277-0700
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Dr. Ladislav Skursky
June 6, 1995
Page 2

That talk will be quite long and is, of course, related to my Talk \#10, which deals with Richard Anschütz, Couper and Loschmidt. However, there is little overlap between Talk \#2 and Talk \#10. Thus, if the audience, after that very long talk at 2:00, would like to hear more relating to the same topic, then I would be happy to continue with Talk \#10 at, say, 4:00 p.m. If so, I will require for Talk \#10 an overhead projector also.

On Friday morning, I will be happy to give Talk \#1 on the history of Aldrich at LACHEMA. However, I do believe that this talk would be of interest to academic chemists also, and perhaps you could arrange for chemists from the Department of Chemistry to be invited to the talk at LACHEMA also. For that talk, I will also require an overhead projector rather than a slide projector.

Just in case art historians might be interested in hearing more about paintings, after hearing the talk on Wednesday evening, I will bring slides for Talks \#4 and \#5 with me.

Talk \#7 has no slides at all and is really a spoof on modern technical education. Talks \#8 and \#9 are really so specialized, relating as they do to Rembrandt and his students, that I think that we should leave these, just in case you have the strength to invite me again for some talks next summer.

Best wishes, as always,

$\mathrm{AB} / \mathrm{cw}$.

# ALFRED BADER FINEARTS 

April 21, 1995
Via Facsimile: 42-05-42-128266
and Air Mail

Drs. Ladislav Skursky and Jirí Kroupa<br>Masaryk University International Office<br>60177 Brno, Zerotínovo nam. 9<br>Czech Republic

Dear Drs. Skursky and Kroupa:
Please do not mind that a rather long trip to California, for the American Chemical Society Convention and then some lectures in Canada, have delayed my thanking you for your kind and detailed letter of April 4th.

Allow me to discuss your points one by one:

1) We plan to arrive from Prague by car and will probably leave around 1:00 pm that afternoon and should be in Brno between 3:00 and 4:00.
ub

However, when you will get to know, you will understand that we like to live simply, and we would much prefer the accommodation first suggested by you rather than the Hotel International. Please do understand.

To have the lecture, The Bible Through Dutch Eyes, early that evening will be fine. You will remember that for that lecture, I require two slide projectors to show two slides at the same time.

For the last few years, one of our best chemist friends in the Czech Republic, Ing. Vladimir Matous, has helped us with transportation, and we have used his driver to pick us up at one place and deliver us to our next destinations. Ing. Matous' phone number at home in Pardubice is $40-25493$ and in his office 40-47156. His office fax is $40-$ 40682. The driver, Eddie, has driven us for several years and will pick us up at the airport in Munich on Sunday, June 18th, drive us to the apartment in the Husova in the center of Prague, where we have stayed the last few years, and he will then drive us from Prague to Brno early on the afternoon of June 21st. Around noon of Friday, June 23rd, Eddie will take us from Brno to Vienna, for the beginnings of the Loschmidt Symposium.

> By Appointment Only
> ASTOR HOTELSUITE 622 924 EAST JUNEAUAVENUE
> MILWAUKEE WISCONSINUSA 5.3202
> TEI. $414277-0730$ FAX $414277-0700$

Drs. Ladislav Skursky and
Jirí Kroupa
April 21, 1995
Page 2
2) The timing of the Loschmidt lecture at $2: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on Thursday, June 22 nd is just fine. There, again, I will require two slide projectors.

I have had a very kind note from your rector, Professor Dr. Eduard Schmidt, confirming our meeting with him that morning at 10:00 a.m.

Naturally, a round-table discussion such as you suggest will be just fine.
3) Of course, we also look forward to meeting members of the Jewish community. My only remaining relative, Mrs. Vera Bader Weber, lives not far away in Kyjov, and of course, we hope to meet her and Dr. Martin Mandl.
3) Have no fear of overloading me.

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We have just come back from Edmonton Alberta, where we/hosted by an excellent Czech-Canadian chemist, Professor Kratochvil. In those two days, I gave five lectures, and would have preferred six.

Should some of your chemists be interested in a talk on the history of the Aldrich Chemical Company, I would be happy to give a talk on that, but for that talk, would require an overhead projector using transparencies, rather than a projector with slides.

Again, when you get to know us better, you will realize that Isabel and I like to do things together, and there is really no need nor wish for Isabel to be given separate tours. Just read Chapter Six in my autobiography and you will understand why we want to be together.
4) I very much hope that some students from your University will have applied and will be accepted to come to the Loschmidt Symposium in Vienna.

My ancestors came from Moravia, and I don't know of any place, except possibly Prague, where I would enjoy myself more than in Brno.

With all good wishes, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

AB/cw
cc: Elizabeth Suing (via air mail)

REKTOR
MASARYKOVY UNIVERZITY
60177 Brno, Žerotínovo nám. 9
Ćeská republika
Tel. 42-05-42 128402
Fax 42-05-42 128266

RECTOR
MASARYK UNIVERSITY
60177 Brno, Žerotínovo nám. 9
Czech Republic
Phone 42-05-42 128402
Fax 42-05-42128266


9 September, 1994

Dear Doctor Bader,
I was very pleased to receive your letter and I look forward to meeting you and your wife in June next year.

Your intention to give lectures on art history is very much appreciated by both the faculty of Sciences and that of Arts. Assoc. Prof. Dr. Ladislav Skurský, whom you know and who will be coordinating the visit of both the mentioned faculties, will also discuss with you all the details.

I would like to thank you for enclosed materials which are of great interest to me, for favourable news about our students in the U.S.A. and also for your offer to sponsor our students so that they could attend the Lochsmidt Symposium in Vienna.

With kind regards,
Yours sincerely,


Eduard Schmidt

Dr. Alfred Bader
2961 North Shepard Avenue
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53211
U.S.A.

MASARYKOVA UNIVERZITA - FILOZOFICKÁ FAKULTA SEMINÁŘ DĚJIN UMĚNÍ
A. Nováka 1, 66088 Brno, telefon (05) 7500 50, fax (05) 753050


Dear Sir,

I was pleased to learn from professor Schmidt, the president of the Masaryk University in Brno, of your intention to give a lecture during your stay in Brno. As the head of the Institute of History of Arts and Architecture at the Masaryk University in Brno, I will be happy to help you prepare and organise it.

I believe that the most suitable from the topics you suggested would be The Bible through Dutch Eyes. Also talk on the Rembarndt Research Project would be very intersting, of course. The lecture would be held in the lecture hall of the Moravian Gallery in Brno - it is the former refectory of the monastery of Augustinians - Eremites in Brno, in Baroque style, with ceiling stucco-reliefs from the 1730 's. I trust you will find these premises most satisfactory. As soon as I receive some more details from you, I will have the invitation and poster printed. Naturally, I will inform the Brno Jewish community, too.

There is, unfortunately, a slight problem related to fact that you intend to come in summer. That is the time of the university holidays and I am afraid most our students - whom I should very much recommend to attend your lecture - will have left Brno by then.

I should appreciate if you could let me know the exact date of your arrival, possible dates when you could give the lecture, the title of your lecture and a short summary to be included in the invitation.

I have already informed the president of the Masaryk University that we will happily assist you to satisfy your interest in anything concerning Moravia and the history of arts.

Enclosed you will find some materials on the activities of the Institute. I was happy to learn that one of our students (Petr Ingerle) has received a grant you initiated for the research of 17 th century painting.

I look forward to hearing from you further.

Yours sincerely


Doc. Dr. Jiří Kroupa, CSc.
(The Head of the Institute of History of Art)

## FAX FROM:



# DR. ALFRED BADE <br> Suite 622 

924 East Juneau Avenue
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Telephone: 414/277-0730
Fax: 414/277-0709

March 1, 1996

TO: Dr. Ladislav Skursky<br>Masaryk University International Office<br>FAX: 42-05-41211214

## Dear Professor Skursky:

Thank you so much for your fax of yesterday.
Unfortunately, we have so many travels planned for this year that we couldn't possibly come to Brno to speak on Loschmidt in August. However, I am convinced that Dr. Robert Rosner could give two appropriate talks. One would be on Loschmidt, and the other would be about the roots of chemistry in the Austro-Hungarian Empire. Surprisingly, and I believe not very well-known in the Czech Republic, is the fact that practically all of the Empire's ablest chemists came originally from what is now the Czech Republic.

As you know, we are planning to be in Bohemia and Moravia during the week of June 3rd, and I have asked Ing. Matous to help us with travel plans. I am not at all certain that it will be feasible to be in Brno on the Thursday and Friday of the week, that is, on June 6th and 7th.

We plan to fly to Vienna, perhaps best on the 2nd or 3rd of June, and then be driven by a Czech driver whom we know very well from Vienna to the four destinations, Prague, Pardubice, Brno and - for a short time - Kyjov. I will talk to Ing. Matous soon. One possibility might be to begin our stay in Brno on June 3rd to 4th, with a few hours in Kyjov, and then drive to Prague and then Pardubice, and then back to Vienna.

Of course, we very much look forward to seeing you again.
With all good wishes, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

AB/cw

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Dr. Robert Rosner (Fax:-43-1-40-30-544 [ceto Professor Schönfetd])

AiAsARYK UNJVEK: TY
KOTLÁR̆SKÁ 2, 61137 BRNO
CZECH REPUBLIC

> Wear DV Bunder.

- mamy Than bs for your frienvey litter of EEb, 15. TE obronsey crossea my som lester (of Ecb,7) somowhcee on the road.

I hive immediately infumed Rector Setemicti, be wet be matyy to theve ims yabel and yow as his quests. I hare enferea puecminay contacts with Prof. Paleta. (Aeso, I have evarned Fhat lize bahwadnuk will be in wasleington in Jome.) I thote with the heatins and askech him to reverve thursalay (and Friday) of your skay for beur y=


On this becasion y wonda like to examme four preximonam virition on the Fifeoving matter. Augurt 26-29, on Amressity mina.










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## FAX FROM:

DR. ALFRED BADER
Suite 622
924 East Juneau Avenue
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Telephone: 414/277-0730
Fax: 414/277-0709

March 1, 1996

TO: Dr. Ladislav Skursky Masaryk University International Office<br>FAX: 42-05-41211214

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Of course, we very much look forward to seeing you again.
With all good wishes, I remain,
Yours sincerely,


AB/cw

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877-0709
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Dr. Alfred Bader
924 East Juneau, Suite 622
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Phone: $414 / 277-0730$
Fax: 414/277-0709

A Chemist Helping Chemists

February 15, 1996

Professor Ladislav Skursky<br>Department of Chemistry<br>Masaryk University International Office<br>60177 Brno, Zerotínovo nam. 9<br>Czech Republic

## Dear Professor Skursky:

Isabel and I much look forward to being in the Czech Republic during the week of June 3rd. We plan to spend to spend three or four days in Prague and two days each in Pardubice and Brno. We have asked our good friend, Ing. Vladimir Matous, to coordinate our trip.

I have written to Professors Paleta and Zahradnik giving them each a menu of my talks, with the thought that one or two of these might be welcome in Prague. For your information, a copy of that menu is enclosed, in case such a talk might be welcome in Brno as well.

Needless to say, we much look forward to seeing you.
With all good wishes to you and your associates, I remain,
Yours sincerely,

AB/cw
Enclosure

## FAX FROM:

DR. ALFRED BADER
Suite 622
924 East Juneau Avenue
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202
Telephone: 414/277-0730
Fax: 414/277-0709

March 12, 1996

TO: Dr. Ladislav Skursky<br>Masaryk University International Office<br>FAX: 42-05-41211214

## Dear Professor Skursky:

In respond to your fax of yesterday, Isabel and I look forward to being back in Brno on Monday, June 3rd.

Dr. Robert Rosner is an old friend, and I will be happy to have my talk follow his or vice-versa. The best talk for Brno chemists will be the talk on Couper, Loschmidt and Anschütz. For that, I require an overhead projector.

My talk on Chemophobia has already been published in Czech in a paper called Vesmir, and with this fax, I am sending you the first page of that four-page article.

For your art historians, I would very much like to present the talk entitled The Rembrandt Research Project and the Collector, and for that, I need one slide projector to show standard slides.

With all good wishes, I remain,
Yours sincerely,



AB/cw
Enclosure
cc: Dr. Robert Rosner (Fax: 43-1-40-30-544 [c/o Professor Schönfeld])

# Chemofobie, pokrok, ... 

Tax to Prop. L. JVursky

Svět stojí tváří v tvář třem velkým problémům. Dva z nich jsou dobre známy, tretí se pred námi právẽ vynořuje. První - a patrné nejvètší - je nedostatek úcty člověka $k$ člověku. Na samém počátku nejvètši knihy svéta, bible, stoji slova, která jsou nepochybnẻ Magnou Chartou humanity: .I stvoril Bủh človèka k obrazu svému." Ćlovèka, ne tedy bélocha, černocha, żlutého, krestana nebo żida, muslima nebo buddhistu, ale prosté clovéka. Hluboko v lidskem charakteru se vs̀ak skrývá vàzný nedostatek. Cas od času, zvláśté v minulém a tomto stoleti. se bla hove utésujeme tim, ze vzdeláni a veda povedou k nảpravè. Neni vşak nápravy, jak nám ukazal holocaust a jak nám ukazuji etnické cislky v Bosne nebo Somálsku nebo Rwandé. A nikdy nebude nả pravy, kterou by vèda - a tim méné chemie - mohla zjednat. Možnà ze bych nemel turdit, ze nikdy nebu de nápravy, ale prosté pochybuji, że by se nåm kdy podarilo najit pilulku. která by vyvolala v lidech to leranci a porozuméní.

Druhým velkým problémem svēta je prelidnėni. Kdyby pocet lidi stoupal tak rychle jako v minulém stoleti. brzy by pirisel c̀as, kdy by pro dalsí miliardy nebylo na svèté mista. Nastèsti cástecnà odpoved jak res̃it tuto otảzku k nám uż - diky chemii - pronikla, a sice dvēma naprosto ruznými cestami. Haberủv - Boschúv proces fixace dusiku a vodiku ve čpavek, který je hlavni surovinou pro výrobu umély̆ch hnojiv, zachránil pred smrti hladem stovky milionủ lidi. A mluvit o historii antikoncepéní pilulky tady v Kalifornii je nosenim dr̄iví do lesa. Możnả bych mél pripojit, że nepochybuji o tom, że drive nebo pozdéji přijdou chemici s pilulkou pro muže.

Tretí problém, chemofobie, hrůza pred chemií, může vypadat smẻšně ve srovnání s tím, o čem jsem právě mluvil. Je také pravda, že chemofobie se často projevuje způsobem vskutku triviálnim, ale vážnéjším problémem je její dlouhodobý účinek.

Dovolte mi, abych na chvili odbocill. Kdyż mi bylo sedmnáct let, človèk, který se o mne staral, mi dal prečíst několik eseji od Thomase Babingtona Macaulaye. Jaký to byl jazyk, jaká argumentace, jaká historie! Poráad ty knižky mám, pečlivẻ zabalené do papírů, držené pohromadě časem zahnědlou lepici páskou. Vzrušení, s nímž je i dnes otevíám - přestože jsem je prečetl několikrát od prvni do posledni stránky už ve čtyřicátých letech - má v sobě hodné ze setkání se „starým pritelem" v muzeu, obrazem velkého holandského mistra, který jsem mnoho let nevidèl. Macaulayův jazyk, jeho argumentace jsou brilantní - kolikrát jsem si rikal „Kdybych jen tak uměl mluvit a psát jako on!" Ve třetí kapitole svých Déjin Anglie, vydaných r. 1848, napsal o naší době: „Mủže se stát ve dvacátém století, že rolník z Dorsetshire se bude cítit velmi špatnẻ placen za dvacet šilinků týdnè, že truhlář z Greenwiche bude brát deset šilinkú denně, že těžce pracujicim bude prípadat tak nepřirozené nemít maso k večeři jako je teđ̛ nejíst žitný chleba, že zdravotni politika a lékařské objevy přidají několik let k střední délce lidského života." Jak krásné a jak málo předvídavé! Spolupráce mezí chemií a medicinou prídala nejen nëkolik let, ale zdvojnásobila délku lidského života, a i ti nejchudší mezi námi se téṡí z výhod, o kterych se aristokracii roku 1848 ani nesnilo


Nositel plakety J. E. Purkyné Alfred Bader za své návštěvy v Praze $\checkmark$ cervnu 1995

Kdo by byl v dobách, kdy jsem byl ještě chlapec, uvažoval váżně o tom, že člověk vstoupí na měsic, že dokáže transplantovat lídské srdce, nebo že uskutečni genové inženýrstvi? Zásluhou vẻdy se to vše stalo skutečností. Ve stejné kapitole, ze které jsem citoval, mluví Macaulay o dvojim klamu, jemuž podléhali lidé jeho doby - o klamu slavné minulosti a velké budoucnosti. Jde o klam podobný tomu, jakému podléhají poutnici v arabské poušti: blizko za karavanou je vše holé a vyprahlé, ale v dálce před ní i za ní se vznásí vidina jezera s osvěžující vodou. Poutnici spěchaji vpřed a nenalézaji v místech. kde ještě před hodinou vidèli jezero, nic než písek. V dnešní dobé nepodléháme klamům takového druhu. Ve třicátých letech hovořila moje matka často o „dobrých starých časech" rakouské monarchie. Nemám žádné takové vzpomínky. Pred padesáti lety byl život daleko obtižnější, obávali jsme se ještě, že by Hitler prece jen mohl zvitězit. A nejsem si vůbec jist, že život za padesát let ode dneška bude lepší, nebot před námi stojí tři velké hrozby: hrozba přelidnéní, hrozba netolerance a - podle mého názoru - hrozba chemofobie, strachu $z$ chemie.

Doufám, že se mýlim, a modlim se za to, abych se mýlil. Je tak lehké dẻlat chyby, zvlášté v předpovědi budoucnosti. I nositelé Nobelových cen se mohou mýlit, a to iv predpovědich o vlastnich oborech, v nichž jsou mistry. Roku 1928 prohlásil Robert Millikan pevně: .Není pravdēpodobné, že by kdy človèk uvolnil atomovou enersii!" Kdv̌̃ ve citvricá-


[^0]:    cc: Mrs. Irina Rybáček.
    ACSEF Associate Director

[^1]:    Prackol: ? ? atoramian :

[^2]:    " zápsal Drašar

